
 <b>KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION</b> <b>KENTUCKY UNITED NATIONS ASSEMBLY</b> <b>United Nations Resolution</b>	<b>Resolution # 1</b>
	<b>Sponsored by Afghanistan</b>
<b>Sponsors:</b> Dylan Scolf, Anthony Crace, Piper McGuffey, Jaxson Brewer	<b>Committee: D</b>  <b>Action on Resolution</b> ___ <input type="checkbox"/> Passed ___ <input type="checkbox"/> Defeated
<b>School:</b> Scott Co. MS	
<b>City:</b> Georgetown	

Crucial Steps Towards Landmine Eradication

1  
2  
3 The General Assembly,  
4  
5 Recognizing that there are approximately 60-70 million landmines distributed throughout 70 countries and  
6 around 250 million landmines stockpiled throughout the world,  
7  
8 Keeping in mind that every year approximately 15,000-20,000 people are killed or maimed by accidental  
9 landmine explosions,  
10  
11 Deeply disturbed that an average of 9 people dies per day from land mines,  
12  
13 Bearing in mind that only 164 countries have signed the Ottawa Treaty, which prohibits the use, stockpiling,  
14 production, and transfer of anti-personal mines,  
15  
16 1. Urges the UN Mine Action Services to form a partnership with APOPO to locate and neutralize anti-  
17 personal mines across the world;  
18  
19 2. Emphasizes the need to deploy peacekeepers to regions where APOPO is working in order to protect  
20 those working in the mine defusal units;  
21  
22 3. Encourages all countries to sign the Ottawa Treaty so that we can take steps as a global community to  
23 eradicate the use of landmines.



 <b>KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION</b> <b>KENTUCKY UNITED NATIONS ASSEMBLY</b> <b>United Nations Resolution</b>	<b>Resolution # 3</b>
	<b>Sponsored by</b> <b>Australia</b>
<b>Sponsors:</b> Brayden Birchfield, Chance Furnish, Slade White, DaShawn Watson	<b>Committee: A</b>  <b>Action on Resolution</b> <input type="checkbox"/> Passed <input type="checkbox"/> Defeated
<b>School:</b> Rowan Co. MS	
<b>City:</b> Morehead	

1        Noting the deep concern related to the intensity of the wild fires occurring in Australia. As a consequence of  
2                these fires 25 humans have been killed and approximately 1 billion animals have perished.

3  
4        The General Assembly,

5  
6        Recalling this topic has been brought to the attention of the United Nations on multiple occasions. The United  
7        Nations Office for Disaster Risk Reduction (UNISDR) has warned that wildfires could become more frequent and  
8        more destructive as global temperatures rise and drought conditions plague many regions of the world.


9        Emphasizing that the Declaration of Human Rights states, In Article 25, Everyone has the right to a standard of  
10        living adequate for the health and well-being of himself and of his family, including food, clothing, housing and  
11        medical care and necessary social services, and the right to security in the event of unemployment, sickness,  
12        disability, widowhood, old age or other lack of livelihood in circumstances beyond control.

13        Conscious that steps have been taken by the government of Australia to reduce bush fires. For example,  
14        Australian officials have taken steps to reduce the presence of fuel in nature, such as grass, leaves, and twigs.  
15        In addition, Australian officials have implemented Direct Action policies. These policies are assisting Australia  
16        reach its goal of significantly reducing its carbon emissions by 2030.

17        Bearing in mind, that officials in Australia have focused on reducing occurrences of bush fires by focusing on  
18        policies regarding proper land management, building management, community education, and the use of fire  
19        danger warnings.

20        Determined to reduce their carbon emissions which has been elevating the rate of climate change and increasing  
21        the intensity and occurrences of bush fires;

- 22  
23        1. Calls upon the United Nations to provide funding to continue implementing our Direct Action funding,  
24        considering 2/3 of the funding has already utilized and Australia is still 10 years until reaching its 2030  
25        goal.  
26        2. Calls upon the United Nations to provide funding to increase the usage of the technology innovations  
27        currently in place.  
28        3. Calls upon the United Nations to provide funding to increase research related to reducing the country's  
29        reliance on fossil fuels.  
30        4. Calls upon the United Nations to conduct carbon dioxide tests on the current air quality now, as well  
31        each year following for 10 years. Calls upon the United Nations to require countries around the world  
32        to enact the Direct Action policies or policies similar in restrictions, acknowledging that Australia alone  
33        cannot reduce the carbon dioxide emissions on their own

