KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION **KENTUCKY UNITED NATIONS ASSEMBLY** **United Nations Proposal**	**Proposal # 2** **Proposed by Bahamas**
Authors: Xandi Dunn, Emma Eskridge, Kennedy Brand, Lauren Mikula	**Committee: B**
School: Beechwood MS	**Action on Proposal**
City: Ft. Mitchell	____ ☐ Passed ____ ☐ Defeated

An act to enact a program to curb crime and drug use in the Bahamas and other Caribbean destinations whose economies depend on tourism.

Be it hereby enacted by the General Assembly of the United Nations

Justification Clause: In the Bahamas robberies have more than doubled since 1977. This has happened because of one thing. Drug use in the Bahamas, mostly marijuana. 28.6% of twelfth grade males admitted to using marijuana on a frequent basis. Children as young as seven have tried this drug. Drugs are illegal in the Bahamas, but you can get it very easily from cab drivers and other people. Not only does marijuana makes people sluggish, uncoordinated, and dissatisfied with their jobs, it even doubled obesity, but it can also affect the Bahamas' economy. Their economy is based on tourism, making up 60% of this country's GDP. Five to six million people visit the Bahamas each year, 80% are Americans. But these tourists are now learning about the tropical paradise's high crime rate and drug trafficking, and are beginning to think twice about traveling there. There have been many warnings on tourism and cruise web sites, warning tourists about the Bahamas and sometimes telling tourists not to go there at all. Criminals actually tend to target tourists at popular tourist sites, such as outside of cruise ships, beaches, and casinos. This threat and swelling crime rates jeopardize the Bahamas' economy and livelihood. Other countries such as Iran, the United Kingdom, France, and Slovakia, are also facing major drug problems, not necessarily relating to tourism, and something needs to be done.

Section I: The United Nations, on behalf of its delegated countries, will donate money to expand the D.A.R.E. (Drug Awareness Resistance Education) program (successful in America) to other Caribbean countries reducing drug use lessening tourism the effect on tourism. If there is a success in these countries, this program will be extended to other countries with threatening drug problems.

Section II: D.A.R.E. is a program taught in 44 countries and is used in 80% of school districts in the United States. D.A.R.E. It teaches about resisting drugs, alcohol, and tobacco. It also teaches about peer pressure and bullying. After receiving the D.A.R.E. curriculum, 40% of people reported reductions in alcohol use and 32% have completely stopped as a result. D.A.R.E. graduates are also five times less likely to smoke than non-D.A.R.E. graduates. D.A.R.E. is taught by knowledgeable, locally, qualified police officers.

Section III: This D.A.R.E. program will be taught and required to every child every other year in fourth through twelfth grade. Even if a child does not go to school, they must be educated on the curriculum through required meetings. These meetings and classes will be taught by officially trained and certified police officers. There will be a fine if the child does not receive this curriculum.

Section: IV: This donation should be received by May 15th 2014.