## KENTUCKY UNITED NATIONS ASSEMBLY OFFICIAL PROPOSAL

Proposal #: 62

Assignment: A



Country: Denmark

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Title: An act to enact an import tariff on major industrial countries.

BE IT HEREBY ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE UNITED NATIONS

Justification Clause: The purpose of this proposal is to even the global trading field by placing a tariff on major industrial countries.

Section I: The tariff will be .1% on all manufactured goods from countries exporting more than one trillion U.S. dollars, .05% on all countries exporting more than 500 billion U.S. dollars, and .025% on all countries exporting more than 250 billion U.S. dollars in manufactured goods. This will give the UN increased revenue from the tariff and give every first world country, including those with a tariff on their goods, a chance to build more prominent industries capable of competing in the global market.

Section II: The tariff will be placed on goods from the following countries (in parentheses is the approximate amount the tariff would raise from the given countries based on data from 2011): China (\$1.77 billion), Germany (\$1.25 billion), U.S. (\$1.05 billion) Japan (\$363 million), Republic of Korea (\$118 million), France (\$114 million), Italy (\$106 million), Hong Kong, China (\$102 million), Netherlands (\$100 million), Belgium (\$87.5 million), United Kingdom (\$85.3 million), Singapore (\$70 million), Taipei, Chinese (\$68.8 million).

Section III: The UN will collect the money raised by the tariff. The money raised (approximately \$5.28 billion) will be used for a farming initiative in third and fifth world countries. The goal will be to teach the population in third world countries key farming techniques and eventually to provide the resources to stimulate agricultural growth in those countries. Any country refusing to allow the tax will be fined by the UN for \$1 million for the first offense, \$10 million for the second offense, and \$100 million for the third offense, after which only goods the secretary general deems necessary for life shall be allowed in, but no material goods shall be allowed to enter.

Section IV: This tariff will be in place for five years, after which the UN will re-address the rates and span of the tariff. During these five years, any country rising above \$250 billion, \$500 billion, or \$1 trillion U.S. dollars in exports will be taxed; any country falling under one trillion U.S. dollars will fall under the .05% tariff instead of the .1%, any country falling under \$500 billion will fall under the .025% instead of the .05%, and any country falling below \$250 billion will become exempt from the tariff.