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Bluegrass Bill

BG	1
	BG

Referred to Committee: House 4

Sponsors: Billy Salmon, Emmie Flatt, Lindsey Taylor, Kelsey Wiley		Action on the Bill	
9	School: Adair Co. HS	House	Senate
City: Columbia		Defeated	□ Passed □ Defeated
1	An Act Relating To photo identification on EBT food stan	າp cards.	
2 3 4	Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth	of Kentucky	
4 5 6	Section 1: The purpose of this bill is to reduce the amount of abuse of government	issued food stamps.	
7 8 9	Section 2: When a person is to be provided assistance they will be required to be placed on the front of their EBT food stamp card.	take a photo yearl	y that will
10 11 12	Section 3: The assistance provided will have a monthly expiration date. There month to month for money not used.	will be no accumula	ation from
13 14 15	Section 4: If said person refuses to have their photo identification placed on t be provided.	he card, assistance	will not
16	Section 5: The bill will go into effect on January 1, 2020.		

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KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION

KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Bluegrass Bill

Referred to Committee: House 3

S	ponsors: Brian Schneider	Action on	the Bill
S	chool: Atherton HS	House	Senate
С	City: Louisville		□ Passed □ Defeated
1 2	An Act To make the practice of gambling legal in Ken	tucky	
3	Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth	of Kentucky	
4 5 6 7	Section 1: To allow full fledged gambling to be practiced in Kentucky and to allow g the state.	ambling establishmer	nts within
8 9 10	Section 2: The following KRS sections are repealed: All sections within KRS ch 372	apter 528 and KRS	chapter
11 12 13 14 15	Section 3: Full fledge gambling meaning all practices of gambling such as bett machines, sports betting etc. Excluding federally banned practices such as do expansion on the recent addition of Derby City Gaming, which uses Horse Racreal slot machines.	g fighting. Would al	so be an
16 17 18	Section 4: Gambling establishments are places that host gambling events (sucsection 3) and betting games. Venues such as casinos, racetracks (Churchill de		ed in
19 20 21 22	Section 5: The effective taxes on gambling establishments are as follows: 3% less of gross revenue 4% monthly tax on \$50,001- \$150,000 of gross revenue \$150,001 or more of gross revenue	· ·	-
22 23 24 25	Section 6: Fees will be placed on the following: \$250 fee on gambling operato machine placed in gambling establishments	r license \$750 fee _l	per
26	Section 7: This bill would go into effect July, 1 of the 2019 fiscal year.		

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KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION

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Red | BG 3

Bluegrass Bill	Referred to Committee: Senate 5
Sponsors: Ashton Hoelscher, Beau Hardee, Jackson Ansari	Action on the Bill
School: Ballard HS	House Senate
City: Louisville	Defeated Defeated
1 An ACT to Allow Kentucky Citizens to Partake in Physicia	n-Assisted Suicide

Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: This bill will revise KRS 216.302, KRS 311.637 (1), and KRS 311.639 to allow licensed physicians to partake in physician-assisted suicide.

Section 2: This bill will make it legal for licensed physicians to provide the physical means to allow their patients to have the option of physician-assisted suicide or euthanization. Euthanization will be allowed for patients suffering from a terminal illness.

Section 3: The patient that has been diagnosed with a terminal illness must have an estimated time of death within 3 months of the planned suicide. Additionally, the patient must be 18 years of age and of sound mind.

Section 4: The estimated time of death will have to be signed off by 2 licensed physicians. After the two physicians agree, one of the physicians will be permitted to provide the physical means of a suicide for the patient. The means of suicide will be decided upon by the physician, the patient, and will also be affected by the terminal illness.

Section 5: All physicians will have the right to decline to be part of an assisted suicide.

Section 6: This bill will be enacted on January 1, 2019, after the bill's passing.