 <p><b>KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION KENTUCKY UNITED NATIONS ASSEMBLY United Nations Resolution</b></p>	<b>Resolution # 4</b>
	<b>Sponsored by Bahamas</b>
	<b>Committee: A</b>
<b>Sponsors:</b> Morgan Farmer, Ben Ramsey, Sloane Montano, Chaz Kapfhammer	<b>Action on Resolution</b> ___ <input type="checkbox"/> Passed ___ <input type="checkbox"/> Defeated
<b>School:</b> St. Michael ES	
<b>City:</b> Louisville	

HIV in the Bahamas

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The General Assembly,

Deeply concerned with the fact that an estimated amount of 6,000+ adults and children are suffering from HIV related diseases in the Bahamas,

Recognizing that 37.9 million people are living with HIV around the world, we must raise awareness that this a dire epidemic.


Taking note of Article number 25 of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights, "Everyone has the right to a standard of adequate living for the health and well-being."

Also recognizing, in this context, the importance of participation from society for ensuring safety for the common good,

1. Stipulates that Bahamas, with the Prime Minister Hubert Minnis, establishes programs to educate more children and adults on how tainted needles can negatively affect the body, and would be implemented in the primary/middle school health curriculum.
2. Creates a UN committee that provides widespread testing and linkage to care, enabling people living with HIV to access treatment early.
3. Enables broad support for people living with HIV to remain engaged in comprehensive care, including support for treatment adherence.
4. Encourages spreading higher institution training schools sponsored by the government and the Bahamas Law School of the University of the West Indies.






 <b>KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION</b> <b>KENTUCKY UNITED NATIONS ASSEMBLY</b> <b>United Nations Resolution</b>	<b>Resolution # 7</b>
	<b>Sponsored by France</b>
<b>Sponsors:</b> Holdin Thrasher, Gavin York, Makayla Parkhurst, Maci Tucker	<b>Committee: C</b>  <b>Action on Resolution</b> ___ <input type="checkbox"/> Passed ___ <input type="checkbox"/> Defeated
<b>School:</b> Clinton Co. MS	
<b>City:</b> Albany	

The Effects of Air Pollution in France

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2  
3 The General Assembly,  
4  
5 Deeply convinced air pollution is causing major respiratory diseases in France and across Europe.  
6 Recalling this topic has been brought to the attention of the United Nations on multiple occasions.  
7 Conscious that steps have been taken by France to reduce the level of air pollution.  
8 Keeping in mind, that France has significantly reduced many of the most prevalent and dangerous pollutants,  
9 but the situation appears to continue.  
10 Fully aware pollution is contributing to the increasing premature deaths each year,  
11 Taking into consideration the emissions have decreased by 2% between 2016 and 2019,  
12 Deeply concerned by the fact that air pollution is the third leading cause of death France following smoking and  
13 obesity,  
14 Further deploring the fact that pollution is taking France and efforts must be made to eliminate it.  
15 Determined to reduce the air pollution and improve the quality of life in France,  
16  
17 1. Calls upon the United Nations to provide funding to purchase large air purifiers to reduce air pollution.  
18  
19 2. Calls upon the United Nations to provide funding to increase public transportation and to promote  
20 electrically powered cars.  
21  
22 3. Calls upon the United Nations to provide funding to increase research related to reducing air pollution  
23 from passenger vehicles.  
24  
25 4. Calls upon the United Nations to conduct air pollution tests on current air quality now, as well as each  
26 year following for ten years.  
27  
28 5. Calls upon the United Nations to implement renewable sources for electricity and to encourage people  
29 to reduce the air pollutants that are emitting in France from nuclear power plants. (This is increasing  
30 the air pollution in France)

	<b>KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION</b> <b>KENTUCKY UNITED NATIONS ASSEMBLY</b> <b>United Nations Resolution</b>	<b>Resolution # 8</b>
	<b>Sponsors:</b> Lena Day, Dillon McQueen, Journey Cummings, Lily Rose	<b>Sponsored by</b> <b>Guatemala</b>
<b>School:</b> Scott Co. MS	<b>Committee: B</b>	<b>Action on Resolution</b> <input type="checkbox"/> Passed <input type="checkbox"/> Defeated
<b>City:</b> Georgetown		

