

 <p><b>KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION KENTUCKY UNITED NATIONS ASSEMBLY United Nations Proposal</b></p>	<b>Proposal # 12</b>
	<b>Proposed by Canada</b>
<b>Authors:</b> Michael Pepa, Corey Chitwood	<b>Committee: C</b>  <b>Action on Proposal</b>  ___ <input type="checkbox"/> Passed ___ <input type="checkbox"/> Defeated
<b>School:</b> St. Xavier HS	
<b>City:</b> Louisville	

1 An act to build a temporary residence complex in Canada for foreign victims of natural disaster.

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3 **Be it hereby enacted by the General Assembly of the United Nations**

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5 Justification Clause: Each year, natural disasters negatively affect people residing in all parts of the world.  
6 Often times the country affected receives aid via the United Nations Office for the Coordination of  
7 Humanitarian Affairs (OCHA). Although these funds are regulated by the OCHA, the funds are seldom used  
8 in effective ways. Countries use these funds to alleviate their immediate needs, rather than set themselves  
9 up for a prosperous future. Setting up a UN regulated temporary residence facility, would not only mollify  
10 the immediate physical needs of those affected, but allow those affected to be educated in skills necessary  
11 for the restoration of their home country.

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13 Section I: In the event of a natural disaster, deemed large-scale by the OCHA, The United Nations Refuge  
14 Agency (UNHCR) will transport eligible refugees to the temporary residence complex in Canada. A large-  
15 scale disaster is typically classified as a disaster that displaces more than 800,000 people. Eligible refugees  
16 are classified as those who meet preset UNHCR regulations. These regulations consist of health screenings,  
17 background checks, psychological stability evaluations, etc.

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19 Section II: The complex will be built on Malcolm Island in British Columbia, Canada. The complex will consist  
20 of 22 dorm facilities, three cafeteria facilities, a conference/administrative center, a gymnasium, and ten  
21 square kilometers of allocated grounds for training exercises. The total capacity of the complex will be  
22 approximately 10,000 refugees and 1,000 employees.

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24 Section III: While residing at the complex, the refugees' physical and emotional needs will be well looked  
25 after. The refugees will be provided with residential space, three meals a day, adequate time for recreational  
26 exercise, as well as time with a certified psychiatrist if requested or advised. In the event that a refugee is  
27 accompanied by their family, accommodations will be made to ensure all the family members reside in the  
28 same dorm. The refugees will receive basic level instruction in the language of English by a certified teacher,  
29 if not already literate in the language. Skills pertaining to the restoration of a refugee's home country will  
30 also be taught. The refugees will be instructed on how to properly build and repair shelters, how to properly  
31 purify water, and basic first aid instruction. Each refugee will inhabit the complex for approximately six  
32 months before returning to their home country, contingent upon approval from the UNHCR.

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35 Section IV: The estimated cost for the complex's construction is \$280 million. This cost, as well as the  
36 transportation cost of the refugees to and from their country, will be covered by the UNHCR, which has an  
37 annual budget of \$4 billion. The cost of day to day operations, which consists of clothes, food, staff salary,  
38 and basic maintenance will be covered by OCHA. This cost is estimated to be \$45 million each year.  
39 Currently the OCHA has an annual budget of \$275 million.

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41 Section V: Construction of the complex will begin immediately upon passage.