the	KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION KENTUCKY UNITED NATIONS ASSEMBLY United Nations Proposal	Proposal # 8
		Proposed by Djibouti
Authors: Jon Polston, Logan Adams, Abby Johnson		Committee: D
School: Somerset Christian School		Action on Proposal
City: Somerset		Passed Defeated

1 2 3	An act to petition the United Nations' Department of Peacekeeping Operations(DPKO) to secure national borders to curtail human trafficking in Djibouti		
4 5	Be it hereby enacted by the General Assembly of the United Nations		
6 7 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	Justification Clause: Nearly 1 million humans are trafficked on the continent of African each year. Djibouti is a transit, source, and destination country for women and children who are being trafficked and eventually sold into forced labor or prostitution. Most of these traders pass through Djibouti's border illegally to gain access to the Red Sea en route to Yemen and other locations in the Middle East. The slave trade is an emerging problem due to a lack of border security.		
	Section I: Human trafficking is the trade in humans, most commonly for the purpose of sexual slavery, forced labor or commercial sexual exploitation for the trafficker or others. The country of Djibouti is moving toward the complete elimination of human trafficking but cannot do so because of lack of funding. The unsecure border is an open gate to all those who wish to travel freely in and out of the country with no legal consequences.		
	Section II: Since the border is an open door, it allows slave traders to easily pass through the country and gain access to the Middle East by way of the Red Sea. By creating a more secure border, it would curtail the amount of human trafficking going in and out of the country. There are currently 200 Peacekeepers presents in Djibouti, but with an increase of 300 additional Peacekeepers, operations to secure the borders can effective and efficient. With the advent of border check points and troops, the problem of human trafficking can be greatly deterred. These checkpoints are designed to allow a more secure and lawful into Djibouti. By passing this proposal we can help not only secure borders, but secure the lives of those who have been forced into labor and prostitution against their will.		
	Section III: The United Nations is already supplying 2.4 million dollars to the current state of Djibouti with security purposes, but with an additional amount 3.6 million more, their efforts could become more effective. These funds will be allocated to pay the peacekeepers, and to pay for the constructions of passage checkpoints. There will be four checkpoints that each administrative district which borders another country, totaling to 16 checkpoints.		
33 34 35 36	Section IV: People who are attempting to pass illegally will first be penalized with a fine of 250 Francs, second attempt of illegal passage 500 Francs, third attempt at illegal passage they will be subject to legal action at the discretion of the Djiboutian court.		
37	Section V: This proposal will take effect immediately after passage.		