The Devastating Drug Crisis

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2  
3 The General Assembly,  
4  
5 Alarmed by the fact that nearly 400 metric tons of cocaine passes through Guatemala each year,  
6  
7 Deeply concerned that according to the World Drug report approximately 35 million people worldwide suffer  
8 from drug use disorders, while only 1 in 7 receive treatment,  
9  
10 Recognizing that the illegal drug trade has caused destabilization, violence, and corruption around the world,  
11  
12 Bearing in mind that the Executive Director of the UN Office of Drugs and Crime, Yory Fedorov, said “The  
13 findings of the year’s World Drug Report fill in and further complicate the global picture of drug challenges,  
14 underscoring the need for broader international cooperation to advance balanced and integrated health and  
15 criminal justice responses to supply and demand”,  
16  
17 1. Urges the United Nations to work in collaboration with the World Bank in order to increase drug  
18 detection by building more radar facilities throughout Central America and providing drug confiscation  
19 vehicles and peacekeepers to help patrol the borders of Guatemala;  
20  
21 2. Calls upon the UN Food and Agriculture Organization to work with the citizens of Guatemala to educate  
22 them on farming techniques for other crops and provide stipends to farmers willing to convert their land  
23 to legal crops;  
24  
25 3. Urges the World Health Organization to work with the Guatemalan government in order to decriminalize  
26 personal possession and consumption of illicit substances and implement a treatment program as  
27 similarly used in Portugal.












 <b>KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION</b> <b>KENTUCKY UNITED NATIONS ASSEMBLY</b> <b>United Nations Resolution</b>	<b>Resolution # 13</b>
	<b>Sponsored by</b> Iraq
<b>Sponsors:</b> Mallory Sackella, Ashley Potts, Nicholas Fuller, Noah Fuller	<b>Committee: D</b>  <b>Action on Resolution</b> ___ <input type="checkbox"/> Passed ___ <input type="checkbox"/> Defeated
<b>School:</b> South Oldham MS	
<b>City:</b> Crestwood	

Convention on Water Pollution

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The General Assembly,

Alarmed by the fact that only 32% of people in Iraq have access to clean drinking water.

Recalling that clean drinking water and sanitation of water is a human right, as declared in resolution 64/292 and 60/251.


Emphasizing that it is a direct violation of the Declaration of Human Rights to not provide clean water.

Expressing its appreciation that steps taken by the UN Environment’s Special Programme towards helping countries to meet their chemical and waste management obligations can contribute to supplying clean drinking water for all.

Bearing in mind that UN Secretary General Ban Ki-moon stated, “Clean water has become scarce and will become even scarcer with the onset of climate change.”,

1. Calls upon the United Nations Conference to require countries with a water pollution problem to install netting trash traps, in an effort to preserve and protect bodies of water from environmentally hazardous waste materials and litter caused by human neglect.
2. Requests the United Nations Conference to monitor the water quality levels and filtration systems monthly.




 <p><b>KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION</b>  <b>KENTUCKY UNITED NATIONS ASSEMBLY</b>  <b>United Nations Resolution</b></p>	<b>Resolution # 15</b>
	<b>Sponsored by Kenya</b>
	<b>Committee: A</b>
<b>Sponsors:</b> Avery Wasinger, Noah McMahan, Will Lindquist	<b>Action on Resolution</b> ____ <input type="checkbox"/> Passed ____ <input type="checkbox"/> Defeated
<b>School:</b> Hebron MS	
<b>City:</b> Shepherdsville	

1 Prohibition of the Harvest of Ivory

2  
3 The General Assembly,

4  
5 We are deeply concerned that people illegally poach elephants just for the ivory. That being said, we want to  
6 create an international ban on trading and/or harvesting of ivory, and eliminating previous provisions that  
7 allowed trading under specific circumstances. We hope to resolve major poaching problems. Poaching should be  
8 illegal, even if someone pays top dollar to poach. This will increase the elephant population and help the  
9 elephant species become stable.

- 10  
11 1. We call upon the United Nations to commence negotiations in order to reach an agreement on an  
12 international convention concerning the prohibition of the trade and/ or harvesting of ivory.

