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## **KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY**

Red	BG '	1
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Bluegrass Bill	Referred to Committee: House 2
Sponsors: Taylor Beth Huff, Shea Robison	Action on the Bill
School: Allen Co Scottsville HS	House Senate
City: Scottsville	Passed Passed Defeated

An Act Relating To school shooting training

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### Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: A NEW SECTION OF KRS 158.162 IS CREATED TO READ AS FOLLOWS: (1) All public schools are required to have a once a year active shooter scenario training for all students middle level and up. (2) All public schools are required to have a once a year active shooter scenario training for teachers, regardless of what grade they teach. (3) Teacher training is a mandatory requirement. (4) A parent note is valid to exempt a student from the training.

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Section 2: Any statute contrary to this Act shall be amended or repealed.

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Section 3: This Act will take effect for the 2019-2020 school year.

	<b>**</b>
the	Z July

## **KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY**

Bluegrass Bill	Referred to Committee: House 3	
Sponsors: Emma Pytko, Riley Stull, Alaina Gnadinger	Action on the Bill	
School: Assumption HS	House	Senate
City: Louisville	Defeated	□ Passed □ Defeated

An Act Relating To Install Grates on Open Storm Drainage Pipes

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### Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: The money will be drawn from the Public Advocacy budget. The Kentucky Justice and Public Safety Cabinet centers on protecting citizens from wrongdoers and other safety issues. Based on size, open storm drainage pipe grates prices could vary from \$110-\$346, approximately 2,420,500 drainage pipes will need grates, so the approximate final cost will be \$551,874,000.

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Section 2: There will be a \$50 fine to businesses and neighborhoods that damage storm drainage pipes.

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Section 3: This bill will become law on July 1st, 2019.

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Section 4: 101 out of 120 counties have drainage systems. So, this would only affect those certain counties. This bill would also prevent future deaths due to lack of grates on storm drainage pipes and would increase the general safety of Kentucky.

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Section 5: This bill will be enforced by the Kentucky Justice and Public Safety Cabinet.

	KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION	Blue   BG 3	
Bluegrass Bill		Referred to Committee: Senate 1	
Sponsors: Aliana Conway, Hanna Hulsewede, Whitney Dreher		Action o	n the Bill
School: Assumption HS		House	Senate
•		□ Passed	Passed

An Act Relating To Anti-discrimination of the LGBTQ workforce in Kentucky

☐ Defeated

City: Louisville

### Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: Within the past two decades, there have been multiple initiatives in cities across the state of Kentucky, known as "Fairness Ordinances", that have banned the discrimination against the LGBTQ+ workforce in public and private sector employment. While multiple cities and regions have taken this initiative, 77% of the LGBTQ+ workforce remains to be unprotected by these laws. This bill strives to expand such an ordinance across the entire state of Kentucky in private and public sector employment.

Section 2: Prohibits covered entities (employers, employment agencies, labor organizations, or joint-management committees) of the public or private sector to engage in employment discrimination because of an individual's sexual orientation and gender identity.

Section 3: Declares that it shall be unlawful for an employer, because of an individual's sexual orientation or gender identity, to: to refuse hiring, to discharge, or to discriminate in other ways relating to the compensation, terms, conditions, or privileges of employment.

Section 4: Declares it unlawful to limit, segregate, or classify employees or applicants in means of sexual orientation or identity that would deprive these workers of suitable employment or cause discrimination on the basis of hiring, pay, promotions, and privilege

Section 5: Prohibits a covered entity from granting preferential treatment or implementing quotas on the basis of orientation or identity.

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### **KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION**

Blue | BG 4

KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Bluegrass Bill	Referred to Committee: House 1
Sponsors: Molly Evola, Avery Dobozi, Sydney Badon, Elly Knoop	Action on the Bill
School: Assumption HS	House Senate
City: Louisville	Defeated Defeated
An Act Relating To Tattoo parlors to include the contents in the ink and po	otential risks to customers.
Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealt	n of Kentucky

Section 1: Tattoo inks include the following substances: titanium dioxide, lead, chromium, nickel, iron oxide, ash, carbon black, cobalt, benzopyrene. Benzopyrene causes cancer, antiseptic benzo-isothiazolinone is a skin irritant found in 25% of most tattoo inks, lead can cause comas, seizures, and death when absorbed in the body. Tattoo ink has been known to spread throughout the lymphatic system and stain the lymph nodes. This effects the nodes ability to filter harmful substances in the body.

Section 2: (1) All tattoo parlors must physically provide a consent form for consumers, rather than providing one online. (2) The consent form must include the contents of the substances in the tattoo ink and their risks.

Section 3: If a tattoo parlor refuses to comply with this act, they will receive a warning. The second time this is broken, they will receive a \$500 fine. The third time, the tattoo artist's business license will be revoked.

Section 4: This bill will be enforced by the Kentucky Department of Public Health.

Section 5: This bill will not require funding or increases in taxes in any way.

Section 6: This bill will be enforced January 1st, 2020.

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### **KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION**

# KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Bluegrass Bill

Section 5: This bill will go into effect with the class of 2023.

Red	BG .	5
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## Referred to Committee: Senate 1

2	ponsors: Kyle Elkins, Katie Compton	Action on	the Bill
9	ichool: Belfry HS	House	Senate
	·	□ Passed _	🗆 Passed
C	City: Belfry	Defeated _	Defeat
1 2	An Act Relating To Re-evaluate the Kentucky School System's Required Socia	al Studies and Scienc	ce Credit
3	Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth	of Kentucky	
4	,	•	
5	Section 1: Currently in the Kentucky School System there are 4 credits in math and E	inglish required to gr	aduate, as
6	opposed to social studies and science which require only 3. This shows a disregard t		· ·
7	and leads to students being less informed about their government, how to be good citizens of our state, and less		
8	informed about the world around them.		
9			
10	Section 2: This bill will require Kentucky students to have 4 social studies and	science credits to	graduate.
11			
12	Section 3: The Kentucky Department of Education will put into place the class	es students can tak	e to
13	achieve these credits.		
14			
15	Section 4: This bill is simply changing a system in our required credits so it wi	II require no funding	j. All
16	Kentucky schools have the capability to provide these credits.		
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## **KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY**

Bluegrass Bill	Referred to Committee: Senate 1
Sponsors: Preston Konichek	Action on the Bill
School: Bullitt Central HS	House Senate
City: Shepherdsville	Defeated Defeated

An Act Relating to Home Energy Useage

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### Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: Be it enacted that all new homes built after 2020 shall be required to add a form of non CO2 releasing energy AND must be turned on during the time in which most energy is consumed in the residences' county.

Section 2: Examples of Non-CO2 energy: Solar Hydrogen Nuclear Biofuel Wind Hydroelectricicty Geothermal

Section 3: The state of Kentucky and local energy companies will work to provide \$1,000 rebate/tax incentive help offset the cost. This \$1,000 can be placed on the HUD statement and will decrease the overall cost of the home.

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Section 4: If passed, this bill will take effect January 1, 2020.

	KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Bluegrass Bill	Blue   BG 7	
the			Committee: ate 3
Sponsors: Wavid Bowman, Marilyn Buente, Demos Negash, Norah Wulkopf		Action o	n the Bill
School: DuPont Ma	nual HS	House	Senate
City: Louisville		☐ ☐ Passed ☐ Defeated	□ Passed □ Defeated

AN ACT proposing to create a new section of the Constitution of Kentucky relating to strengthening the rights of free speech, peaceable assembly, and redressing of grievances of Kentuckians

### Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: IT IS PROPOSED THAT A NEW SECTION BE ADDED TO THE CONSTITUTION OF KENTUCKY TO READ AS FOLLOWS: 1) If a legal action is based on, relates to, or is in response to a party's exercise of the right of free speech, peaceable assembly, or redress of grievances, that party may file a motion to dismiss the legal action. A court shall dismiss a legal action against the moving party if the moving party shows by a preponderance of the evidence that the legal action is based on, relates to, or is in response to the party's exercise of the aforementioned rights. 2) A motion to dismiss must be filed no later than the 60th day after the date of service of the legal action. The court may extend the time to file a motion under this section on a showing of good cause. 3) Other than in helping the court rule on the motion to dismiss, all discovery in the legal action is suspended until the court has ruled on the motion to dismiss. 4) The court may not dismiss a legal action under subsection A if the party bringing the legal action establishes by clear and specific evidence a prima facie case for each essential element of the claim in question. 5) The court must issue a ruling under subsection A no later than the 30th day after the motion to dismiss was made. 6) If the court orders dismissal of a legal action under this section, the court shall award the moving party court costs, reasonable attorney's fees, and other expenses incurred in defending against the legal action. 7) This section does not apply to legal action seeking recovery for bodily injury, wrongful death, medical malpractice, or to statements regarding that legal action.

Section 2: This amendment shall be submitted to the voters of the Commonwealth for their ratification or rejection at the time and in the manner provided for under Sections 256 and 257 of the Constitution and under KRS 118.415.

** KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION	Blue   BG 8	
Bluegrass Bill	Referred to (	
Sponsors: Anna Emberson, Andrew Kelmanson, Iman Dashti, Brooklyn Abrams	Action or	the Bill
School: DuPont Manual HS	House ☐ Passed	Senate

An Act Relating To Increasing Suicide Prevention Awareness in the State of Kentucky

☐ Defeated

Defeated

City: Louisville

### Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 205.5341 IS CREATED TO READ AS FOLLOWS: 1) 010 shall be established as the official statewide 24/7 Kentucky Suicide Prevention Hotline. 2)350 volunteer dispatchers will be employed by the Kentucky Cabinet of Health and Family Services to take emergency calls and connect callers to first responders and medical help if needed, otherwise callers would be able to talk with a trained therapist. Dispatchers would be cooperating with 911.

Section 2: There is appropriated to the Kentucky Cabinet of Health and Family Services from the General Fund \$3,150,250 in fiscal year 2018-2019 for the purposes of the previously mentioned 010 as the 24/7 Kentucky Suicide Prevention Hotline. Each dispatcher will be rewarded \$4,000 yearly income tax write off and will receive health and dental insurance provided by the state. An initial toll free hotline setup fee of \$70 and an additional \$15 each month will be included. Any appropriation unexpended at the end of the fiscal year 2018-2019 shall not lapse, but will be carried forward into the next fiscal year.

Section 3: The Kentucky Cabinet of Health and Family Services shall implement dispatchers within each Office Area to respond to calls to 010. Those who call the number will be free of charge, and fees to medical dispatchers and workers would be funded separately by the Kentucky state government. This hotline would be available to any working phone line in the state of Kentucky, whether it is a mobile phone or connected landline phone.

	KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Bluegrass Bill	Blue   BG 9	
the			Committee: use 1
Sponsors: Preeti Tanwani, Fatima Talpur, Luka Johnson		Action o	on the Bill
School: DuPont Mai	nual HS	House	Senate
City: Louisville		☐ Passed ☐ Defeated	□ Passed □ Defeated

An Act Relating To the Security of Elections in Kentucky and Making an Appropriation Therefore

### Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 117 IS CREATED TO READ AS FOLLOWS: 1) Every ballot for any statewide office, United States Senator, United States Representative, or President shall be cast using the older paper ballot method until the United States as a whole can find a solution to election fraud. 2)The use of the paper ballot may result in the necessity of infrastructure, such as additional employment in efforts to correctly administer the voting, record the ballot information, and compute results. Said employees shall be hired as need arises.

Section 2: There is appropriated to the State Board of Elections from the General Fund \$750,000 in fiscal year 2018-2019 for the purposes of the previously mentioned paper ballots and the necessary infrastructure. Notwithstanding KRS 45.229, any appropriation unexpended at the end of fiscal year 2018-2019 shall not lapse but be carried forward into the next fiscal year.

Section 3: This Act takes effect on July 1, 2019.

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## **KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY**

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	BG 1

Bluegrass Bill	House 1
Sponsors: Alexas Engel, Noah Parsley, Trace Taylor, Evan Stice	Action on the Bill
School: Edmonson Co. HS	House Senate
City: Brownsville	□ Passed □ Passed □ Defeated □ Defeated

An Act Relating To the Safety of Motorcycle Drivers and Riders

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### Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 189 IS CREATED TO READ AS FOLLOWS: The following persons shall be required to wear protective headwear, in the manner prescribed by the secretary of the Transportation Cabinet, at all times the motorcycles they are riding are in motion on a public highway: \*Any person of any age who is operating a motorcycle or in a sidecar attachment \*A person who possesses a motorcycle instruction permit and who is operating a motorcycle \*A person who has held any type of valid motorcycle operator's license, or combination motor vehicle-motorcycle operator's license, for any amount of time and who is operating a motorcycle.

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Section 2: The fine for a violation of this law will be \$500 to \$750.

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Section 3: This Act shall take effect January 1, 2019.

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### **KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION**

## KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Bluegrass Bill

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### Referred to Committee: Senate 1

Sponsors: Danyale Atwell, Macy Cassady, Josi Morrison, Maham Shahbaz	Action o	n the Bill
School: Edmonson Co. HS	House	Senate

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	☐ Passed	□ n1
	L Passed	L. Passed
City: Brownsville	Defeated	Defeate

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An Act Relating To the Opioid Crisis in Kentucky

### Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: Section 1. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 222 IS CREATED TO READ AS FOLLOWS: Revise the current health curriculum to ensure that middle school and high school students know specific examples of drugs that are classified as opioids and know the dramatic rate of deaths that are a result of drug misuse. In order for a doctor to prescribe a drug to a patient, another doctor in the facility is required to review the patient's symptoms and make sure that the prescription fits the patient's diagnosis. Before a doctor prescribes medication to a patient, they must review past medical records to see if they have any of the same drugs prescribed to them recently. To ensure this, doctors must immediately input the prescription data into the patient's medical records. In order for a patient to get a refill on their prescription, they must see a doctor prior to their refill to ensure that the patient needs the refill.

Section 2: This Act shall take effect July 1, 2019.

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### **KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION**

## **KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY**

Blue	BG 12
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## Referred to Committee:

Bluegrass Bill	Senate 2  Action on the Bill	
Sponsors: Matthew Barnes		
School: Elizabethtown HS	House Senate	
City: Elizabethtown	Defeated Defeated	
An Act To Allow the Use Of KEES Money To Pay For Dual Credit	Classes and AP Exams	

### Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: Junior and senior high school students will have the option to use KEES money earned during their freshman and sophomore year to pay for dual credit classes and AP exams.

Section 2: Money will be deducted from the student's KEES account and paid directly to the college or university for dual credit classes, and directly to the school administering the AP exams.

Section 3: Students on free or reduced lunch will continue to receive the discount for both dual credit classes and AP exams.

Section 4: There will be no limit as to the number of dual credit classes or AP exams the student may use their KEES money for, provided the funds are available.

Section 5: This bill will take effect on August 1, 2019.

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Bluegrass Bill	Referred to Committee: House 2  Action on the Bill	
Sponsors: Reid Lunsford, Eli Wilson, Ethan Brown, Matthew Dyer		
School: Elizabethtown HS	House Senate	
City: Elizabethtown	Defeated Defeated	
1 AN ACT RELATING TO THE PUBLIC DISCLOSURE OF JUVE 2	NILE RECORDS	
Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwea  4	ılth of Kentucky	
Section 1: Currently under KRS Chapter 610.320 and 610.340, all law-enforcem		

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children who have not reached their eighteenth birthday are sealed to the public, except in the case of a few public servants such as: law enforcement officers, attorneys involved in the proceedings, public school teachers, and

employees of the Department of Juvenile Justice.

