

KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION KENTUCKY UNITED NATIONS ASSEMBLY United Nations Proposal

Proposal # 58

Proposed by Ecuador

Authors: Alex Keeling, Erin Hogan, Lindsey Harkins	
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Committee: G

School: Sacred Heart Academy

Action on Proposal

City: Louisville

☐ Passed	Г	Defeated

A proposal to grant illegal immigrants refuge in a country legally in turn for exposing corrupt police.

Be it hereby enacted by the General Assembly of the United Nations

Justification Clause: In Ecuador and other alike countries, police officers extort illegal immigrants for money in order to hide them from being exported. These police are supposed to report if illegal immigrants are in the country without authorization. Instead of turning them in, the police ask for money or other things instead. Ecuador and many other countries in South America, Asia, and Africa are in the top 50 out of 100 countries to be the most corrupt.

Section I: Participating countries will give proper documentation to the illegal immigrants which will allow them to stay in the country legally for a year as they try to gain citizenship.

Section II: President Rafael Correa supports granting citizenship to illegal immigrants who give up corrupt police. Due to its geographical location, Central America is a main area of drug trafficking and criminal groups. With weak economies and state institutions, drug trafficking organizations have historically been exempt from punishment because they buy the loyalty of underpaid officials along the way. These corrupt police and officials allow these organizations to transport contraband easily.

Section III: When a case is reported, it will be investigated and must be supported with evidence. Depending on the level of the case, it will either be taken to the local court or the National Court of Justice. If proven guilty, the police officer(s) will be taken off of the force, will return extorted money, and further actions can be taken depending on the case. Regarding the immigrants, they will have five years to be in the country legally while they complete residency and begin/complete the process of citizenship. A probation officer will check in with them twice a year. Once that time is up, if they have not complete or almost complete citizenship, they will be deported.

Section IV: This proposal will go into effect a year after passing.