 <b>KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION</b> <b>KENTUCKY UNITED NATIONS ASSEMBLY</b> <b>United Nations Resolution</b>	<b>Resolution # 16</b>
	<b>Sponsored by Madagascar</b>
<b>Sponsors:</b> Sofia Wallace, Emily Walker	<b>Committee: C</b>  <b>Action on Resolution</b> <input type="checkbox"/> Passed <input type="checkbox"/> Defeated
<b>School:</b> Anchorage Public ES	
<b>City:</b> Anchorage	

An Act to Prevent Poverty

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The General Assembly,

Statistically, 75% of Madagascar’s population is living on less than \$1.90 a day, Having examined, poverty is affecting the whole country.

Having said, Many people are suffering, and 80% Of children under the age of 18 are living in poverty and suffer every day. Keeping in mind, 15% of Madagascar has an adequate sanitary system.


Deeply concerned, if Madagascar continues to head down this path, it can lead to even worse conditions for families to suffer in such as lack of healthcare, drinking water, and nutrition.

Further recalling, that the majority of poverty can be traced back to weak infrastructure.

1. Requests the UN to send in Aid to work with the people of Madagascar to help rebuild the infrastructure
2. Calls upon Oxfam International Organisation to work with CARE and other organizations to eliminate poverty





 <b>KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION</b> <b>KENTUCKY UNITED NATIONS ASSEMBLY</b> <b>United Nations Resolution</b>	<b>Resolution # 18</b>
	<b>Sponsored by Nepal</b>
<b>Sponsors:</b> Freddie Caldwell, Luke Sleet, Kaelen Perkins, Aaron Gorz	<b>Committee: A</b>  <b>Action on Resolution</b> <input type="checkbox"/> Passed <input type="checkbox"/> Defeated
<b>School:</b> Beechwood MS	
<b>City:</b> Ft. Mitchell	

An Act to Improve Healthcare and Education in Nepal

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The General Assembly,

Fully aware of the lack of health education and health services in Nepal contributes to the spread of diseases,


Recognizing 54% of the Nepalese population lack basic sanitation services,

Taking into consideration Nepal has only six doctors for every 1,000 people, while western countries like the United States have 295 doctors for every 1,000 people,

Deeply concerned there are only a total of twenty schools that provide medical higher education and only thirty-two hospitals exist in all of Nepal,


Keeping in mind Article 26 of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights asserts all humans deserve access to an education,

1. Calls upon the United Nations to acknowledge the poor medical state of Nepal and developing countries around the world;
2. Requests assistance with recruiting volunteer doctors and other medical professionals to help train and treat the Nepalese people.

 <b>KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION</b> <b>KENTUCKY UNITED NATIONS ASSEMBLY</b> <b>United Nations Resolution</b>	<b>Resolution # 19</b>
	<b>Sponsored by</b> <b>New Zealand</b>
<b>Sponsors:</b> Avery Allen, Sophia Lonnon, Kenliann Patterson, Anna Reetz	<b>Committee: A</b>  <b>Action on Resolution</b> <input type="checkbox"/> Passed <input type="checkbox"/> Defeated
<b>School:</b> North Oldham MS	
<b>City:</b> Goshen	

Marine Pollution Causing Harm


1  
2  
3 The General Assembly,  
4  
5 Convinced that the amount of marine pollution is have already affected the wildlife and environment in New  
6 Zealand;  
7  
8 Alarmed by the fact that 8 million tons of plastic end up in our oceans every year,  
9  
10 Bearing in mind that a significant challenge is the lack of reliable and accurate data on the amount, type and  
11 source of marine debris, including plastics and microplastics,  
12  
13 Convinced that marine pollution, including marine debris is a significant, and growing, global problem,  
14  
15 Recalling that the UN Environment Assembly's goal is to move towards a pollution free planet;  
16  
17 1. Calls upon the UN to require action from all countries to stop polluting the oceans,  
18  
19 2. Encourage the UN to develop effective and efficient waste treatment options to reduce the amount of  
20 debris leaking into the marine environment,  
21  
22 3. Requests the UN to research the economic value, quality and quantity of material that is reused and  
23 recycled to reduce the amount of material becoming waste.