Section 2: This bill will require that all courts release a juvenile's criminal and court records to the public, as they pertain to any crime of a violent or sexual nature.

Section 3: The records of juvenile criminals will be free for the general public to request and possess through the same manner of obtaining criminal records of adults. This request can be accessed through courts.ky.gov. There will be no more constraints or difficulties than there would be for requesting an adult's records when requesting or acquiring juvenile records.

Section 4: Any juvenile records currently sealed by Kentucky state law with offenses pertinent to this bill will also be made public upon this bill going into effect.

Section 5: This bill will be carried out by the state of Kentucky as well as county law-enforcement and courts. Any state or local official who does not act in compliance with this bill will receive a \$2,000 fine upon their first offense. Upon their second offense they will be given a \$5,000 fine. Upon third and subsequent offenses they will be given a three year jail sentence.

Section 6: This bill will require no extra funding because the expenses required are negligible.

Section 7: Any statute contrary to this Act shall be amended or repealed.

Section 8: This bill will go into effect on August 1, 2019.

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## **KENTI ICKA AUTITH VCCEMBI A**

Blue | BG 14

Bluegrass Bill	Referred to Committee: Senate 3	
Sponsors: Adam LeMaster, Tate Duncan	Action on the Bill	
School: Greenup Co. HS	House Senate	
City: Greenup	Defeated Defeated	

An Act Relating To the protection of Kentucky's historic sites

### Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: Section 1: Historically sacred sites in the United States have recently been targeted for vandalism and/or removal. Kentucky has joined the growing list of states that has fallen victim to the desecration of historic sites. North Carolina, Alabama, Virginia, and Mississippi all have laws protecting historic sites from being destroyed.

Section 2: Section 2: This act makes the removal or destruction of any historic site or symbol in Kentucky illegal under state law. Definition of a historical site or symbol: A public, or government owned statue, marker, monument, or any other object/place that depicts or tells of a historical event.

Section 3: Section 3: The violation of this act will result in a notice urging the quilty party to restore the historic site. If the site is not restored within 45 days, the guilty party will be forced to either replace the property or pay the value of the property to have it restored to the quality of the original. The penalty will be placed on whoever carries out the destruction of the historic site.

Section 4: Section 4: The cost of this act will not negatively impact the Commonwealth of Kentucky, or the taxpayers of Kentucky.

Section 5: Section 5: This act will go into effect six months after passage.

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### KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION

## **KENTLICKA AULITH VCCEMBI A**

Blue	<b>BG 15</b>
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Bluegrass Bill	Referred to Committee: House 4	
Sponsors: Chloe Dawson, Jackson Scott, Daniel Delehanty, Brooklynne Scott	Action on the Bill	
School: Holmes HS	House	Senate
City: Covington	Passed	□ Passed □ Defeated

An Act to require ½ credit of 'adulting' course to be added to the minimal high school graduation requirements

### Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: The intent of the course is to understand and overcome the challenges of the transition to adulthood faced by students as they exit high school. Curriculum for this class will include issues of identity and self, decisionmaking, job skills and interviewing, financial literacy, and practical skills for independent living.

Section 2: This bill would require that in addition to any informal life skills or social emotional training that has already been unofficially incorporated into school curriculum. The curriculum for this course would be determined by the Kentucky Department of Education by and through KRS 156:60. This allows the Kentucky Department of Education to regulate academic minimal requirements for a high school diploma, and would be added to the Kentucky Academic standards.

Section 3: Local boards of education and charter school governing bodies may decide how the class is administered and implemented.

Section 4: Beginning on July 1, 2020, to graduate from a Kentucky high school with a regular diploma, a student shall pass a ½ credit 'adulting' course.

Section 5: Provisions of this section shall be subject to the requirements and 22 accommodations of a student's individualized education program as defined in 23 KRS 158.281 or a Section 504 Plan as defined in KRS 156.027.

Section 6: Funding will be distributed by the Kentucky Higher Education Assistance Authority (KHEAA) through funds collected by the Kentucky lottery. There will be 1% increase of funding to education to support development, materials and oversight of this class.

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### **KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION**

# KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Bluegrass Bill

Red | BG 16

## Referred to Committee: House 1

!	Sponsors: Gavin Smith, Madison Payne  Action on the I		n the Bill
9	School: Knox Central HS	House	Senate
	City: Barbourville		□ Passed □ Defeated
1	An Act Relating To A Vapor Excise Tax		
2 3 4	Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth	of Kentucky	
5	Section 1: SECTION 1. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 138 IS CREATED TO REAL	O AS FOLLOWS: (1)	All liquid-
6 7	nicotine products should be subjected to a wholesale tax of 95%.		
8 9	Section 2: Any statute contrary to this Act shall be amended or repealed.		
10	Section 3: Any person who violates this Act shall be guilty of a violation for the	ne first offense; f	or each such

Section 4: Upon passage, this bill will go into effect within 90 days.

subsequent offense, he shall be guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.

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### **KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION**

## **KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY**

Blue	BG 17
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Bluegrass Bill	Referred to Committee: Senate 2 Action on the Bill	
Sponsors: Isabella Valentino, Ella Fitzpatrick, Olivia May		
School: Lawrence Co. HS	House Senate	
City: Louisa	Defeated Defeated	

An Act Relating To the redefinition of feminine hygiene products as well as the imposition of an excise tax on energy drinks.

Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: KRS 139.480 is amended to read as follows: Amend (33)(a) to read as, "Feminine hygiene products used in the aid of human menstrual cycle." Amend (33)(b) to read, "In the context of this subsection "feminine hygiene products" is definable as tampons, pads, menstrual cups, sanitary napkins, and any other tangible item used in connection to the human menstrual cycle, not including grooming and hygiene products as defined in KRS 139.472."

Section 2: A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 138 IS CREATED TO READ AS FOLLOWS:(1)(a) An excise tax at the rate of two percent (2%) of the wholesale price rounded to the nearest one-tenth of one cent (\$0.001) shall be paid on all purchases of energy drinks. (1)(b) In the context of this subsection "energy drinks" is definable as any carbonated beverage exceeding a caffeine content of seventy-one (71) milligrams per twelve (12) ounces, also containing taurine and glucuronolactone.

Section 3: This bill will go into effect July 1, 2019.

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Blue	BG 18
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Bluegrass Bill	Referred to Committee: House 2	
Sponsors: Elise Goldstein, Francisco Bajandas, Elliott Abbott, Gracie Blom	Action on the Bill	
School: Louisville Collegiate HS	House	Senate
City: Louisville	☐ Passed☐ ☐ Pefeated☐	□ Passed □ Defeated

An Act Relating to make illegal Slurry Ponds

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### Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: Currently, coal ash is being dumped into ponds, and polluting the environment in and outside of the pond. This act will create man made slurry ponds above ground, and recycle the remaining coal ash that did not go into the pond.

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Section 2: This act will cost about \$20,000 per coal company and will take about 18-24 months to set up.

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Section 3: This act will create man made slurry ponds above ground, and recycle the remaining coal ash that did not go into the pond.

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Section 4: This act will go into effect one year after passing.

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## KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Bluegrass Bill

Red	BG	19
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### Referred to Committee: Senate 3

Sponsors: Josiah Washington, Hannah Limbong, Reese English	Action on the Bill	
School: Louisville Male HS	House	Senate

 City: Louisville
 — □ Passed — □ Passed

 — □ Defeated — □ Defeated

An Act Relating To Voter Registration

### Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: 116.045 Voter registration, transfer, or change of party affiliation — Availability of forms. (1) Any person may register as a voter during the period registration is open if he or she possesses, or will possess on the day of the next regular election, the qualifications set forth in KRS 116.025. (2) The county clerk shall cause all registration to be closed the fourth Tuesday preceding through the first Monday following any primary or general election, and the twenty-eight (28) days prior to and seven (7) days following any special election. If the last day of registration falls on a state or federal holiday, the period runs until the end of the next day which is not a Saturday or Sunday nor a state or federal holiday. During the period that registration is closed, the county clerk may accept and process registrations. Any voter who registers during the period that registration is closed, except for any registered voter who transfers his or her registration pursuant to KRS 116.085(2) or (3), shall not be permitted to vote in the upcoming election. We would amend the bill to instate automatic registration of all 18 year old persons who meet the eligibility requirements eliminating the need for a registration process.

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17 18 anticipated to be required to fulfill this act.

Section 5: This bill will go into effect ninety days after passage.

### **KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION**

# KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Bluegrass Bill

Red	BG 20	

## Referred to Committee: House 3

2	Sponsors: Ava Chuppe, Geovanna Ayala		Action on the Bill	
2	School: McCracken Co. HS	House	Senate	
C	City: Paducah	Passed Defeated	Defeated	
1	An act to ban mountaintop removal mining within five miles of re	sidential areas		
3	Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth	of Kentucky		
5 6 7 8	Section 1: The practice of mountaintop removal pollutes drinking water with toxic me and increases rates of pulmonary disease, hypertension, heart disease, and other life air pollution.		-	
9 10 11 12	Section 2: This bill would protect residents from life-threatening health effects around areas where housing predominates and granting Kentucky state trooper mining operations and punish violators.	, , ,		
13 14	Section 3: Kentucky State Police will be authorized to punish infractions of this	law with a \$500,	000 fine.	

Section 4: Due to the size of fines levied, this act will be revenue neutral and no tax burden or funds are

the KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Bluegrass Bill		Blue	Blue   BG 21  Referred to Committee: Senate 4	
Sponsors: Annie M	loffitt, Bailey Hall, Ty Gordon	Action or	n the Bill	
School: Mercer Co.	Sr. HS	House	Senate	
City: Harrodsburg		□ Passed	Passed	

An Act Relating To Binding the Consumer Price Index to the Minimum Wage

### Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: The purpose of this bill is to adjust the minimum wage to benefit families in Kentucky to be able to have a living wage. When basic necessities like gas and food become more expensive, lower-income Kentuckians should see their wages increase.

Section 2: Every July, beginning on July 1, 2019, the secretary of the Kentucky Labor Cabinet shall adjust the minimum wage in an amount determined by the secretary at the end of the preceding fiscal year to reflect the average annual percentage change in the consumer price index (CPI) published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the U.S. Department of Labor for the most recent five year period for which data is available. Annually, the secretary shall certify the minimum wage by the last day of June and it shall become effective on July 1 of the same year. The CPI is a measure of the average change over time in the prices paid by urban consumers for a market basket of consumer goods and services. The CPI is used because it is a tool to measure inflation.

Section 3: Currently in Kentucky, according to KRS 337.275, the minimum wage is seven dollars and twenty-five cents (\$7.25) an hour and is directly connected to the federal minimum hourly wage as prescribed by 29 U.S.C. sec. 206(a)(1). Upon passage of this legislation, KRS 337.275 would be repealed.

Section 4: Beneficial effects of this legislation would be an increase of employee morale as a consequence of the raises, a probable increase in productivity, and a decrease in turnover. There would be some increase in the amount of payroll tax collected by local go

Section 5: Wages would be adjusted annually and changes would take effect every July 1. If the wage is deemed unlivable, the minimum wage could be changed by legislation.

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### **KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION**

## **KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY**

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Bluegrass Bill		Committee: ate 1
Sponsors: Liz Dickerson, Jane Zhang, kayla brown, Marie Whitehouse	Action o	on the Bill
School: Model Laboratory HS	House	Senate
City: Richmond	□ Passed □ Defeated	□ Passed □ Defeated

An act proposing an amendment to Section 49 of the Kentucky Constitution to state that Annual Actuarially Required Contributions (ARC) for all state pension programs are considered a form of debt in the State budget.

### Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky. It is proposed that Section 49 be rewritten as followed:

Section 2: The General Assembly may contract debts to meet casual deficits or failures in the revenue, including Annual Actuarially Required Contributions (ARC) for all State pension funds, but such debts, direct or contingent, singly or in the aggregate shall not at any time exceed five hundred thousand dollars, and the moneys arising from loans creating such debts shall only be applied to the purpose or purposes for which they were obtained, or to repay such debts: Provided, The General Assembly may contract debts to repel invasion, suppress insurrection, or, if hostilities are threatened, provide for the public defense.

Section 3: This amendment shall be submitted to the voters of the Commonwealth for their ratification or rejection at the time and in the manner provided for under Sections 256 and 257 and under KRS 118.415.

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### **KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION**

## **KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY**

Bluegrass Bill	Referred to Committee: House 4
Sponsors: Alex Jurado, Olivia Cseh	Action on the Bill
School: Oldham Co. HS	House Senate
City: Lagrange	Defeated Defeated
An Act Relating To Establishing Requirements and Penalties (	for Gun Owners Whose Weapons are Not

An Act Relating To Establishing Requirements and Penalties for Gun Owners Whose Weapons are Not Secured Correctly

### Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: This bill will require all firearms to be locked in a secure place that cannot be accessed by anyone other than the owner, as well as, fining any owner of a gun which is used in an accidental shooting.

Section 2: Currently, Kentucky is one of many states that does not force firearm owners to lock and secure their weapons. Firearm owners will be forced to place all firearms under lock and key. If standards are not met, the owner will be fined accordingly.

Section 3: Gun owners, as of now, in Kentucky are not required to keep firearms in a secure locked environment. When this bill is passed, all firearms will be set to lock and key standards (locks and safes should undergo inspection and be up to code). If not met, the owner will be fined up to \$1,000-\$7,500 for low capacity, semi automatic weapons. This can increased to \$2,000-\$15,000 for low/high capacity auto rifles.

Section 4: This bill will go into effect on January 1, 2020 to give adequate time for current gun owners to have an inspection on their holding equipment for their firearms.

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### **KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION**

BG	24
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Bluegrass Bill	Referred to Con	
Sponsors: Katie Bailey, Adelin Longhurst, Josie Bailey	Action or	the Bill
School: Oldham Co. HS	House	Senate
City: Lagrange	Passed Defeated	□ Passed □ Defeated

An Act Relating To Human Trafficking Checks During the Span of Kentucky Derby Events

### Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: Human trafficking is when people are illegally transported to a different area and are used for forced labor, slavery, and commercial sex. Children well under the age of 18, as well as adults are being trafficked in Kentucky. Between 2007 and 2017, there have been approximately 900 victims of human trafficking in kentucky alone (most being female and children). If the slight chance that the victim found alive, there are still many lasting and damaging effects to human trafficking. Such as physical damage and diseases, but also emotional effects such as PTSD or isolation.

Section 2: An act to create a law to reduce the amount of human trafficking in Kentucky, by targeting the date with the highest reports of trafficking: the Kentucky Derby. Each car will be searched before leaving the state, on major roads leading out of Kentucky, during the span of Kentucky Derby events. With the addition of cars being searched, law enforcement officers will patrolling Churchill Downs during the derby, looking for signs of human traffickers with victims. The Kentucky Derby is a time that human trafficking sharply increases. In 2016, 47% of the total human trafficking arrests were made during the weeks surrounding the Derby events.

