

# KENTUCKY UNITED NATIONS ASSEMBLY OFFICIAL PROPOSAL

Proposal #: **66**

Assignment: **H**

Country: **Latvia**

School: **Walden School** City: **Louisville**

Author(s): **Lucy McAfee**

**Jack Oliver Pitchford**

Title: **An act to reduce acid rain**

## BE IT HEREBY ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE UNITED NATIONS

Justification Clause: Latvia and the world face catastrophic environmental damage resulting from global warming caused by the burning of fossil fuels in factories and automobiles. Acid rain is a by-product of the burning of fossil fuels. Once acid rain touches the Earth, it runs across the surface in water, then enters the soil. Nitric acid and sulfuric acid (chemicals found in acid rain) then damages trees and creates climate change. Since acid rain harms trees, it also affects the habitats for certain animals and may cause species to become endangered.

Section I: UN member nations must place regulations in their laws restricting the amount of nitric acid and sulfuric acid being produced by their factories.

Section II: If a country passes the necessary legislation and shows at least a 5% decline in acid rain by 2020, the country will be eligible to receive additional funding from the United Nations.

Section III: If a country passes the necessary legislation but cannot show at least a 5% decline in acid rain by 2020, the United Nations Development Programme (UNDP) will investigate the action the country has taken to try to achieve the goal. The UNDP will recommend penalties or assistance based on their findings.

Section IV: If a country does not pass the necessary legislation by January 1, 2015, its total UN funding will be reduced by 3% until the legislation is enacted. The funds collected will be used to fight against acid rain.

Section V: This proposal will go into effect on January 1, 2014.