	<b>KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION</b> <b>KENTUCKY UNITED NATIONS ASSEMBLY</b> <b>United Nations Resolution</b>	<b>Resolution # 20</b>
		<b>Sponsored by</b> <b>Pakistan</b>
<b>Sponsors:</b> Abby Smith, Amy McClure, Kate Evans, Luke Griesser		<b>Committee: C</b>
<b>School:</b> Scott Co. MS		<b>Action on Resolution</b> <input type="checkbox"/> Passed <input type="checkbox"/> Defeated
<b>City:</b> Georgetown		


Human Trafficking: Modern Day Slavery

1  
2  
3 The General Assembly,  
4  
5 Fully aware that human trafficking is the 3rd largest crime industry in the world,  
6  
7 Recalling that human trafficking, in all forms, is considered a serious crime and a grave offence as mentioned in  
8 resolution 71/167,  
9  
10 Bearing in mind that there is an estimated 40.3 million people who are victims of human trafficking globally,  
11  
12 Deeply disturbed by the statement from Executive Director of the UNODC, Antonio Maria Costa that “Many  
13 governments are still in denial. There is even neglect when it comes to either reporting on, or prosecuting cases  
14 of human trafficking”,  
15  
16 1. Calls upon the UNODC to work with the Pakistani government in order to designate specialized  
17 prosecutors and judges for human trafficking cases and to establish more severe and effective  
18 legislation;  
19  
20 2. Seeks funds from the UN Department of Drugs and Crime to provide grants in order to help build and  
21 staff recovery centers alongside non-profit organizations such as UNSEEN and Hagar;  
22  
23 3. Requests the UNODC create a variety of media to be distributed to all countries with educational  
24 information about trafficking across many mediums, such as radio ads, tv ads, web programs and  
25 educational pamphlets that can be used to educate and bring awareness to the global community.




 <p><b>KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION</b>  <b>KENTUCKY UNITED NATIONS ASSEMBLY</b>  <b>United Nations Resolution</b></p>	<b>Resolution # 22</b>
	<b>Sponsored by</b> <b>Saudi Arabia</b>
	<b>Committee: A</b>
<b>Sponsors:</b> Bailey Blair, Beckham Lipp, Melanie Donnelly, Tyler Stodghill	<b>Action on Resolution</b> <input type="checkbox"/> Passed <input type="checkbox"/> Defeated
<b>School:</b> South Oldham MS	
<b>City:</b> Crestwood	

1                    Convention on restriction and monitoring of proper disposal of brine removed from water post  
2  
3    The General Assembly,  
4  
5    Confident that the water desalination crisis cannot be solved by Saudi Arabia alone,  
6  
7    Recognizing that the proper ways to dispose of brine include, infusing brine into irrigation water, processing  
8    brine to make sodium hydroxide/hydrochloric acid, placing brine into sewer discharge and making it into a de-  
9    icing agent  
10  
11    Keeping in mind that desalination creates an average of 58% of brine.  
12  
13    Noting with deep concern that after desalination putting the brine back into the ocean pollutes the Red Sea,  
14    Gulf of Aden and Arabian Sea. Deeply concerned that power plants' intake mechanisms, which are often teamed  
15    with desalination plants, kill at least 3.4 billion fish and other sea life annually  
16  
17    Alarmed by if the brine is released into calm water it can sink to the bottom and kill organisms on the sea bed  
18    from lack of oxygen  
19  
20    Alarmed that the ratio is 1 liter fresh water to 1.5 liters brine after desalination, creating 58.1 billion  
21  
22    Deeply disturbed that 55% of brine is produced in 4 countries, Saudi Arabia (22%), UAE (20.2%), Kuwait (6.6%),  
23    Qatar (5.8%)  
24  
25    Realizing that there is 18,000 desalination factories in the world Determined to help solve the water pollution  
26    crisis  
27  
28            1.    Calls upon the UN to hold a meeting that defines proper disposal of brine  
29  
30            2.    Requests the UN to restrict and monitor the disposal based on the meeting held

 <b>KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION</b> <b>KENTUCKY UNITED NATIONS ASSEMBLY</b> <b>United Nations Resolution</b>	<b>Resolution # 23</b>
	<b>Sponsored by Scotland</b>
	<b>Committee: C</b>
<b>Sponsors:</b> Addison Chandler, Kamryn Green, Kyndall Ratliff, Ryleigh Stevens	<b>Action on Resolution</b> <input type="checkbox"/> Passed <input type="checkbox"/> Defeated
<b>School:</b> Rowan Co. MS	
<b>City:</b> Morehead	