Section 3: This guarantee of this bill's success will be supervised by law enforcement officers.

Section 4: The cost of this bill will be minimal due to the already high density of enforcement officers patrolling during Derby weekend.

Section 5: This bill will go into effect in January of 2020.

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### **KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION**

# KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Bluegrass Bill

Section 5: This bill will take effect on January 1 of the following year the bill is passed.

Blue	<b>BG 25</b>
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### Referred to Committee: Senate 3

2	Sponsors: Sarah Belcher, Riley Gilliam, Grant Holland, Isaiah Huffman School: Pikeville HS		n the Bill
9			Senate
ď	ity: Pikeville	□ Passed □ Defeated	□ Passed
1	An Act to tax e-cigarette products and increase the purc	hase age	
3	Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth	of Kentucky	
5 6 7 8	Section 1: All e-cigarettes, which include but are not limited to box vapes, Juuls, Blu sticks, vape mods, box mods, vape pens, and smoking coils, will be defined as tobac Bill 138.140 will also be applied.	•	•
9	Section 2: A 10% sales tax will be put on all e-cigarettes and vaping products	(refer to Section	1).
11 12 13	Section 3: All people who sell or distribute e-cigarettes and vaping products (a retail license for the product.	refer to Section 1	) must have
14	Section 4: The age to buy e-cigarettes and other vaping products will be raise	ed to 20 years of	age.

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### **KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION**

## **KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY**

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	G	<b>G</b> 2

Bluegrass Bill	Referred to Committee: Senate 4	
Sponsors: Caelia Hardaway, Darcy Komp, Megan Oechslin	Action o	n the Bill
School: Presentation Academy HS	House	Senate
City: Louisville	Passed	□ Passed □ Defeated

An Act Relating To Supplying Kentucky Business with Training and Pharmaceuticals to Reverse Opioid Overdoses

### Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: According to drugabuse.gov, Kentucky is among the top ten states with the highest opioid-related overdose deaths. In 2016, there were 989 opioid-related overdose deaths in Kentucky'a rate of 23.6 deaths per 100,000 persons and nearly double the national rate. When someone suffers an overdose attributed to opiods, administering the drug Naloxone can quickly reverse the effects of the overdose and save their life. Drugabuse.gov reports that because of the huge increase in overdose deaths from heroin and prescription opioid misuse, there has been greater demand for opioid overdose prevention services.

Section 2: Because many overdoses occur in public spaces such as restaurants, clubs, coffee shops, and other places of business, this law mandates that every business maintain a supply of Naloxone and have at least one person per shift trained to administer the drug. Through a partnership between the Kentucky Office of Drug Control Policy and the Kentucky Justice and Public Safety Cabinet, the Commonwealth will help offset the cost of the Naloxone for Kentucky businesses and will establish periodic training sessions throughout the state.

Section 3: Several states have instituted programs to aid in the fight against opioid addiction and overdose. For example, New York has begun building drug overdose rescue kits and funding training sessions on how to administer Naloxone. Programs such as the one proposed through this bill can be expensive. This proposal will be funded through a portion of the \$10,582,093 in federal grant money that Kentucky has received from The Department of Health and Human Services this year.

Section 4: This bill shall take effect on January 1, 2020.

KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION		Red	Red   BG 27	
S.	KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Bluegrass Bill		Committee:	
Sponsors: Kailyn Je	ekel, Jolie Parker, Ta'Neisha Williams,	Action o	on the Bill	
School: Presentation	on Academy HS	House	Senate	
City: Louisville		— □ Passed □ Defeated	□ Passed □ Defeated	

An Act Relating To Funding the Closure of Kentucky Puppy Mills

### Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: Puppy mills, establishments that breed puppies for sale typically in conditions regarded as inhumane, can be found in every state. A simple google search uncovers numerous articles and reports on Kentucky puppy mills. Even once someone is convicted of animal cruelty charges based on breeding practices, the cost of shutting down the mill can stand in the way of justice.

Section 2: Shutting down puppy mills can cost up to \$70,000 in shelter, food, and medical expenses for the rescued dogs. Many animal shelters cannot take in the dogs because they do not have enough money to care for puppy mill dogs that are often in poor health. Upon passage of this bill, the Commonwealth of Kentucky will help fund puppy mill closures through the earmarking of a small portion of the money collected through veterinarian and pet licensing fees. The state will also build partnerships with various regional animal shelters to help offset the cost of housing rescued dogs.

Section 3: To allow time to gather funding and build partnerships, this bill shall take effect on January 1, 2020.

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### **KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION**

# KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Bluegrass Bill

**Sponsors:** Jessie Bryant, Morgan Loy, Elly Richardson, Dawson Hayden

Section 5: This bill will go into effect on December 1st, 2019.

Red l	BG	7	Ç
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## Referred to Committee: House 1

**Action on the Bill** 

!	School: Russell Co. HS	House	Senate
	City: Russell Springs	□ Passed □ Defeated	□ Passed
1	An act to tax opioid drugs		
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3	Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth	of Kentucky	
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5	Section 1: Each opioid pill in a container sold to a citizen of Kentucky would be taxe	d, giving the gover	nment aid in
6	setting up addiction programs at recovery centers funded by these very taxes.		
7			
8	Section 2: With this tax on the prescription pills rehab facilities would be buil	t to help opioid a	ddicts
9	recover and go back into the workforce.		
10		, <del></del> .	
11	Section 3: A 1 cent tax will be placed on each scheduled drug in the state of I	•	•
12	gathered by the government would go to an earmarked grant, applied for by I	ocal municipalities	s and county
13	governments for the building of drug treatment facilities.		
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15	Section 4: This tax of one cent per pill would be paid for by the purchaser. The	ere would be no c	OST
16	otherwise to the citizens of Kentucky.		
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### **KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION**

# **Bluegrass Bill**

Section 5: This law will go into effect January 1st, 2019.

## **Referred to Committee:** House 4

9	Sponsors: Will Prayer, Cole Murray	Action on the Bill	
9	School: Russell HS	House	Senate
(	City: Russell	Defeated	□ Passed
1 2	An act relating to implementing zoning policies to prevent future businesses school zone	that sell alcohol to	build in a
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4	Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth	of Kentucky	
5	•	•	
6 7 8	Section 1: This bill will require future businesses that sell alcohol from building in a zone.	1000 feet radius fror	m a school
9	Section 2: Currently, the Kentucky Alcohol Beverage Control distributes liquor	licenses for husine	SSES
10	wishing to sell alcoholic beverages. Our bill proposes that, if alcohol-selling be		
11	within 1000 foot radius of a school zone, the Kentucky Alcohol Beverage Con		
12	a liquor license. This would mitigate the deleterious effects of alcohol on unde	•	•
13	district.	J	
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15	Section 3: Current businesses or businesses in construction would adhere to p	previous law, but ou	ır bill
16	would prevent future businesses from constructing near a school zone.		
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18 19	Section 4: This law will require no funding.		

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# KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Bluegrass Bill

## **Referred to Committee:** House 3

	=:a= <b>g</b> : a== =	House	2 3
2	iponsors: Amie Boakye, Emma Talbott, Kate Saylor, Reese Quinlan	Action on	the Bill
2	ichool: Sacred Heart Academy	House	<b>Senate</b> ☐ Passed
d	City: Louisville	Defeated _	Defeated
1 2	An Act Relating To Prohibiting the Use of Solitary Confinement for	youth in Kentucky	
3 4	Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth	n of Kentucky	
5 6 7	Section 1: A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 208 IS CREATED TO READ AS FOLLO ban the use of solitary confinement.	WS: A therapeutic pro	gram to
8 9 10	Section 2: This program will give juvenile offenders the necessary needs and an education, and help the prevention of mental health disorders.	requirements for dev	elopment,
11 12 13	Section 3: This program will solve the problem of crime in offenders instead of the for themselves.	f leaving them feelir	ig useless
14 15	Section 4: Jails found in penalty of this implementation will be fined \$10,000		
16 17 18 19	Section 5: The cost \$75,000 per prisoner'about three times the average cost curved. Therapy can be found from \$900 to \$1800 per year dropping the rattremendously.		
20 21	Section 6: Will be overseen by the Department of Juvenile Justice and Stop Sc	olitary for Kids.	
22	Section 7: This act will take effect on March 1st 2019.		

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Red   BG 31
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Bluegrass Bill	Referred to Committee: Senate 4
Sponsors: Melissa Shane, Cate Goodman, Coby Cummins, Levy Deckard	Action on the Bill
School: Sayre School HS	House Senate
City: Lexington	Defeated Defeated

An Act to Re-Establish the Civilian Conservation Corps in Kentucky

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### Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: The Civilian Conservation Corps, a program designed to provide the underemployed or unemployed with an assigned job in which they will complete for a weekly payment, modeled after the agency bearing the same name created during the Great Depression is re-established.

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Section 2: The Corps will improve rates of unemployment and environmental protection efforts within Kentucky by hiring those unemployed or underemployed to do basic tasks relating to conservation.

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Section 3: Once enrolled the unemployed or underemployed citizen will be assigned a job. The offered jobs include: the treatment of plants to prevent disease or pests using fertilizer and/or insecticide, maintenance of the paths and trails of public parks, forestation of state-held land, and any other task with connection to the previously stated jobs that is deemed necessary at that time.

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Section 4: A position created to lead the organization in finding tasks suitable for the program known as 'President of the Civilian Conversation Corps'. This person would have a different salary, work hours, and tasks than the rest of the employees due to the natur

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Section 5: Each enrollee will work for 7 hours, 4 days a week, and the government will provide the funding from taxes and current treasury holding for the required tools and project over-viewers of the Civilian Conservation Corps.

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Section 6: Funding for the Corps would be allocated from the state budget and from donations made to conservation efforts; 85% of funds given to the Corps are guaranteed for the wages of the workers.

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Section 7: In employing citizens there may be no discrimination in accordance with the State employment law, but no person under conviction of a crime or serving a criminal sentence shall be eligible for employment within the core.

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Section 8: A maximum number of employees shall be set each year by the Commonwealth of Kentucky Labor Cabinet to avoid over-spending.

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Section 9: Upon being signed into law, this bill would go into effect on July 1st, 2019.

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## **KENTLICKY VOLITH VCCEMBI A**

BG	<b>32</b>
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Bluegrass Bill		Committee: ate 2
Sponsors: Landin Stadnyk, Caleb McClellan, Santana Kavanaugh, Leo Gogol	Action o	on the Bill
School: Scott Co. HS	House	Senate
City: Georgetown	Passed Defeated	\( \square\) Passed \( \square\) Defeated

An Act Relating to Allowing Minors Under the Age of 18 to Run for Select Offices

### Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: This bill would amend KRS 160.180(2) and KRS 83A.040(1) to allow all those above the age of 15 to run for School Board Member and Mayor, respectively.

Section 2: KRS 161.180(2) shall be amended to read in full: Must be at least 15 years of age and a citizen of Kentucky for at least 3 years preceding the election. Candidates who have reached the voting age, must be a voter of the district for which he is elected, completed at least the 12th grade or has been issued a GED certificate or has received a high school diploma in the external diploma program, and files an affidavit certifying completion of the 12th grade or the equivalent with his nominating petition AND files a transcript evidencing completion of the 12th grade or results of a 12th grade equivalency examination. The candidate must not hold any elective federal, state, county, or city office; or at the time of election is directly or indirectly interested in the sale to the board of services, supplies, or equipment purchased with school funds, nor has been removed from a board of education for cause, nor has a relative employed by the school district.

Section 3: KRS 83A.0400(1) shall be amended to read in full: 'Must be at least 15 years of age, a resident of the city for not less than 1 year prior to his or her election, and shall reside in the city throughout his term of office. For those who have reached the age of voting, must be a qualified voter in the city.'

Section 4: Voting turnouts in Age Code 1 (17-24) from years 2011-2016 Primary and General Elections average 17.2%. With non-presidential years such as 2011 Primary, 2011 General, and 2015 Primary hitting 3.4%, 4.7%, and 4.4%, respectively. And presidential years suc

Section 5: The funding for the increased costs of employing office personnel necessary for the conduct of elections, including registration of voters in the county, ballot machines, and voting locations, shall be reimbursed to the county clerk in ordinance with 31 KAR 4:020.

Section 6: This bill will go into effect December 31, 2018.

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### **KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION**

BG	3	3
	BG	BG 3

Bluegrass Bill		Committee: se 4
Sponsors: Grace Campbell, Amber Lawson	Action on the Bill	
School: Scott Co. HS	House	Senate
City: Georgetown	□ Passed □ Defeated	□ Passed □ Defeated

An Act Relating To Prevention of the Funding of Planned Parenthood

Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: Planned Parenthood Federation of America, Inc. is a non profit organization that conducts research within, and provides advice on: contraception, reproductive issues, and family planning. Defunding Planned Parenthood means that patients will not get the benefits such as the advice mentioned above; birth control, sexual education, screening for reproductive cancers (this includes breast, cervical, testicular, and prostate cancers), pap tests and well woman visits, HIV and STD testing and treatment, and much more. In 2016, Planned Parenthood carried out 281,063 pap tests, 4,434,039 STI tests and treatments, and 2,701,866 birth control information and services. Planned Parenthood offers reduced prices for patients, which is highly beneficial. For many women, Planned Parenthood is the only way they can afford to receive their basic preventive health care, and six out of ten women consider Planned Parenthood their main source of healthcare.

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Section 2: If this bill were to pass, this bill would prevent funds being cut away from Planned Parenthood clinics in Kentucky so patients can receive resources from the clinics.

Section 3: There are no additional funds needed. Planned Parenthood Federation of America, Inc. currently is funded by government reimbursements such as Medicaid, private donations, and non-government revenue.

Section 4: This bill will be enacted January 1, 2019 upon being passed.

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## **KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY**

Red	BG 34
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Bluegrass Bill		Committee: use 2
Sponsors: Grayson Wise, Autumn Matney, Mikayla Warren	Action o	n the Bill
School: Taylor Co. HS	House	Senate
City: Campbellsville	☐ Passed☐ ☐ Defeated☐	□ Passed

An act to require the public school calendar to begin later in the year.

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### Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: This bill is to require all public schools in Kentucky to begin the school year no sooner than September 1st. Schools must still be in session for the required number of days set by the state.

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Section 2: The state of Kentucky has many tourist attractions and state parks. Starting the school year later will provide a better window of time for travel and tourism within our state. Also, the schedule will be more convenient for all parties involved in regard to weather. This will ultimately boost the economy of Kentucky tourism.

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Section 3: This bill would be of minimal cost and eventually lead to increased revenue for the state.

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Section 4: This bill will go into effect for the 2020-2021 school year.