1  
2 The General Assembly,  
3  
4 Recalling this topic has been brought to the attention of the United Nations on multiple occasions. In 2010 was  
5 identified by The United Nations as a “hotspot” for cocaine use.  
6  
7 Emphasizing that the Declaration of Human Rights states,  
8 In Article 25, Everyone has the right to a standard of living adequate for the health and well-being of  
9 himself and of his family, including food, clothing, housing and medical care and necessary social  
10 services, and the right to security in the event of unemployment, sickness, disability, widowhood, old  
11 age or other lack of livelihood in circumstances beyond control.  
12  
13 Conscious that minimal steps have been taken by the government of Scotland to reduce drug use. There is only  
14 about 40% of the people being treated, compared to 60% in England. In addition, funding has been cut to  
15 programs that were most effective.  
16  
17 Bearing in mind, that officials in Scotland have minimal support to fix the drug epidemic, the public perception is  
18 that it is a “life style” choice. Poverty and social inequality fuel the use of drugs in many communities in  
19 Scotland.  
20  
21 Determined to reduce drug related deaths, Scotland,  
22  
23 1. Calls upon the United Nations to provide funding to continue implementing programs that were  
24 effective in reducing drug usage.  
25  
26 2. Calls upon the United Nations to provide funding for Alcohol and Drug Partnerships, which were cut in  
27 2015.  
28  
29 3. Calls upon the United Nations to provide funding to construct 3 consumption rooms.  
30  
31 4. Calls upon the United Nations to mandate Scotland construct a 3 year plan that is designed to reduce  
32 drug use by 80% in 2023. This plan must be approved by the governing body of the United Nations.

 <b>KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION</b> <b>KENTUCKY UNITED NATIONS ASSEMBLY</b> <b>United Nations Resolution</b>	<b>Resolution # 24</b>
	<b>Sponsored by</b> Spain
<b>Sponsors:</b> Rylan Rhoton, Olivia Schlueter	<b>Committee: B</b>  <b>Action on Resolution</b> ___ <input type="checkbox"/> Passed ___ <input type="checkbox"/> Defeated
<b>School:</b> Phillip A. Sharp MS	
<b>City:</b> Burtler	


An Alliance for the Preservation of Clean Air

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- The General Assembly,
- Recognizing the adverse effects of air pollution.
- Emphasizing the importance of consistent and sustainable energy sources.
- Understanding the importance of eco-friendly energy production.
1. Encourages all relevant agencies of the United Nations to collaborate more closely towards minimizing air pollution created by energy production.
  2. Calls upon all countries to attempt to transfer to renewable energy.
  3. Recommends the setting up of a sub-committee in order to oversee the efforts of different nations in regard to developing a plan for sustainable energy.
  4. Invites member nations who are finding it problematic to implement their plan to submit concerns.
  5. Urges the UN to offer aid to countries having difficulty transferring to sustainable energy sources.
  6. Further requests that a goal be set to have this accomplished by 2030.






	<b>KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION</b> <b>KENTUCKY UNITED NATIONS ASSEMBLY</b> <b>United Nations Resolution</b>	<b>Resolution # 26</b>
		<b>Sponsored by</b> <b>Thailand</b>
<b>Sponsors:</b> Margaret Quinn, Vita Sensenbrenner		<b>Committee: B</b>
<b>School:</b> North Oldham MS		<b>Action on Resolution</b> <input type="checkbox"/> Passed <input type="checkbox"/> Defeated
<b>City:</b> Goshen		