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### **KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION**

# KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Bluegrass Bill

### Referred to Committee: Senate 2

Sponsors: Cheyanne Ward, Marissa Snow, Kalyann Meece, Shelby Wilcoxson		Action on the Bill	
2	ichool: Trimble Co. HS	House	Senate
d	City: Bedford	Defeated	□ Passed □ Defeated
1 2	An act that requires each student to have at least one (1) 'life skills' credit	to graduate high s	chool.
3	Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth	of Kentucky	
5 6 7	Section 1: Before any student is able to graduate high school and receive a high scholeast taken one(1) life skills class and earned a credit by passing this class.	ol diploma, they mu	st have at
8 9 10 11	Section 2: The funds will be acquired by taking 10% of the unclaimed lottery m Kentucky and distributing it based upon need to pay these teachers as well as teach these classes.	•	
12 13 14	Section 3: This class would be a full school year class and grades would be det (50% or above would pass and 49% or less would fail).	ermined through p	ass or fail

Section 4: The curriculum would include but would not be limited to basic skills in; cooking, cleaning, first

Section 5: This bill will go into effect at the beginning of the 2019-2020 school year.

aid and medicine, auto-mechanics, and social interaction

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### **KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION**

# KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Bluegrass Bill

## **Referred to Committee:** House 2

	Diucyi ass biii	House 2		
	Sponsors: Davis Wilmes, John Mackey	Action on the Bil		
	School: Trinity HS – Louisville	House Senate		
	City: Louisville	Passed Passe Defeated Defeated		
1 2	An Act Relating To The Legalization of Casino Gambling in	Kentucky		
3 4	Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth	of Kentucky		
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7 8	casino. Private business owners will have the right to decide where to construct the	ir casinos.		
9 10	Section 2: The Commonwealth of Kentucky will create a Casino Control Comm	ssion to monitor this.		
11 12	Section 3: Any private casino owners who do not report their income correctly from the IRS for this offense.	will face the current penalty		

Section 4: Customers at each casino are required to report any winnings above \$1,500 as income. If winnings are equal to or greater than this amount are not reported, the winner will face the current

consequences for income tax evasion.

Section 5: This bill will take effect on January 1, 2020.

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# **Bluegrass Bill**

### Referred to Committee: Senate 4

<b>Sponsors:</b> macy tomlinson, Caroline McDonald, Ben Coburn, Sophia Olivia		Action on the Bill	
S	chool: Villa Madonna Academy HS	House	Senate
C	ity: Villa Hills	□ Passed _ □ Defeated _	□ Passed
1 2 3	An Act Relating To Offer Voluntary Lethal Injection to Criminals Sentenced to instead of Capital Punishment or Life Sentence.		ut Parole,
4	Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth	of Kentucky	
6 7	Section 1: Lethal injections will be offered to persons serving life sentences.		
8 9	Section 2: Inmates with life sentences who may choose lethal injection have 3	O days to decide.	
10 11 12	Section 3: Those who choose lethal injection will have seven days in which to for final words and goodbyes.	take their injection,	to allow
13 14 15	Section 4: The \$200 cost will be paid for by the inmate or his/her family. Those continue serving their life sentence.	se unable to afford v	will
16	Section 5: This bill will go into effect January 1, 2019.		

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#### KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION

# **KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY**

Red	BG 3	8
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Bluegrass Bill	Referred to Committee House 4	
Sponsors: Reese Holtzman, Sophie Holtzman, Emma Davis, Hannah Willmott	Action on the Bill	
School: Villa Madonna Academy HS	House Senate	
City: Villa Hills	Defeated Defeated	

An Act To Require All Drug Stores to Carry the Overdose Reversal Drug 'Naloxone'

#### Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: Naloxone, also known as narcan, is a prescription medication that can reverse an overdose caused by an opioid drug. It is currently available in only 40 drug stores/pharmacies throughout Kentucky.

Section 2: In 2016, there were 1.404 deaths due to heroin overdoses. These deaths count for the total deaths of Kentucky residents and non Kentucky residents who died in Kentucky. 47% of those deaths involved heroin or fentanyl and 76% involved morphine, which metabolizes as heroin.

Section 3: According to KRS 218A.133 ('Good Samaritan Law), if someone is seeking assistance with an overdose, they are exempted from prosecution for possession of controlled substance or drug paraphernalia, therefore, the users receive legal immunity if they report an overdose victim. A user in need of professional medical assistance for an overdose will not be arrested if they are in possession of any type of illegal drugs. 'A person shall not be charged with or prosecuted for a criminal offense prohibiting the possession of a controlled substance or the possession of drug paraphernalia if: In good faith, medical assistance with a drug overdose is sought from a public safety answering point, emergency medical services, a law enforcement officer, or a health practitioner because the person: Requests emergency medical assistance for himself or herself or another person; Acts in concert with another person who requests emergency assistance; or Appears to be in need of emergency medical assistance and is the individual for whom the request is made

Section 4: According to Kentucky Senate Bill 192, heroin traffickers will face stiffer penalties, the use of naloxone will be more authorized, communities will be allowed the option of putting up more needle exchanges, and naloxone will be put in the hands of first.

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#### **KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION**

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BG 39

Bluegrass Bill	Referred to Committee: Senate 4	
Sponsors: Abby McKinley, Camryn McPherson, Ellie Rice, Aiden Stewart	Action on the Bill	
School: Walton-Verona HS	House	Senate
City: Walton	☐ ☐ Passed ☐ ☐ Defeated	□ Passed

An Act Relating To An Amendment o Section 145 of the Constitution of Kentucky relating to lowering the voting registration age to 16

#### Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: It is proposed that Section 145 of the Constitution of Kentucky be amended to read as follows: Authorizes a person to sign up to register to vote upon turning 16 years old, but provides that such persons are not added to the official list of registered voters until the person will be at least 18 years old by the next election.

Section 2: Exempts the information related to voter registration from the inclusion on the jury source list until the person reaches age 18.

Section 3: This amendment shall be submitted to the voters of the Commonwealth for their ratification or rejection at the time and in the manner provided for under Section 145 of the Constitution and under KRS 116.025, 116.045, 116.055.

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Bluegrass Bill	Referred to Committee: Senate 2 Action on the Bill	
Sponsors: Emelia Sprinkle, Brianne Lacefield, Ian Carr, Tyler Baker		
School: Woodford Co. HS	House	Senate
City: Versailles	□ Passed □ Defeated	□ Passed □ Defeated

An Act relating to hemp farming restrictions

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#### Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: Currently, 210 farmers are licensed to grow hemp in Kentucky, in compliance with KRS 260.850 to 260.869. This bill would allow farming businesses to obtain hemp growing licenses with fewer restrictions. This will, however, keep the same requirements on the plant's composition.

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Section 2: While hemp and its more famous cousin, marijuana, are both varieties of cannabis sativa, they're different in a number of ways. Marijuana consists of up to 30% THC while hemp only contains a mere 0.3% . THC, or tetrahydrocannabinol, is the chemical compound in cannabis responsible for a euphoric high, and as the THC level of hemp is so low, there is no possible way to get intoxicated from the plant.

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Section 3: The price of hemp per pound ranges up to \$50 dollars for only the flowers, not to mention the fibers of the plant. This profit can further be expanded by turning the flower into oil, increasing the profit almost sevenfold. If hemp is made more widespread for farmers, it could massively increase the amount of profit middle Kentuckians could make per acre of land compared to now.

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Section 4: KRS 260.862 is amended to read as follows: Delete (2)(b) Any person seeking to cultivate industrial hemp shall provide to the department the legal description and global positioning coordinates sufficient for locating the fields or greenhouses

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Section 5: This bill will go into effect on August 1st, 2019.

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#### **KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION**

# KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Commonwealth Bill

Red	CW	1
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### Referred to Committee: Senate 3

	Sen	ate 3
Sponsors: Jerica Eaton, Nathaniel Stinson	Action o	on the Bill
School: Allen Co Scottsville HS	House	Senate
City: Scottsville		=

An Act Relating To the taxation of disposable bags at places of business

#### Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: This bill would impose an excise tax on certain carryout bags provided to customers at certain retail establishments and other places of business. It would require certain retail establishments to collect the carryout bag tax and remit the tax to the state. The consumer would pay the tax to the retailer, who would remit it periodically to the Kentucky Department of Revenue. This would not change any provision in KRS Chapter 138. It would be an addition.

Section 2: A disposable bag would be defined as anything not reusable or biodegradable, that would be considered harmful to the environment.

Section 3: As introduced, the tax would take effect on January 1, 2020. As a flat tax on the provision of each bag irrespective of its cost or value, this tax qualifies as an excise tax.:

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## KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Commonwealth Bill

Blue	CW	2
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### Referred to Committee: House 1

Commonwealth bin	Hou	ise 1
Sponsors: Rachel Barber, Nicole Shariat, Mackenzie Antle	Action o	n the Bill
School: Assumption HS	House	Senate
City: Louisville	☐ ☐ Passed _ ☐ Defeated _	□ Passed □ Defeated

An Act Relating To Require Licenses for Possession of Firearms

#### Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: In light of the continued increase in gun violence throughout the commonwealth, a license requirement for the possession and purchase of firearms in the state of Kentucky is needed. Since 2014, there have been 4,413 gun related incidents, resulting in 1,184 deaths with 197 occurring in 2018 alone. Kentucky is ranked 13th highest in the nation for gun violence. These numbers, tragic as they are, can be reduced by requiring licenses for all Kentuckians who choose to purchase or possess firearms. While registration of firearms is common, requiring a license is critical as it will focus on the person and not just on the weapon.

Section 2: Licenses required for the purchase and possession of firearms will be classified by the gun's capacity. In order to purchase or possess all types of lawful firearms, one must acquire a Class A license. In order to purchase or possess non-large capacity weapons, handguns, and any rifle or shotgun, one must acquire a Class B license. A Firearm Identification card, or FID, allows those who acquire it to purchase or posses rifles and shotguns, not including large capacity weapons.

Section 3: In order to receive a license, one must apply to the Kentucky State Police Department. Each applicant will undergo a background check, and the state police will have 40 days to either reward or deny the applicant a license. If the applicant seeks to obtain a Class A license, he or she must also undergo safety training. License renewal is required every five years.

Section 4: If one desires to purchase a handgun, a separate purchase permit must be acquired from the Kentucky State Police Department for this transaction. The permit is only good for one handgun and expires in 25 days.

Section 5: If one is found to be without a license or an expired license, but still in possession of a firearm, the weapon or weapons will be confiscated, and he or she will be fined no less than \$500 and not more than \$10,000.

Section 6: The cost of the initial license will be \$40 for a Class A, and \$30 for Class B or FID. The renewal fee will be \$20. The cost of a handqun purchase permit will be \$20.

Section 7: This bill will be enacted 90 days after passing and gun owners have one year from this date to acquire appropriate licenses.

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#### **KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION**

# KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Commonwealth Bill

<b>Red   CW 3</b>
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### Referred to Committee: House 4

Commonwealth bin	Hou	ise 4
Sponsors: Cailin McDonald, Hunter Bargo	Action o	n the Bill
School: Barbourville City School	House	Senate
City: Barbourville	Passed Defeated	□ Passed □ Defeated

An Act Relating To the use of long-term solitary confinement in Kentucky State Prisons

#### Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: This bill will ban the use of long-term solitary confinement in Kentucky State Prisons.

Section 2: Solitary confinement is the practice of restricting prisoners in small, barren cells where they are restricted for up to 23 hours a day. A sentence of solitary confinement is considered long term if it is more than 15 days.

Section 3: This bill will come at no costs to the state. On average it costs \$75,000 per year to house a prisoner in solitary confinement compared to the \$25,000 per year to house an inmate in the general population.

Section 4: This bill will go into effect in January 2020. This is to allow prisons a sufficient amount of time to change discipline procedures as needed.

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#### **KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION**

## Commonwealth Bill

Red | CW 4

### Referred to Committee: Senate 4

	Jenate 4
Sponsors: Jaley Adkins	Action on the Bill
School: Belfry HS	House Senate
City: Belfry	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \
An Act Polating To Freeing and Protecting low	nalists From Prosperation Polated to their Field of Poporting

An Act Relating To Freeing and Protecting Journalists From Prosecution Related to their Field of Reporting

#### Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: It is the responsibility of journalists to provide information of public interest; however, this is becoming increasingly difficult as litigation is becoming weaponized against journalists. Due to this, journalists are being forced to refrain from publishing stories because of fear of prosecution.

Section 2: Journalism is seen as a backbone of democracy to many. In order to create a better, more informed Kentucky, it is important our journalists feel secure in their field and pursuit of the truth.

Section 3: This bill offers journalists protection from prosecution and other legal processes when the evidence is subjective. This will also free journalists from all prosecution related to a published or aired opinion article or segment, giving them more freedom to express their opinion. Additionally, this bill will take away the rights of establishments and companies to refuse to publish due to unshared opinions or beliefs. The passage of this bill would also reinforce reporter's privilege in Court.

Section 4: To clarify this bill does not protect journalists should they publish or air works containing perjury, harassment, extortion, threats, obscenity, blackmail, defamation, and incitations of violence.

Section 5: Enacting this bill requires no funding.

Section 6: Any statute contrary to this Act shall be amended or repealed.

Section 7: This will go into effect the January 1st after its passage.

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the	N. S. M.

Blue	CW 5
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Commonwealth Bill	Referred to Committee: Senate 1	
Sponsors: Meg Redding, Haley Owen, Matthew Foster, Derek Kesler	Action o	n the Bill
School: Bullitt Central HS	House	Senate
City: Shepherdsville		□ Passed □ Defeated

An Act Relating To the Dissociation of Coal Mining

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#### Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: This legislation seeks establish a new legal entity to oversee and appropriate funds to developmental projects throughout coal country statewide.

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Section 2: As time passes, the coal industry grows weary. Overall coal production in Kentucky has decreased in output 11% on a year-over-year basis between 2000 and 2018. Average employment has dropped from 18,069 in 2011, to just 6,603 in 2017. These facts illustrate an obvious decline in the coal based job market, which ultimately contributes to economic decline and poverty in small towns.

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Section 3: This commission would contribute to economic stability, as well as educational and career transitions, and will focus on GED/Post-Secondary opportunities, as well as infrastructural development in economically distressed coal based areas statewide.

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Section 4: This legislation will allocate funds derived from federal and state grants, as well as private and corporate donations. It will follow the economic model of and receive grants from the Appalachian Regional Commission.

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Section 5: If enacted, this bill will go into effect January 1st, 2020.

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#### **KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION**

## Commonwealth Bill

Red	CW	6
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### Referred to Committee: Senate 5

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Sponsors: Haylee Winters, Sydney Winters	Action o	n the Bill
School: Craft Academy - Morehead State	House	Senate
City: Morehead	☐ Passed☐ Passed☐ ☐ Defeated☐	□ Passed □ Defeated

An Act Relating To The Installation of Fire Sprinkler Systems in New Constructions of Residential Buildings

#### Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: Ninety-three percent (93%) of all civilian structure fire deaths occur in residential buildings. In 2017, 2,291 people died in the United States from residential fires. Thirty-nine (39) of those deaths were in Kentucky.

Section 2: Using residential sprinkler systems could greatly decrease the number of fatalities and lower the cost of damage in the event of a fire. Chances of surviving a residential fire increase by 80% when a sprinkler system is present. The system would control the flames and allow adequate time for residents to escape the building.

Section 3: Property loss is reduced by 71% in home fires when a sprinkler system is present. This is because sprinkler systems use about eight and a half times less water than used during firefighting, which would cause less damage.

Section 4: The average cost of a sprinkler system is \$1.35 per square foot of the building. The builder or homeowner of the new construction shall provide the funds required to install sprinkler systems into new constructions of residential buildings. By installing

Section 5: NFPA outlines three standards for residential buildings: 13, 13R, and 13D. The different standards are applied to buildings based on building type with accordance to the 2018 Kentucky International Building Codes, 2018 Kentucky International Residential Building Codes, and NFPA 13, 13R, and 13D.