- 1                    Cooperation among nations and the World Health Organization regarding global health
- 2
- 3    The General Assembly,
- 4
- 5    Recognizing the increased interconnectedness of all Member States and the global community, and how this
- 6    interconnectedness leads to the rapid spread of infectious diseases such as previous SARS and Ebola epidemics
- 7    and the current Corona Virus health emergency,
- 8
- 9    Reaffirming the role of the World Health Organization as the directing and coordinating authority on
- 10   international health work,
- 11
- 12   Underscoring that the control of outbreaks of major infectious diseases requires urgent action and greater
- 13   national, regional and international collaboration,
- 14
- 15   Acknowledging that in a world where connectivity and interconnection are the norm, reaching out for help can
- 16   be considered a weakness rather than a strength,
- 17
- 18   Reaffirming the right of every human being to the enjoyment of the highest standard of physical and mental
- 19   health and to a standard of living adequate for the health and well-being of oneself and one's family,
- 20
- 21        1. Expresses serious concern regarding delay in reporting of the emergence of highly contagious diseases
- 22        which reduces the response rate of all countries and facilitates the spread of the disease;
- 23
- 24        2. Demands that all Member States establish strong and effective systems to immediately communicate
- 25        the outbreak of potential epidemic viruses to the World Health Organization;
- 26
- 27        3. Expects all agencies of Member States to request the support of the United Nations and the World
- 28        Health Organization when control measures are ineffective in halting the spread of disease;
- 29
- 30        4. Insists that all Member States commit to a change in government culture as needed to create a climate
- 31        of open two-way communication in order to facilitate swift communication of potential health crises to
- 32        the World Health Organization.

 <p><b>KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION</b>  <b>KENTUCKY UNITED NATIONS ASSEMBLY</b>  <b>United Nations Resolution</b></p>	<b>Resolution # 27</b>
	<b>Sponsored by</b> Uganda
	<b>Committee: D</b>
	<b>Action on Resolution</b> <input type="checkbox"/> Passed <input type="checkbox"/> Defeated
<b>Sponsors:</b> Angel Coyle, Halle Burton	
<b>School:</b> Russell Co. MS	
<b>City:</b> Russell Springs	

Convention on the Infrastructure of Urban Uganda

1  
2  
3 The General Assembly,  
4  
5 Noting that a recent review by the U.S. News and World Report ranked the nation of Uganda as having the  
6 worst access to clean drinking water;  
7  
8 Recalling that the sixth goal of the United Nations relates to clean water, stating the following: Clean,  
9 accessible water for all is an essential part of the world we want to live in and there is sufficient fresh water on  
10 the planet to achieve this. However, due to bad economics or poor infrastructure, millions of people including  
11 children die every year from diseases associated with inadequate water supply, sanitation and hygiene. To  
12 improve sanitation and access to drinking water, there needs to be increased investment in management of  
13 freshwater ecosystems and sanitation facilities on a local level in several developing countries within Sub-  
14 Saharan Africa, Central Asia, Southern Asia, Eastern Asia and South-Eastern Asia;  
15  
16 Reminding fellow delegates that water is a necessity in your daily life for survival, hygiene, cooking, and so  
17 much more;  
18  
19 Stating water is at the core of sustainable development and is critical for socio-economic development, energy  
20 and food production, healthy ecosystems and for human survival itself. Water is also at the heart of adaptation  
21 to climate change, serving as the crucial link between society and the environment;  
22  
23 1. Calls upon the UN-Habitat to prioritize monies and resources to the urban centers of Kampala, Gulu,  
24 and Lira from 2020-2025 to ensure their infrastructure can support access to clean drinking water and  
25 proper sanitation.

 <b>KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION</b> <b>KENTUCKY UNITED NATIONS ASSEMBLY</b> <b>United Nations Resolution</b>	<b>Resolution # 28</b>
	<b>Sponsored by Ukraine</b>
<b>Sponsors:</b> Patrick Graboviy, Bryan Xia	<b>Committee: D</b>  <b>Action on Resolution</b> ___ <input type="checkbox"/> Passed ___ <input type="checkbox"/> Defeated
<b>School:</b> North Oldham MS	
<b>City:</b> Goshen	

The Construction of Benefits for the Disabled

The General Assembly,

Observing that all disabled personal have to have access to all public buildings and transportation, including all government agencies and private businesses that serve the public,

Alarmed that all public buildings and transportation, including all government agencies and private businesses that serve the public in Ukraine don't have entrances for all disabled personal,

Recalling that all people have equal rights according to article 2, 6, 21, and 23 in the Universal Declaration of Human Rights,


Reaffirming that any public buildings and transportation, including all government agencies and private businesses that serve the public without a ramp or a way to enter for all disabled personal violate the Universal Declaration of Human Right, specifically Articles 2, 6, 21, 23, and 25, Because of the statement in Article 6 "Everyone is entitled to all the rights and freedoms set forth in this Declaration",

Taking into consideration that approximately 15 percent of the global population was declared fundamental freedoms and human rights in 2006 by the UN General Assembly,

Fully aware that the steps taken by all public Ukrainian buildings and transportation, including all government agencies and private businesses that serve the public and public transportation constructing ramps and ways of access for all disabled personal would contribute to the goal of equal people,

Bearing in mind the advisory opinion of UN Secretary-General Ban Ki-moon "Disability is not inability," says Ban, urging equal rights for all to achieve Global Goals.