Section 6: The local authority having jurisdiction, i.e. city fire marshal and building code enforcement department, will enforce the provisions of this act.

Section 7: This Act, upon passage, will go into effect January 1, 2019. Projects under construction up to the effective date of this Act will be exempt from the provisions of this Act.



### KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Commonwealth Bill

Red	CW	7
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### Referred to Committee: House 5

	House 5	
Sponsors: Leanna Shelton, Alayna Bennett, Adeline Fish	Action o	n the Bill
School: Craft Academy - Morehead State	House	Senate
City: Morehead	Passed Defeated	□ Passed □ Defeated

An Act Relating To The Juvenile Justice Reform Act

#### Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: In Kentucky, there were a little more than 1 million minors in juvenile detention centers as of 2017. Children that have been in juvenile detention centers have lower rates of employment as a result of their limited education, low job skill levels, and the prevalence of physical and mental health problems.

Section 2: The Juvenile Justice Reform Act requires the Office of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention to develop objectives, priorities, strategies, and long-term plans for adolescents, and to consider scientific knowledge regarding: (1) adolescent development and behavior; and (2) the effects of delinquency prevention programs and juvenile justice interventions on adolescents.

Section 3: The Juvenile Justice Reform Act requires there be professionals trained in mental health, substance abuse, domestic abuse and a variety of other areas that these adolescents may have struggled with available to them.

Section 4: The Juvenile Justice Reform Act is designed to get juveniles into programs that would benefit their futures.

Section 5: This act proposes to have all of the resources required in the Juvenile Justice Reform Act be made available through the halfway house. Resources would include: child psychologists, substance abuse professionals, and job counselors.

Section 6: Once enacted, newly released juveniles would go to a halfway house where they would receive guidance, education, and discipline from a multitude of professionals listed in the Juvenile Justice Reform Act. Having these resources readily available to adolescents would lower the chance of repeated offense and increase community involvement and education.

Section 7: Halfway houses under this act would specialize in developing minds and teach adolescents emotional intelligence, financial skills, and potentially offer a path to higher education or trade school.

Section 8: This act would facilitate the incorporation of halfway house residents into the community by delegating community service projects, internship opportunities, and job interviews those on good behavior. This incorporation would serve to increase social intelligence amond deliqunt juveniles and allow for a smoother transition into society.

Section 9: The annual cost of youth incarceration for a single individual is estimated at \$113,000 annually. Sixty-six percent (66%) of juveniles are shown to become repeat offenders within 48 months. Halfway houses are a way to decrease the cost of incarceration an

Section 10: This act, upon passage, would go into effect in January 1, 2020.

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# **KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY**

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Commonwealth Bill		use 3	
Sponsors: Brandon Brooks, David Eckl, Will Drury, Otis Milliken	Action o	Action on the Bill	
School: DuPont Manual HS	House	Senate	
City: Louisville	□ Passed □ Defeated	□ Passed □ Defeated	

An Act Relating To Statewide and Federal Ballots

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#### Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 117 IS CREATED TO READ AS FOLLOWS: 1) Every ballot on which names of candidates for any statewide office, United States Senator, United States Representative, or President appear shall contain for each office an additional line placed at the end of the listed names that a voter may choose for that office. This line shall read 'None of these candidates.' 2) Every sample ballot or other information provided by the Secretary of State for public availability to voters shall explain that a voter may only choose 'None of these candidates' if the voter has not chosen any other candidate for that office. 3) Only votes cast for named candidates shall be counted in the determination of results of any nomination or election of statewide officers, United States Senator, or President, but the number of votes for 'None of these candidates' for any of these offices shall be provided along with the number of votes for named candidates in every posting of results of those elections.

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Section 2: This bill will go into effect on June 1, 2019.

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#### **KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION**

## KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY

Blue	CW	9
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### **Referred to Committee:**

Commonwealth Bill	Sen	ate 3
Sponsors: Emma Fridy, Sterling Chancy, Taylor Price	Action o	n the Bill
School: DuPont Manual HS	House	Senate
City: Louisville	□ Passed □ Defeated	□ Passed □ Defeated

An Act Relating To the Expansion of the Department of Workplace Standards Regarding OSHA complaints and making an Appropriation Therefore

#### Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 338.043 IS CREATED TO READ AS FOLLOWS: 1) The Department of Workplace Standards shall be expanded by five (5) employees. 2) These additional staff shall assist employees in their efforts to file safety and health complaints through OSHA or other federal agencies to assure compliance with industrial health and safety regulations. 3) These additional expenditures shall be financed by funds collected for the special fund pursuant to KRS 342.122.

Section 2: There is appropriated to the Department of Workplace Standards from the Special Fund pursuant to KRS 342.122 \$850,000 in fiscal year 2018-2019 for the purposes of the aforesaid expansion of the Department of Workplace Standards. Notwithstanding KRS 45.229, any appropriation unexpended at the end of fiscal year 2018-2019 shall not lapse but shall be carried forward into the next fiscal year. Said appropriation shall renew annually upon the start of the fiscal year.

Section 3: This Act takes effect July 1, 2019.

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#### **KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION**

# KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Commonwealth Bill

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### Referred to Committee: Senate 2

Commonwealth bin	Sen	ate 2
Sponsors: Moyo Olayemi, Nicole White, Faith Evanson	Action o	on the Bill
School: DuPont Manual HS	House	Senate
City: Louisville	Passed Defeated	□ Passed □ Defeated

An Act Relating To Providing Subsidies for Grocers in Food Insecure Areas

#### Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: WHEREAS; understanding that food insecurity, the state of being without reliable access to a sufficient quantity of affordable, nutritious food, is an epidemic within the state of Kentucky, and Food deserts refer to these areas affected by food insecurity.

Section 2: A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 47 IS CREATED TO READ AS FOLLOWS: 1) The state shall provide subsidies, government-granted sums of money, to grocers that develop stores in areas of the state that are most affected by food insecurity and 2) provide bonuses to grocers that supply goods produced in the state of Kentucky.

Section 3: Grocers qualify for these grants under the circumstances that they are located in an area defined as a food desert, and they provide fresh, healthy food.

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Commonwealth Bill	Referred to Committee: House 2
Sponsors: Scott Dinh, Nimrit Singh, Sebastian Brightwell, Luke Latto	Action on the Bill
School: DuPont Manual HS	House Senate
City: Louisville	Defeated Defeated

An Act Relating To Increasing the Punishment for Adults DUI with Children in the Vehicle

#### Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: The abbreviation DUI refers to driving under the influence of alcohol with a blood alcohol concentration (BAC) of 0.08% or more or driving under the influence of any substances that impair driving ability, including illegal drugs, prescription drugs, over-the-counter medications, and/or inhalants such as glue, gasoline, spray paint, etc.

Section 2: KRS 189A.010 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS: Delete (11)(f): For purposes of this section, aggravating circumstances are any one (1) or more of the following: Operating a motor vehicle that is transporting a passenger under the age of twelve (12) years old.

Section 3: A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 189A IS CREATED TO READ AS FOLLOWS: Any adult driver convicted of DUI with a child under the age of 18 in the car will be subject to heightened punishment. This DUI will be considered a Class D felony if it is the first offense. If the DUI is a repeated offense it will be charged as an aggravated DUI.

Section 4: This bill will go into effect June 1, 2019.

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#### **KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION**

### **KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY**

Blue	CW	12
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Commonwealth Bill	Referred to Committee: House 4
Sponsors: Lauren Ballance, Madison Harrison, Alex Shae Horn, Emma Rose Vincent	Action on the Bill
School: Edmonson Co. HS	House Senate
City: Brownsville	Defeated Defeated

An Act Relating to Requiring all High School Seniors to be CPR Certified Before Graduation

#### Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: AN ACT PROPOSING THAT KRS SECTION 158.302 BE AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS: Cardiopulmonary resuscitation certification is a requirement for all high school students. There should be one person per school district that has received the instructor certification to CPR certify the students. This requires one of two courses. One is through American Heart Association and is labeled 'Core Instructor Course.' The second course is through Red Cross and is labeled 'Fundamentals of Instructor Training.' Red Cross requires a preinstructor exam. The certification would be taught by the school nurse, physical education, or health teachers. The teaching certification has to be renewed every two years. The student CPR certification would be valid for two years after their course.

Section 2: This Act shall take effect January 1, 2019.

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#### **KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION**

## KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Commonwealth Bill

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### **Referred to Committee:**Senate 5

	Sena	ite 5
Sponsors: Emma Tompkins, Luke Logan, JT Bryant, Jazmine Bailey	Action o	n the Bill
School: Elizabethtown HS	House	Senate
City: Elizabethtown	Defeated	□ Passed
1 AN ACT TO AUTHORIZE ORGAN DONATION OF CONVICTED FELONS 2	USING THE A.O.D ME	THOD

#### Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: Prisoners that are sentenced to 35 or more years without parole have the option to donate their organs using the Anesthetic Organ Donation Method (AOD).

Section 2: If a prisoner applies for the program they must serve at least 10 years of their sentence and pass a medical examination once the 10 years are complete.

Section 3: The medical examination includes tests that will show signs of smoking, drug, and alcohol abuse that could potentially damage their organs.

Section 4: This act is optional for private practices, but requires state employed medical professionals to perform the organ removal procedure.

Section 5: If a state licensed doctor refuses to carry out the procedure the punishments are as follows: First offense - \$5,000 fine. Second offense - \$10,000 fine Third offense - \$15,000 fine. After the third offense - fines will increase by \$50,000

Section 6: Accepted prisoners will be put on general anesthesia and their organs will be removed and then donated to UNOS for distribution.

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#### **KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION**

# Commonwealth Bill

Blue	CW 14
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### Referred to Committee: Senate 4

Commonwealth bin	Senate 4
Sponsors: Katie Noland, Ashelyn Leiby	Action on the Bill
School: Elizabethtown HS	House Senate
City: Elizabethtown	

An act requiring pregnant women to be drug tested twice within their pregnancy

#### Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: Every 25 minutes a baby is born addicted to a drug. To prevent babies from being born addicted to drugs, our bill would start treating the babies before they are born. We are requiring that the pregnant mother be drug tested once in first trimester and once during the second trimester. If one of the tests comes back testing positive for any illegal substance or a drug that can be harmful to the child then the mother will have to continue to take the drug test until it comes back clean before treatment can begin.

Section 2: The average cost of a drug test in Kentucky is \$75, however this cost can be covered by insurance since it is required for medical purposes. If the mother does not take the drug test then both her and her doctor will face consequences. The doctors will face a fine that can start at \$2,500 and go as far as time in jail for repeated offenses. If the mother fails to take and pass a drug test then they will also be fined and can risk not being covered by their insurance companies until the drug test comes back clean.

Section 3: The safest way to stop using addictive substances is through medical detox, and it's essential for pregnant women. The mother will go through a medical detox where she will be watched by a medical professional for a 24-hour period in which they will closely monitor the fetus' health and may give medications to alleviate withdrawal side effects and drug cravings.

Section 4: This bill will go into effect July 1, 2019.

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## KENTLICKY VOLITH ASSEMBLY

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Commonwealth Bill		Committee: use 5
Sponsors: Gary English, Bradley Lackey, Tristen Jackson, Ethan Jackson	Action o	n the Bill
School: Elizabethtown HS	House	Senate
City: Elizabethtown	Passed	□ Passed □ Defeated

An Act to Implement the 'Three-Strikes' Law in Kentucky

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#### Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: If an individual has been convicted of three felonies, and one of the three felonies is class B or higher, a punishment of 20 years of prison time will be applied additionally to his/her third felony sentence.

Section 2: Felonies from each class in Kentucky are listed Class A felonies are 1st degree murder rape and 1st degree kidnapping. Class B felonies are Attempted Class A felony manslaughter, robbery, distribution of narcotics, and 2nd degree kidnapping. Class C felonies are 3rd degree kidnapping, arson, sexual assault, vehicular homicide, and child custody interference. Class D felonies are prostitution, possession of a controlled substance, bail jumping, and stalking.

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Section 3: Current punishments for types of offenses and felonies in Kentucky are as listed Capital Offenses punishments could be the following Death penalty, life imprisonment, imprisonment for at least 25 years without parole, or imprisonment for 20 to 50 years. Class A felony punishments are 20 to 50 years or life imprisonment. Class B felony punishments are 10 to 19 years of imprisonment. Class C felony punishments are 5 to 9 years of imprisonment. Class D felony punishments are 1 to 4 years of imprisonment. All of these could also include a fine of 1,000 to 10,000 dollars.

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Section 4: This Bill, if passed, will take effect on January 1, 2020.

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# Commonwealth Bill

Blue	CW 16
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### Referred to Committee: Senate 1

Commonwealth bill	Senate 1	
Sponsors: Elvin Irihamye, Elizabeth Roebker, Koushik Devarakonda	Action on the Bill	
School: Gatton Academy - WKU	House Senate	
City: Bowling Green	Passed Passed Defeated Defeated	

An Act Relating To Annexing Kentucky to Canada

#### Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: Due to many of the limitations of the United States government, the Commonwealth of Kentucky has suffered educationally, economically, medically, etc. In an effort to give Kentucky citizens more successful lives, this bill will have Kentucky annexed to Canada, the most prosperous nation in North America and fifth most prosperous country in the world, according to the Legatum Prosperity Index.

Section 2: The bill will remove the Commonwealth of Kentucky from the fifty states of the United States of America and make it the eleventh province of Canada. The county and state governments will remain unchanged, but all federal matters that the US government would previously have control of will now be decided by the Canadian government. Therefore, Kentucky will be under all Canadian laws and policies, such as free healthcare, a less expensive college education, the legalization of marijuana, and utilize the Canadian currency.

Section 3: In order to annex Kentucky to Canada, Kentucky will offer 20% of its tobacco, coal, and livestock yearly production profits to Canada to persuade the government to prepare a hostile takeover of the state. An additional 30% marijuana yearly production profit will be given to Canada after the annexation. The hostile takeover will entail threatening bomb threats and a potential war with the United States unless Kentucky is handed over to Canada. If the US doesn't go ahead with this transaction, Canada will send undercover soldiers to Kentucky to prepare a blockade from the rest of the United States to physically separate the state.

Section 4: Once Kentucky is under Canadian jurisdiction, there will be a separate Canadian Embassy building in Frankfort to ensure that Canadian laws are being followed. Therefore, the Kentucky governor and senators can have close relations with the Canadian ambassa

Section 5: The bill will go into effect January 1st, 2019.

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## Commonwealth Bill

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### Referred to Committee: House 1

Commonwealth Bill	Hou	ıse 1
Sponsors: Lily Vowels, Eumin Shin, Usman Salim	Action o	n the Bill
School: Gatton Academy - WKU	House	Senate
City: Bowling Green	□ Passed	□ Passed □ Defeated

An Act Relating To Include American Sign Language as a Foreign Language in State Institutions of Higher Education

#### Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: While American Sign Language (ASL) is recognized as a foreign language in regards to admissions into state institutions of higher education (KRS 164.4785), there is currently no statute in place requiring institutions to consider it a foreign language in regards to satisfying degree requirements.

Section 2: Almost 700,000 Kentuckians are recognized as deaf or hard of hearing and state institutions of higher education do not have enough foreign language classes to satisfy the number of students needing to take these courses. Therefore, adding ASL as a foreign language will solve these two issues.

Section 3: ASL will be considered a foreign language at state institutions of higher learning in regards to satisfying degree requirements.

Section 4: This bill will go into effect at the beginning of the 2019-2020 school year.

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#### **KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION**

## **KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY**

Blue | CW 18

Commonwealth Bill		ise 2
Sponsors: Lexie Carroll, Emma Boggs	Action o	n the Bill
School: Greenup Co. HS	House	Senate
City: Greenup	Passed	□ Passed □ Defeated

An Act Relating To educating students on signs and effects of human trafficking

#### Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 158 IS CREATED TO READ AS FOLLOWS: (1) All public school students shall be educated on the signs and effects of human trafficking. (2) All education on this subject shall start no later than the beginning of 2019-2020 school year. Our education program will provide our Kentucky schools with survivors to speak on the impact & reality of this horrendous crime. The victims speaking will be asked to speak completely voluntary; they will absolutely not be inquired to speak upon anything that is uncomfortable them. These speakers will be carefully evaluated to ensure that they are mentally and physically healthy to speak on the topic.

Section 2: Any contradictions to this act shall be amended or repealed.

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Blue	CW	19
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Commonwealth Bill	Referred to Committee: Senate 5
Sponsors: Logan Richards, Aaron Skaggs, Spencer Harpenau	Action on the Bill
School: Hancock Co. HS	House Senate
City: Lewisport	Defeated Defeated

An Act To Legalize Sports Betting

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#### Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: The appropriations for this legislation will be allotted from the pre-existing Lottery Fund.

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Section 2: The penalties and punishments will be decided in another bill upon the passing of this legislation. Betting and licensure will be administered by the Kentucky Lottery.

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Section 3: This legislation will be effective upon May 1, 2019.

	<b>***</b>
the	N. S. M.

# KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Commonwealth Bill

Red	CW	20	)
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### **Referred to Committee:**House 1

	HOL	ise i
Sponsors: Maria Tye, Tori Owens	Action o	n the Bill
School: Knox Central HS	House	Senate
City: Barbourville	□ Passed □ Defeated	□ Passed □ Defeated

An Act Relating To A Vapor Excise Tax

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#### Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: SECTION 1. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 138 IS CREATED TO READ AS FOLLOWS: (1) All liquid-nicotine products should be subjected to a wholesale tax of 95%.

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Section 2: Any statute contrary to this Act shall be amended or repealed.

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Section 3: Any person who violates this Act shall be guilty of a violation for the first offense; for each such subsequent offense, he shall be guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.

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Section 4: Upon passage, this bill will go into effect within 90 days.

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#### **KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION**

# **KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY**

Blue	CW 21
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### Deferred to Committee

Commonwealth Bill	Hous	
Sponsors: Dawson Southers, Willard Ferguson, Carly Kirk	Action or	the Bill
School: Lawrence Co. HS	House	Senate
	□ Passed	Passed
City: Louisa	Defeated	Defeated
1 An Act Relating To The Regulation Of Contraband In St	tate Regulated Prisons	
Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commo	nwealth of Kentucky	

Section 1: This act will reduce the options of hair styles available to incarcerated people.

Section 2: KRS 196.035 and KRS 197.020 will be amended to state as follows, "Hair on an inmate may not exceed one inch. Male beards may not be longer than one inch, but can be styled any way they choose."

Section 3: If an inmate has previously professed that they belong to a religion that prohibits them from cutting their hair and/or beard, then they will be exempt from the regulations imposed. However, if they are proven to be a security risk by the correctional staff, this privilege can be revoked.

Section 4: All of the hair that is taken from prisoners will be donated to an applicable charity or foundation if it is usable. Otherwise, it will be disposed of as normal barber procedures.

Section 5: There is no inherent cost due to this act because prisons already are required to have barbers on site.

Section 6: This act will take effect January 1, 2019.

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# **KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY**

Blue   C\	W	2	2
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Commonwealth Bill		ate 3
Sponsors: Annie Bush, Schuyler Van Tassel, BC Oliver, Lina Levein	Action o	n the Bill
School: Louisville Collegiate HS	House	Senate
City: Louisville	Passed	□ Passed □ Defeated

An Act Relating To making gambling legal in the state of Kentucky

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#### Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: To allow gambling in the state of Kentucky, including, but not limited to, electronic gambling machines, casino style card games, and dice games.

Section 2: Casinos may be built in the state of Kentucky. Along with this, riverboat gambling will be legal.

Section 3: Taxes will be collected from Gaming businesses from a newly formed Gaming Commission. The commission will be formed based off of appointees from the governor that will be elected by the Kentucky House of Representatives and Senate. A total of 5 chair members can be appointed.

Section 4: Revenue collected from the taxes will go the Kentucky Department of Education to fund statewide spending for schooling.

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### **KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY**

Red	CW 23
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Commonwealth Bill	Referred to Sena	
Sponsors: Davis Smith, Kyle Harper, Davis Zimmerman, Abbey Osborne	Action o	n the Bill
School: Louisville Male HS	House	Senate
City: Louisville	□ Passed □ Defeated	□ Passed □ Defeated

An Act Relating Strengthening Elder Abuse Penalties.

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#### Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: 209.990 Penalties. (1) Anyone knowingly or wantonly violating the provisions of KRS 209.030(2) shall be quilty of a Class B misdemeanor as designated in KRS 532.090. Each violation shall constitute a separate offense. (2) Any person who knowingly abuses or neglects an adult is quilty of a Class C felony. (3) Any person who wantonly abuses or neglects an adult is quilty of a Class D felony. (4) Any person who recklessly abuses or neglects an adult is quilty of a Class A misdemeanor. (5) Any person who knowingly exploits an adult, resulting in a total loss to the adult of more than three hundred dollars (\$300) in financial or other resources, or both, is guilty of a Class C felony. Amend with the following 3 additions: 6-8 (6) Any company who cares for the elderly who knowingly fails to report elder abuse in their facilities will pay a fine of 10,000 dollars which will go in to a fund for the victim.

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Section 2: (7) Any Company that employees a person convicted of Elder abuse will hold a mandatory training for all facility members. This will occur each time there is a conviction.

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Section 3: (8) Facilities/ companies who are reported to have more than a 15/1 ratio of Nurses to patients will be fined \$10,000 and could be prosecuted for neglect or abuse.

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## KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Commonwealth Bill

Blue	CW 24
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### Referred to Committee: House 4

Commonwealth Din	Hou	ise 4
Sponsors: Macayla Callebs	Action on the Bill	
School: Lynn Camp HS	House	Senate
City: Corbin	□ Passed □ Defeated	□ Passed □ Defeated

An Act Relating To Annual Law Enforcement Labor Reviews

#### Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: Since 2007, Louisville Metro has paid out \$21.4 million to seven different men in four different cases due to being wrongfully convicted by the Louisville metro attorneys office. One case in particular, a man named Kerry Porter. He was sentenced to 60 years for murder. He spent 11 years in prison before being released after it had been found that the police fabricated evidence, used improper identification procedures, and hiding evidence. The city paid \$556,000 in lawyers and fees to nine different law firms to fight him when he sued the city. After the trial was settled the city ended up paying out a \$7.5 million settlement to Porter.

Section 2: This bill will require a yearly background check to all law enforcement that was/is involved in cases that later turned into a lawsuit to make sure they still meet the requirements to hold position.

Section 3: This bill will be enacted on January 1, 2019. If anytime during the review that it is found that a officer/s are no longer capable to hold position, they will have 30 days before being required to step down. There will be no cost to this bill. Not only will this bill keep an annual check on officers, but it will reduce the amount of lawsuits being put against the state.

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### KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Commonwealth Bill

Blue | CW 25

### Referred to Committee: Senate 4

	Jenate 4
Sponsors: Lacy Fields, Bri Taylor	Action on the Bill
School: Mason Co. HS	House Senate
City: Maysville	

An Act Relating To Medicaid Expansion in Kentucky.

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#### Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: A new section of KRS Chapter 205 is created to read as follows: (1) Medicaid eligibility shall be offered all those experiencing homelessness in Kentucky. (2) There shall be no minimum work hour requirement to enroll in medicaid in Kentucky. (3) Those who are currently homeless are not required to provide an address for enrollment. (4) There shall be no premium or copayment required for homeless individuals.

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Section 2: Medicaid coverage shall be expanded to include Mental Health Care costs. (1) Qualified medical health care providers covered under this act include licensed psychiatrists, psychologists, rehabilitation centers, and counseling services. (2) Medicaid shall also include coverage for all associated prescription costs for mental health care treatment.

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Section 3: This bill will go into effect the next fiscal year, July 1, 2019.

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### KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY

Red	CW	26
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### **Referred to Committee:**

Commonwealth Bill	House 2		
Sponsors: Chloe Moore, Dylan Davis, Garrett Childress, Hunter Grace	Action o	n the Bill	
School: McCracken Co. HS	House	Senate	
City: Paducah	Passed Defeated	□ Passed □ Defeated	

An Act to Ban the 'Tampon Tax'

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#### Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: The goal of our bill is to eliminate the tax on feminine hygiene products in order to make them more affordable for women.

Section 2: The sales tax on feminine hygiene products, also known as the 'tampon tax,' is implemented in most states. In the last two years, New York, Illinois, Florida, and Connecticut have abolished sales tax on menstrual products. That brings the number of states that still tax such products down to 36. Repealing this tax is expected to save women \$10 million in New York alone. Tampons are considered luxury items despite the fact that menstruation is uncontrollable and must be managed. This tax forces women from all around the world to contend with the cultural stigma, shame, and social isolation that comes with having a period.

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Section 3: Additionally, taxing tampons is discriminatory, as it targets poor women and women of color. Studies have proven girls that come from a low income household will miss school or even drop out if they are unable to control their cycle, due to teasing over their periods. Many people falsely believe that these are challenges that only third world countries could face; however in the U.S., this issue keeps 1 out of 5 girls out of school during their monthly cycle. This problem sets many young girls up for truancy, late graduation, etc. Families who qualify for federal assistance programs can't use these benefits to purchase feminine hygiene products; due to pads or tampons being categorized as "luxury items" like alcohol and cigarettes.

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Section 4: Disposing of the 'tampon tax' will cause the state to lose the revenue gained from the sales tax on feminine hygiene products, but ultimately, by saving women money on these items, they will be able to spend it on other items and have a more disposable income. Women in Kentucky can buy a box of tampons for aproximately \$4.00 and the 6% sales tax on that box is 25 cents. A woman who buys a box of tampons every month for fourty or so years that she menstrates will spend \$120 in sales tax on those tampons, not including the price of the tampons themselves.

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Section 5: This bill will go into effect immediately following passage.

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#### **KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION**

## Commonwealth Bill

Red   CW 27
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### Referred to Committee: Senate 5

	Serie	ate 5
Sponsors: John Graham	Action o	n the Bill
School: Model Laboratory HS	House	Senate
City: Richmond	□ Passed □ Defeated	□ Passed

An act proposing an amendment to Section 49 of the Kentucky Constitution to state that Annual Actuarially Required Contributions (ARC) for all state pension programs are considered a form of debt in the State budget.

#### Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky. It is proposed that Section 49 be rewritten as followed:

Section 2: The General Assembly may contract debts to meet casual deficits or failures in the revenue, including Annual Actuarially Required Contributions (ARC) for all State pension funds, but such debts, direct or contingent, singly or in the aggregate shall not at any time exceed five hundred thousand dollars, and the moneys arising from loans creating such debts shall only be applied to the purpose or purposes for which they were obtained, or to repay such debts: Provided, The General Assembly may contract debts to repel invasion, suppress insurrection, or, if hostilities are threatened, provide for the public defense.

Section 3: This amendment shall be submitted to the voters of the Commonwealth for their ratification or rejection at the time and in the manner provided for under Sections 256 and 257 and under KRS 118.415.

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# Commonwealth Bill

Red	CW 28
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### Referred to Committee: House 3

	HOL	ise 3
Sponsors: Jenna Ishmael, Olivia Villaflor	Action o	n the Bill
School: Nicholas Co. HS	House	Senate
City: Carlisle	□ Passed □ Defeated	□ Passed □ Defeated

An act to eliminate the use of mountaintop removal coal mining.

#### Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: This bill would prohibit the use of mountaintop removal coalmining in an affect to prevent permanent water pollution, loss of forests and streams, and all around unhealthy living conditions for nearby communities. This would also help establish stable jobs for many economically struggling communities in the Eastern Kentucky region.

Section 2: As of right now, research shows that people who live near mountaintop removal mines have higher mortality rates than average and are more likely to live in poverty. In addition, researchers have concluded that mountaintop removal coalmining contributes to significantly higher rates of birth defects, cancer, cardiovascular, and respiratory diseases among individuals living in the region where it occurs.

Section 3: The rubble from the mines pose an enormous threat to the region's plant and wildlife. This could in turn pollute the Commonwealth's water, further damaging an already unstable supply. Mountaintop removal is also responsible for many 'valley fills', which bury more than 2,000 miles of vital Appalachian headwater streams, poisoning many more.

Section 4: Finally, the use of mountaintop removal coalmining requires less workers than traditional forms of coal mining. This means that many coal companies have laid off a large sum of their workers, leaving many people unemployed in impoverished communities. This bill would not require any state funding and would go into effect January 1, 2019.

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### KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Commonwealth Bill

Red	CW	29
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### Referred to Committee: House 5

Commonwealth bin	Hou	se 5
Sponsors: Harrison Willard, Erin Little, Mason Quiram	Action o	n the Bill
School: Oldham Co. HS	ouse	Senate
City: Lagrange	 ☐ Passed☐ Passed☐ ☐ Defeated☐	□ Passed □ Defeated

An Act Relating To Legalizing Prostitution in the State of Kentucky

#### Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: Prostitution has the opportunity to be a great source for revenue in the state of Kentucky, and an opportunity of employment for many who have the passion. Legalizing prostitution would be an equal business opportunity for both the employee and the state.

Section 2: 2018 and the years beyond are all about technology, and hardly anything in today's society can be without. Therefore, a proper way to legalize prostitution would be to start online. Traditional services are done through phone calls or random sites on the internet, but are not regulated or controlled. A proper way to regulate the business would be to create a whole new database and state run website that would regulate all business. The website could include proper validation and online signatures, along with the transfer of money. While transferring money online (paid by card), the state could charge a small fee/tax on the purchase, providing the state with a form of revenue that could be used elsewhere.

Section 3: Safety is of main concern, and implementing the online system would enhance it. Kentucky is a center for sex trafficking, and implementing a database would allow violators and abusers to be stopped and tracked. This hereby creates a way to report law breakers, reducing the amount of illegal and harmful sex trafficking. Also, to become part of the website, one must test negative for all STI's through a regulated lab test'similar to the ones which most employers implement'which would prevent the spread of any STI's. Additionally, certain regulations would be implemented to benefit the employees safety, providing 'protection' to ones body from the customer.

Section 4: The state could benefit from this in multiple ways, including revenue. If the state were to add a ten percent take to the cost of service, the state could bring in millions of dollars. In other countries, and even Nevada, Prostitution has been a booming f

Section 5: This bill will be implemented 90 days after passing.