1. Calls upon the UN to help supply part of this cost by giving financial support to the Ukraine, Recommends that the UN make a fundraising website where people can give donations or report someone in need of assistance.

	<b>KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION</b> <b>KENTUCKY UNITED NATIONS ASSEMBLY</b> <b>United Nations Resolution</b>	<b>Resolution # 29</b>
	<b>Sponsors:</b> Amber Bean, Janey Jones <b>School:</b> North Oldham MS <b>City:</b> Goshen	<b>Sponsored by</b> <b>United States</b>

Humanitarian Aid for Puerto Rico

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The General Assembly,

A proposal to give humanitarian aid to a territory of the United States of America, Puerto Rico, because of recent natural disasters.

Alarmed by the amount of damage done to Puerto Rico by Hurricane Maria, Hurricane Irma, and the recent earthquake,


Bearing in mind that that there was not only physical damage done, but the economy has also taken a hit with up to \$159 billion dollars lost on an already shrinking economy,

Taking into consideration that Puerto Rico has substantial amount of oil and natural gas that have been untapped that could be beneficial to countries low in these resources but currently cannot be used because of the damage done,

Urges countries that are top consumers of oil, including the United States, China, Russia, and Canada, to provide support to Puerto Rico because they could be the next big producers if they come out of an economic slump;

1. Calls upon the economic and financial committee to help Puerto Rico get back on their feet;
2. Further requests that the United Nations Central Emergency Response Fund provide money for Puerto Rico to hire more relief help.



 <p><b>KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION</b>  <b>KENTUCKY UNITED NATIONS ASSEMBLY</b>  <b>United Nations Resolution</b></p>	<b>Resolution # 31</b>
	<b>Sponsored by Vietnam</b>
<b>Sponsors:</b> Nhu Lau, Mitch Smith, Halle Unthank, Vincent Do	<b>Committee: B</b>
<b>School:</b> Farnsley MS	
<b>City:</b> Louisville	
<b>Action on Resolution</b>	
___ <input type="checkbox"/> Passed ___ <input type="checkbox"/> Defeated	

Viet Nam's Perspective on Present-Day Warfare Tactics

1  
2  
3 The General Assembly,  
4  
5 Asserting that Viet Nam experienced chemical warfare including Napalm and Agent Orange during the Viet Nam  
6 War (November 1st, 1965 to April 30th, 1975) causing traumatic effects, physically and mentally damaging to  
7 civilians, as well as the environment,  
8  
9 Recognizing that the 1925 Geneva Protocol prohibits the use of chemical and biological weapons in the field of  
10 conflict excluding internal conflicts, however, allowing nations to reserve the right to retaliate with chemical  
11 weapons should it be subject to an adversarial chemical attack,  
12  
13 Understanding that the Chemical Weapons Convention (CWC) regulates the use of chemical weapons and  
14 requires nations to destroy their stockpiles, several of these failed to accurately declare their stockpiles or to  
15 destroy their stockpiles including Syria and the United States,  
16  
17 Reaffirming that chemical warfare has been used in recent conflicts such as the Iran-Iraq War and the Syrian  
18 Civil War,  
19  
20 Fully aware that there is a conflict between China and Viet Nam regarding territory in the East China Sea on the  
21 brink of war,  
22  
23 1. Calls upon the United Nations to reinforce the 1925 Geneva Protocol to ban the overall use of  
24 biological and chemical weapons including internal conflicts between all sovereign nations;  
25  
26 2. Calls upon the United Nations to update the CWC to accommodate contemporary warfare tactics  
27 including the use of modern technology;  
28  
29 3. Urges the CWC to limit deadlines regarding the destruction of chemical weapons;  
30  
31 4. Proclaims the United Nations to penalize future violations against the 1925 Geneva Protocol and the  
32 CWC with economic sanctions towards the offending nation(s) to pay off damages due to reform  
33 damage and lost revenue.