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#### **KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION**

### KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Commonwealth Bill

Red	CW	30
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#### Referred to Committee: Senate 3

Commonwealth Bill	Senate 3	
Sponsors: Hannah Durham, Payton Debeer, Olivia Wells, Lauren Bell	Action o	n the Bill
School: Oldham Co. HS	House	Senate
City: Lagrange	Passed Defeated	□ Passed □ Defeated

An Act Relating To Make all First-Degree Rape Charges a Class A Felony

#### Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: The section of KRS chapter 510.040 reads as follows: In the state of Kentucky, first-degree rape charges will not be a Class A Felony unless the victim is under 12 years of age or the victim is seriously injured.

Section 2: KRS chapter 510.040 is amended to read as follows: In the state of Kentucky, first-degree rape charges will all be a Class A Felony regardless of age or injury (if a case meets all first-degree rape criteria, the perpetrator will have a sentencing of 20+ years in prison if convicted of the crime).

Section 3: Currently, out of 1,000 reported rape cases, only .006% of perpetrators are incarcerated based upon current statutes.

Section 4: 11% of perpetrators have used a weapon, or threatened to use a weapon, during a rape which means 11% of reported rape cases currently meet the criteria for it to be considered a First-Degree rape charge, and thus could become a Class A felony if this stat

Section 5: The issue with rape cases in the judicial system is that they are not taken seriously. The punishment for the crime of rape should not be determined by age. The presence of a weapon will traumatize victims, no matter if it is actually used on them or not. This Act will help to recognize the seriousness of rape cases regardless of the details of the rape.

Section 6: This Act should not cost the state of Kentucky any more money as it is simply amending KRS chapter 510.040.

Section 7: This law would be amended January 1st, 2020.

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#### **KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION**

# **KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY**

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### **Referred to Committee:**

Commonwealth Bill	Senate 4
Sponsors: Grace Zimlich, Maddie Turner, Jennifer Martin, Katie Hall	Action on the Bill
School: Oldham Co. HS	House Senate
City: Lagrange	Passed Passed Defeated
An Act Relating To Increasing the Number of Juvenile Dru	q Courts in Kentucky

#### Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: Juvenile drug courts offer an alternative to jail time such as rehabilitation and/or community service for kids and teens with non-violent, drug-related crimes.

Section 2: Any juvenile convicted of a non-violent crime involving drugs are eligible for juvenile drug court.

Section 3: Juvenile drug courts provide incentives and sanctions to drive youth to make positive behavioral choices in regard to drug use and addiction as well as proper counseling and treatment. The number of juvenile drug courts is astronomically low. Therefore, this number needs to significantly increase to ensure a less addicted youth.

Section 4: Juvenile drug courts would be implemented in court systems with an already existing adult drug court which are currently serviced by 113 out of 120 Kentucky counties.

Section 5: This bill would go into effect in January of 2020.

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#### **KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION**

# **KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY**

Red	CW	32

### **Referred to Committee:**

	Commonwealth Bill	House 4
s	ponsors: Evan Myers, Gage Birchmeier, Jate Longhurst	Action on the Bill
S	chool: Oldham Co. HS	House Senate  ☐ Passed ☐ Passed
c	ity: Lagrange	Defeated Defeat
1	An Act To Repeal KRS 278.605	
2 3 4	Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth	of Kentucky
5 6	Section 1: Repeal 278.605 to allow the construction of nuclear power facilities in the	ne state of Kentucky.
7 8 9 10	Section 2: Since KRS 278.6 has been repealed allowing for nuclear facilities to dispose their own waste, the next logical course of action is to repeal 278.60 of nuclear power facilities in the state of Kentucky.	
11 12 13 14 15	Section 3: Nuclear power also has a lot fewer greenhouse emissions. It has be amount of greenhouse gases have decreased by almost half because of the prince nuclear power. Nuclear energy has the least effect on nature since it doesn't methane and carbon dioxide, which are the primary 'greenhouse gasses.'	evalence in the utilization of
16 17	Section 4: Nuclear power produces very inexpensive electricity. The cost of the a fuel in this process, is low.	e uranium, which is utilized as

Section 5: There is no cost for the state of Kentucky as the nuclear power plants are privately owned.

Section 6: This act would be repealed January 2020.

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## KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Commonwealth Bill

Blue	l CW 33
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### **Referred to Committee:**House 5

Commonwealth bin	Hou	ıse 5
Sponsors: Madhu Ammisetty, Hunter Ford, Tiffany Lin, Cami Gaunt	Action o	n the Bill
School: Pikeville HS	House	Senate
City: Pikeville	Passed Defeated	□ Passed □ Defeated

An act to add a student representative to Site Based Decision Making (SBDM) councils.

### Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: This bill will amend KRS 160.345 to allow elected students to have a voting role on their high school's SBDM council if they meet the following eligibility requirements:

- 1. have a 3.8 or higher unweighted grade point average,
- 2. participate in a public speaking event during the campaign (i.e. a public speech given to the student body by the potential candidates),
- 3. nominate themselves to the official designated by the school, and
- 4. obtain a signed letter of approval from one teacher from which they have previously taken a class.
- Schools are allowed to create additional requirements if ratified by the student body. There will then be an election by the student body to select the representatives from a group of candidates that met the eliqibility requirements.
- Students will be given priority based on grade level (i.e. incoming seniors will be considered first; if no incoming seniors nominate themselves, incoming juniors will be considered next; etc.)

Section 2: Schools are required to provide times for voting and the public speaking during school hours. A recall election must be available, but the process will be decided by individual schools. Schools must designate one teacher or administrator to run the elections.

Section 3: Enough students should be elected so that they are at least equal to one-fourth of the current size of the council, unless not enough students complete the process to become candidates. In this case, all candidates are considered to be "running uncontested."

Section 4: Students are required to attend at least seventy-five percent of the SBDM meetings per semester or trimester. If they fail to do so, a recall election will take place immediately.

Section 5: This bill would take effect in the 2019 to 2020 school year. The first elections would take place during the 2019-2020 year, and student representatives would begin serving in the 2020-2021 school year.

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#### **KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION**

### **KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY**

Blue	CW	34
Blue	CW	34

Commonwealth Bill	Referred to Committee: Senate 2
Sponsors: Hannah Wheeler, Katy Williams-Duff, Peyton Derickson, Madison Coffey	Action on the Bill
School: Powell Co. HS	House Senate
City: Stanton	Defeated Defeated

An Act Relating to the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program; Drug Testing and Eligibility After Conviction

### Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: A. If enrolled or applying for assistance, the applicant must pass random drug testing before receiving public assistance. If failure occurs, the applicant will be ineligible to receive benefits for a minimum of 90 days. After the 90 day period and successfully meeting at least one of the following criterion, they may reapply and resume eligibility: 1. Successfully completes a substance abuse treatment program. 2. Is currently accepted for treatment in a substance abuse treatment program, is on a waiting list to receive available treatment, remains enrolled in the treatment program, and enters the treatment program at the first available opportunity. 3. Is currently accepted for treatment and is participating in a substance abuse treatment program. 4. Is determined by a licensed medical provider to not need substance abuse treatment. 5. If applicable, is in compliance with all terms of probation.

Section 2: B. The department shall adopt rules related to drug testing pursuant to this section that include more frequent drug testing for offenses that occurred within twenty-four months of the date of application.

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#### **KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION**

## Commonwealth Bill

Red	CW	35
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### Referred to Committee: Senate 2

	Sena	ate 2
Sponsors: Libby Gilliland, Iyana King, Tori Simpson	Action o	n the Bill
School: Presentation Academy HS	House	Senate
City: Louisville	□ Passed □ Defeated	□ Passed □ Defeated

An Act Relating To Veterinarians Reporting Suspected Animal Abuse

### Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: Ranking last on the Animal Defense Fund's annual report on animal protection for the 10th year in a row, Kentucky is the only state that prohibits veterinarians from reporting suspected animal cruelty, abuse, or fighting; most states allow reporting by vets or even require veterinarians to report cruelty to law enforcement or face punishment themselves. Current Kentucky law permits veterinarians to report animal abuse only with the receipt of a waiver signed by the owner of the pet, appropriate court order, or upon subpoena.

Section 2: In order to protect the animals of Kentucky, there must be a state law established that requires veterinarians report suspected animal abuse to the appropriate law enforcement agency in a reasonable frame of time.

Section 3: 18 states currently require veterinarians to report animal abuse – four of those states enacted their animal welfare laws within the last two years. With more and more states passing provisions and legislation to better protect their animals, it is time for Kentucky to do the same.

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### **KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION**

Red	CW	36
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Commonwealth Bill	Referred to Committee: House 1
Sponsors: Delaney Davis, Ava Rowan, Kate Wood, Kayleigh Domhoff	Action on the Bill
School: Presentation Academy HS	House Senate
City: Louisville	Defeated Defeated

An Act Related To Giving Kentuckians The Option To Have Their Blood Type On Their Drivers License

### Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: Many people do not know their blood type, which creates life threatening problems for people in need of blood transfusions after acute illness or accident. When receiving a blood transfusion, doctors must be sure a donor's blood type is compatible with the recipient's blood, otherwise the recipient can die. In cases where individuals are not aware of their blood type. O negative can be used for transfusions in place of the unknown type. However, using one's own blood type is beneficial to reducing negative reactions during a blood transfusion and save precious time. Seconds matter in an emergency - to reduce risk and expedite life saving measures at the scene of an accident, many states, such as Illinois and Georgia, and even countries such as India and the Philippines, have given their citizens the option to list their blood type on their drivers licenses and identification cards.

Section 2: Upon passage of this law, the government of the Commonwealth of Kentucky will mandate that the Kentucky Department of Motor Vehicles provide Kentuckians with the option of listing their blood type on the back of their drivers license.

Section 3: Because the addition of this option requires only a minor adjustment to the drivers license and ID card templates, there will be no additional cost for opting in beyond the established fees for new and renewed licenses and identification cards.

Section 4: This bill shall take effect as of January 1, 2019.

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# *KENTLICKY VOLITH VCCEMBLY*

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Commonwealth Bill	Referred to Committee Senate 1
Sponsors: Hailey Howard, Payton Pearson, Kaylyn Bartrug, Nathan Garland	Action on the Bill
School: Russell Co. HS	House Senate
City: Russell Springs	□ Passed      □ □ Passed □ Defeated      □ □ Defeat

An Act to abolish the reallocation of funds designated to a program or area by the state budget

### Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: This bill will impose that funds designated by the biennial state budget may not be reallocated once they are set in place to other purposes.

Section 2: This however will not restrict the reallocation of funds from the budget reserve trust fund. The bill however, will encourage that the state will use and tap into the Budget Reserve Trust Fund in case of emergency. In case of any other special case the Budget Reserve Trust Fund would be used also.

Section 3: The bill itself would abolish any act of reallocating funds that was delegated into any other sector by the budget other than the Budget Reserve Trust Fund. This fund which is specifically stated as Kentucky's 'Rainy day fund' would be the only designated place in the budget where funds could be reallocated from.

Section 4: There would be no cost to Kentucky from implementing this because the money is already set aside in the budget. This bill will just act as a safeguard to prevent the wrongful reallocation of money.

Section 5: This act will go into effect before the 2018-2020 biennial budget.

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## KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY

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Commonwealth Bill		Committee: ate 2
Sponsors: Juli Gomez, Isabel Wolter, April Dong, Ashton Tidwell	Action o	n the Bill
School: Sacred Heart Academy	House	Senate
City: Louisville	☐ Passed☐ Defeated☐	Defeated

An Act Relating to the Elimination of the Straight Ticket Vote from Kentucky Ballots

### Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: Section 1. KRS 118.215 is amended to read the following: [1] 'After the order of the names has been determined as provided in KRS 118.225, the Secretary of State shall certify, to the county clerks of the respective counties entitled to participate in the nomination or election of the respective candidates, the name, place of residence, and party of each single candidate for each office, as specified in the nomination papers or certificates and petitions of nomination filed with him, and shall designate the device with which the lists of single candidates of each party shall be printed.' The remainder of Section 1. KRS 118.215 pertains to the order of precedence of political party and candidate office order. Allow the remainder of Section 1. KRS 118.215 to stand. Allow [1][a][b][c] to stand.

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Section 2: The amendment will remove the straight ticket vote as an option on all regular Kentucky election ballots, and will not allow candidates affiliated with a political party to run in groups or slates.

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Section 3: This bill will take effect January 1, 2020.

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#### **KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION**

## Commonwealth Bill

Keu   CW 3	Red	<b>CW 3</b> 9
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### Referred to Committee: House 3

	Hou	ise 3
Sponsors: Grace Riley, Morgan Blumberg	Action o	n the Bill
School: Sacred Heart Academy	House	Senate
City: Louisville	□ Passed □ Defeated	□ Passed

An Act Relating To Tax Incentives for Kentucky based Coal Companies taking Renewable Energy Initiatives

### Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: Concerned with the dangerous environmental and health related effects of the coal mining industry.

Section 2: Distressed by the fact that the coal mining industry is declining rapidly, and unemployment rates in Kentucky, specifically coal mining regions, are rising.

Section 3: 'Confident that by offering tax credits to coal companies willing to slowly transition their main focus to renewable energy (the 'up and coming energy source') Kentucky will be on a steady track of solving the unemployment problem, promoting clean energy, and improving the economy.

Section 4: Invested in a plan to funnel money away from coal and towards alternative energy sources.

Section 5: 'If this bill is passed, any Kentucky based coal company will be able to receive a yearly tax credit equal to 25% of their state income tax if they take the following actions. – The company must decrease their coal revenue by 10%. – 10% of the company's total expenses must be spent on developing their renewable energy initiatives.

Section 6: To incentivize companies to continue their efforts, the tax credit will increase by 5% for every additional 10% taken away from coal revenue and given to alternative energy business development expenses. This will cap at 40%.

Section 7: 'All statutes in conflict with this bill will be repealed or amended upon passage.

Section 8: This bill will be enacted January 1, 2020.

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Section 6: This bill will be enacted January 1, 2020.

### **KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION**

# KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Commonwealth Bill

Red	CW	40
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### Referred to Committee: House 2

S	ponsors: Ashley Durik, Ann Peters, Margaret Dick, Sophia Hofmann	Action or	the Bill
S	chool: Sacred Heart Academy	House	Senate
c	ity: Louisville	□ Passed □ Defeated	□ Passed □ Defeated
1 2	An Act Relating To The Elimination of Civil Asset Forfe	eiture	
3 4	Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth	of Kentucky	
5 6 7	Section 1: Recognizing civil forfeiture laws allow the government to take cash, cars, those solely suspected of being involved in criminal activity.	homes and other pro	operty of
8 9 10	Section 2: Considering with civil forfeiture, the property owner doesn't have t convicted of, a crime to permanently lose his or her property.	o be charged with,	let alone
11 12 13 14 15	Section 3: Seeing as written in KRS 500.090, that 'the sheriff receives ten per if the property was seized by the city or by an agency or peace officer thereof delivered to the sheriff or the county police,' police officers have motivation to search property of individuals in order to take their assets for personal gain.	f and the property	was
16 17 18	Section 4: This bill will remove Kentucky Revised Statute 500.090, which allow from the Kentucky State Law.	vs for Civil Asset F	orfeiture,
19 20	Section 5: It will then require state government to return assets to those indiaccused of crime in the court of law.	viduals who have n	ot been

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## **KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY**

Red	CW 4
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### **Referred to Committee:**

Commonwealth Bill	Senate 3  Action on the Bill	
Sponsors: Olivia Allran, August Brooks, Abigail Dietrich, Jenna Moses		
School: Sayre School HS	House	Senate
City: Lexington	□ Passed □ Defeated	□ Passed □ Defeated

An Act Relating To Restricting Surface Coal Mining Activities In and Around Waterways

### Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, this bill seeks to improve the condition of Kentucky citizens' drinking water, reducing the amount of water pollution from point sources by creating a 100 foot buffer zone between mining activities and bodies of water, including streams, lakes, and rivers. Coal-mining companies and regulators will also be required to complete a baseline assessment of the condition of nearby ecosystems before the mining practices begin and develop a plan for restoring these conditions after the completion of the mining practices.

Section 2: In the process known as mountain-top removal mining, companies reach underground coal seams by blowing up the tops of mountains and then dumping the debris into the surrounding areas. Liquid mining waste pollutes waterways through a process of acid mine drainage (AMD) or acid rock drainage (ARD). Many streams have been buried and even more have become polluted by toxins including arsenic and selenium, which can kill aquatic life and can threaten human health through polluted drinking water. This pollution results in a loss of the riparian zone, or the area of land surrounding the body of water. The riparian zone acts as a natural buffer to filter out potential toxins and prevent pollutants from entering the stream. Thus, destroying the riparian zone through mining activities and the dumping of mining waste will result in increased pollutants in streams.

Section 3: New companies applying for a mining permit must provide a mine waste storage proposal that complies by the previous standards. Before mining can commence, the Kentucky Division of Mine Permits, a section of the Kentucky state Department for Natural Resources, must approve that the constructed storage facilities are capable of withstanding natural disasters.

Section 4: The money needed by the mining companies will be supplied by the mining companies themselves.

Section 5: Failure by a mining company to meet these standards will result in a fine of \$5,000 upon the first offense, a fine of \$10,000 upon the second offense, and any subsequent offences will result in a fine of \$25,000.

Section 6: This bill will go into effect on January 1, 2021.

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## KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Commonwealth Bill

Red	CW	42
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### Referred to Committee: Senate 4

Collinoliwealth Bill	Senate 4	
Sponsors: Paxton Turner, Evan Martin	Action on the Bill	
School: Scott Co. HS	House	Senate
City: Georgetown	□ Passed □ Defeated	□ Passed

An Act Relating to Requiring All Employers to Give Paid Leave to Vote

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### Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: This bill will require employers to give paid leave to employees who want to go vote. In the current Kentucky Constitution, employers are required to give approximately 4 hours off to employees to vote, but are not required to pay them for the duration of absence.

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Section 2: If not in compliance with the bill, supervisors face fines of up to \$2,500 if they block someone from voting, and the company itself can be fined as much as \$20,000.

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Section 3: All expenses accumulated due to the paid leave will be covered by the employers. This will cost nothing to the state as the employees will be paid by their employers.

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Section 4: This bill will go into effect January 1st, 2020.

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#### **KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION**

## KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Commonwealth Bill

Red	CW 43
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### Referred to Committee: House 4

Commonwealth Din	House 4	
Sponsors: Brennen Green, Christopher Gonzalez	Action on the Bill	
School: Scott Co. HS	House	Senate
City: Georgetown	Passed	□ Passed □ Defeated

An Act Relating To Revision of the Current Requirements outlined in 704 KAR 3:305 Relating to the Minimum Technology Requirement Required to Graduate from a Kentucky High School

### Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: 704 KAR 3:305 Section 2 (9) will be amended to read as follows: 'Technology – at least one (1) credit obtained from a course that meets the minimum technology criteria defined by the Kentucky Academic Standards'

Section 2: The Kentucky Academic Standards regarding technology will be amended to include the well-defined minimum course criteria that must be decided by the Kentucky Department of Education. Such criteria must include the following minimum requirements: I. A focus on one modern software suite (e.g. Microsoft Office, G Suite, LibreOffice) II. The use and research of modern personal computers and how they function III. The use and/or research of at least one (1) technology other than personal computers that can be used to communicate information IV. One (1) project that displays a proper understanding of the software and technologies covered in that course V. Inheritance of the current High School Technology Standard outlined in KAS – Technology

Section 3: Following the 90 day wait-period for this bill to go into effect, the Kentucky Department of Education will have until May 30th, 2020 to discuss and define the criteria outlined in section 2.

Section 4: Whereas it may be difficult to find and hire qualified teachers. Following the integration of the new criteria into the Kentucky Academic Standards school districts will have until August 1, 2022, to integrate the appropriate courses and requirements into

Section 5: Every one and a half (1.5) school years following the previous school district compliance date, the Kentucky Department of Education must reconvene on the criteria discussed in section 2. They will have until the end of that school year to finalize revised criteria and all Kentucky school districts will have one (1) full school year to integrate compliance into their curriculum.

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## **KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY**

Blue	l CW	44
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Commonwealth Bill		Se 1
Sponsors: Eddie Payne, Grant Walles, Gracie Olivares, Ryan Damra	Action o	n the Bill
School: STEAM Academy	House	Senate
City: Lexington	Passed Defeated	□ Passed

An Act Relating To Improving Grocery Access in Food Deserts

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### Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: Results from a congressional study indicate that some consumers are constrained in their ability to access affordable, nutritious food because they live far from a supermarket or large grocery store and do not have easy access to transportation.

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Section 2: This act seeks to improve consumer access to fresh food in areas identified by the federal government as 'food deserts.' Food deserts are defined as communities, typically with a low-income average, in which residents do not live within reasonable proximity to affordable and healthy food retailers. In urban areas reasonable proximity is defined as one mile, and in rural areas as 10 miles. New food retailers within these zones whose inventory consists of 25% fresh foods will be granted a waiver of local property tax for their first three full years of operation, with tax increasing half a percent each year following the waived period until reaching the area's regular' tax.

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Section 3: This act will impact all new food retailers whose inventory consists of 25% fresh foods in areas identified by federal guidelines as 'food deserts' within the Commonwealth of Kentucky.

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Section 4: Local governments will receive payment of waived property tax from the Kentucky Department of Revenue which provides the incentive 'for the Kentucky Cabinet of Economic Development. Costs to the state are estimated to total \$100,000 per year assuming 20 n

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Section 5: Upon its passage, this bill will be enacted on June 1st, 2019.

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### KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY

Blue	CW	45
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Commonwealth Bill		ate 1
Sponsors: Eden Fox, Haley Sutherland, Olivia Shadowen, Robbie Craig	Action o	n the Bill
School: STEAM Academy	House	Senate
City: Lexington	☐ ☐ Passed ☐ ☐ Defeated	□ Passed □ Defeated

An Act Relating To The Legalization of Prostitution

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### Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: The following KRS sections are repealed: 529.020 Prostitution 529.070 Permitting prostitution 529.080 Loitering for prostitution purposes.

Section 2: Prostitution, permitting prostitution, and loitering for prostitution purposes are hereby legalized for all individuals in Kentucky, 'not in violation of KRS section 529.040.

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Section 3: Prostitution is defined in KRS section 529.020 in relation to an offender as he [who] engages or agrees or offers to engage in sexual conduct with another person in return for a fee.

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Section 4: 'Those serving time in prison or any other criminal holding facility for the charges of prostitution, permitting prostitution, or loitering for prostitution purposes shall be afforded the opportunity to reduce their sentences or have their offenses expunded. Furthermore, any Kentucky citizens who have been convicted of the crimes listed above must be granted an opportunity to have their offense expunged.

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Section 5: The bill will impact all current prostitutes, and all those previously convicted of crimes related to prostitution including prostitution, permitting prostitution, and loitering for prostitution purposes.

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Section 6: Upon the enactment of this bill, any form of income from the business of prostitution will be subject to income tax. Furthermore, all independent businesses of prostitution, as required by law in KRS Section 233, are subject to all current, future, state and federal business regulations. The enactment of future legislation regarding prostitution should be quarunteed to ensure the health and safety of the citizens of Kentucky, including those involved with prostitution.

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Section 7: Any statute contrary to this Act shall be amended or repealed.

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Section 8: Upon its passage, this bill will be enacted on June 1st, 2019.

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# KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Commonwealth Bill

Blue	CW 46
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### Referred to Committee: House 2

Sponsors: Ben Taylor	Action o	n the Bill
School: Trinity HS - Louisville	House	Senate
City: Louisville	□ Passed □ Defeated	□ Passed □ Defeated

An Act Relating To Reinstating Voting Rights to Former Felons

### Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: Subpoint one of Section 145 of the Kentucky State Constitution shall herby be amended to read as the following: 1. Persons convicted in any court of competent jurisdiction of treason, or bribery in an election, or of such high misdemeanor as the General Assembly may declare shall operate as an exclusion from the right of suffrage, but persons hereby excluded may be restored to their civil rights by executive pardon.

Section 2: 'Former convicted felons' is defined as any person charged with any class of Felony in the state of Kentucky (Class A-D) and has fully completed their sentence.

Section 3: The Kentucky State Judicial Branch will oversee the implementation of this legislation.

Section 4: This legislation will go into effect on January 1, 2019.

Section 5: All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

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### **KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY**

Blue	CW	47
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Commonwealth Bill		Committee: use 3
Sponsors: Landon Harris, Matthew Meyer, Jenny Patel, Julia Rice	Action o	n the Bill
School: Walton-Verona HS	House	Senate
City: Walton	Passed	□ Passed □ Defeated

An Act Relating To Paid Parental Leave in the Commonwealth of Kentucky

### Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 211 IS CREATED TO READ AS FOLLOWS: (1) All eligible mothers and fathers of new children shall receive wage replacements for a set amount of time from their employer. (a) New children include newborn children born to their parents and children adopted at up to 36 months of age. (2) New eliqible mothers will have access to up to ten weeks of 35% waqe replacement benefits to take time off work. (3) New eliqible fathers will have access to up to six weeks of 35% wage replacement benefits to take time off work.

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Section 2: A fund will be established and overseen by the Kentucky Cabinet of Workforce and Development. (1) A 0.5% income tax will be implemented two years prior to the fund's accessibility, understanding that to be applicable, employees must have worked for an employer for at least 12 months, and have 1250 hours of service during the 12 months prior to their leave. (2) Wage replacement will increase by 5% every 5 years, capping at 55%.

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### **KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION**

# KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Commonwealth Bill

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### Referred to Committee: Senate 2

s	ponsors: Aubrey Lightner, Triniti Robinson, Matt Code, Ellie Sams	Action on the Bill	
S	chool: Walton-Verona HS	House Senate	
City: Walton		Passed Passed Defeated	
1 2	An Act Relating To Implementation of a Ban on Plastic Gro	ocery Bags	
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4 5 6 7	6 biodegradable, and guided by actions taken by other states and jurisdictions		
8 9 10	Section 2: Implement a Five Cent (\$.05) consumption tax for each single-use plastic carry bag that is given to a consumer by a business. Tax is to be paid by the consumer upon taking possession of the bag.		
11 12 13	Section 3: All persons receiving benefits from the USDAs Supplemental Nutritibe exempt from the aforementioned tax.	ion Assistance Program shall	
14 15 16 17	Section 4: Businesses shall send taxes collected under this law to the Kentuck the final day of every month. Any business failing to send collected money to will be fined \$500. Any business that fails to coll	•	
18 19 20	Section 5: Taxes collected under this Act shall be used to finance the enforcer this Act.	ment and administration of	

Section 6: The Kentucky Energy and Environment Cabinet shall be responsible for the enforcement and

implementation of this act. Any statute contrary to this Act shall be amended or repealed.

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**Sponsors:** Kinsey Cruse, Devin Santos

Section 4: This bill will go into effect by Nov. 5th, 2022.

### **KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION**

# KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Commonwealth Bill

Red	CW 49
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### **Referred to Committee:** House 5

**Action on the Bill** 

9	School: West Jessamine HS	House	Senate
(	City: Nicholasville	□ Passed □ Defeated	□ Passed □ Defeated
1	An Act To Amend The Gubernatorial Election Dat	e	
2 3 4	Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky  4		
5	Section 1: Be it hereby enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky. Section 1: Under the		
6 7 8	establishment of this bill, the gubernatorial election will be moved back by one year taking place in even-numbered years, every four years, beginning in 2022.	to align with midte	rm elections,
9 10 11	Section 2: Failure to comply with imposed limits will fall within the range of posttorney General, who shall enforce all of the state's election laws.	owers dictated to	the

Section 3: This bill will be enforced by the The Constitution of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, Section 95.

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### **KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION**

# KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Commonwealth Bill

Section 5: This bill will go into effect on January 1, 2020.

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### Referred to Committee: Senate 5

Commonwealth bin		Senate 5	
9	ponsors: Liam Funk	Action on the Bill	
9	ichool: Williamstown Sr. HS	House Senate	
(	City: Williamstown	Passed Passed Defeated	
1 2	AN ACT relating to the random drug testing of persons licensed as f	oster care parents.	
3	Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth	of Kentucky	
5 6 7	Section 1: A person who is licensed as a foster care parent shall provide written con drug testing for illicit drug use.	sent to and undergo random	
8 9 10	Section 2: If a person licensed as a foster care parent refuses to undergo rand drug use, he/she shall have his/her foster care license revoked.	lom drug testing for illicit	
11 12 13	Section 3: If a person licensed as a foster care parent tests positive for illicit his/her foster care license revoked.	drugs, he/she shall have	
14	Section 4: Funding for drug testing will come from the Cabinet of Health and F	amily Services budget.	

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	Red	CW 5
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Referred to Committee: House 1	
Action on the Bill	
House	Senate
☐ ☐ Passed ☐ Passed ☐ Defeated ☐ Defeat	
	Action of House

An Act Relating to Incarcerated Parents in Kentucky

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### Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: Section 1. Mandate the Kentucky Department of Corrections to create and institute family counseling services for children and their incarcerated parent as well as mandatory parenting classes provided for parents who wish to regain custody of their children after release.

Section 2: Section 2. This program would only be available to those incarcerated who have committed nonviolent crimes, or those that do not involve the use of any force or injury to another person such as theft, fraud, drug and alcohol related crimes, prostitution, gambling, bribery, and so forth.

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Section 3: Section 3. The counseling would only be put into action after the child, the child's legal guardian/social worker and the warden of the prison in which the parent is incarcerated have all agreed to counseling. Counseling will be provided by the correctional counselors and psychologists already employed by the Department of Corrections.

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Section 4: Section 4. Counseling would continue until all parties are satisfied, or in the case of extenuating circumstances.

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Section 5: Section 5. Parenting classes will be provided by social workers employed by the state who also already work with said incarcerated families. Classes will include instruction on topics such as handling finance, job application, communication skills, and basic childcare. Mandatory classes would continue until the parental unit is released from incarceration. The parent may choose to continue classes after release, but they will no longer be required.

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Section 6: Section 6. All funding will be provided by the Department of Corrections and the Department of Social Services.

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Section 7: This bill will go into effect on July 1, 2019.

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