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KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION

KENTLICKY VOLITH ASSEMBLY

Blue	BG 4
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Bluegrass Bill		Committee: ate 5
Sponsors: Edison Shipley, Malena Hughes, Madison Adams, Eaden Fowler	Action on the Bill	
School: Barren Co. HS	House	Senate
City: Glasgow	☐ ☐ Passed ☐ ☐ Defeated	□ Passed □ Defeated

An Act Relating To the approval of hardship licenses for underage drivers

Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: According to the 2010 U.S. Census, 33% of families in Kentucky are single-parent families. In the event of a single parent becoming ill or unable to work, it would be beneficial for a 14 or 15 year old with the ability to drive having the legal ability to do so.

Section 2: The percent of Kentucky families living in poverty is 17.2%. In these families, children often work as minors to provide a supplemental and stable income.

Section 3: In order to be eligible for a hardship license, an applicant must meet the following requirements: a Kentucky resident at least fourteen years old, in compliance with the Compulsory School Attendance and Satisfactory Progress Law for a first time license, meet the same eliqibility standards for Class D License, and applicants who are 14 years of age, or those who have not held a Learner Permit for at least 3 months, must show proof of successful completion of a State approved Driver Education/Training Course.

Section 4: The restrictions associated with a hardship license are as follows: persons holding a valid hardship license may operate Class D vehicles only, valid only for daylight hours (No earlier than 5:00 a.m. and no later than 7:00 p.m.), valid only for travel to pre-authorized locations that are specified on the approval letter, passengers are limited to immediate family members only, will be approved for the most direct route only with a mileage limitation of 25 miles, one way, persons holding a valid hardship license are not allowed to tow other vehicles or trailers.

Section 5: Destinations that will be considered for approval with the appropriate justification include: School - only if no bus transportation is provided, school approval needed; Work requires employer verification; and Medical physician verification needed.

Section 6: This bill would go into effect July 1, 2019.

the	KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Bluegrass Bill	Blue	Blue BG 5	
			Committee:	
Sponsors: Angelia l	Pulliam, Elaine Ross, Brynn Martin, Zack Wasson	Action o	on the Bill	
School: Barren Co. I	HS	House	Senate	
City: Glasgow		□ Passed □ Defeated	□ Passed □ Defeated	

An Act Relating To the implementation of mental health awareness training for grade K-12 teachers and administrators in all public schools.

Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: Due to an increased number of untreated mental illnesses in youth, as well as an increase in the youth suicide rate, all public school teachers and administrators grades K-12 should be required to receive annual training on mental health awareness.

Section 2: According to Webster's Dictionary, mental health is defined as the general condition of one's mental and emotional state that is characterized by the absence of mental illness. Likewise, a mental illness is defined as a condition which causes serious disorder in a person's behavior or thinking. As of 2018, 1 out of every 5 children between ages 13-18 are living with a mental health condition, and 79% of these youth, do not receive treatment.

Section 3: Mental illnesses such as, Depression, Autism Spectrum Disorder (ASD), Anxiety, and Attention Deficit/Hyperactivity Disorder (ADHD) as well as many more, are all prominent in today's youth. Though not all can be detected so young, ASD and ADHD can sometimes be detected as early as three years old. With the proper tools and training, educators may be able to help spot the start of these illnesses, and aid the students in getting the help and treatment they need.

Section 4: Funding for these annual staff trainings would be provided by grants from the National Alliance for Mental Illness with the funds allocated for the advancement of mental health awareness for teachers and administrators in public schools.

Section 5: This training would be incorporated into the Professional Development that teachers are required to complete during each fiscal school year.

Section 6: This bill will go into effect before the beginning of the 2019-2020 school year; in which case, July 1, 2019.

KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION	Red 1	Red BG 6	
the	KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Bluegrass Bill	Referred to C	
Sponsors: Tory Allo	en, David Hensley, Jadeon Rust, Leecy Tock	Action on	the Bill
School: Bluegrass h	Homeschool Learning Co-Op	House	Senate
City: Lexinaton		□ Passed _ □ Defeated	□ Passed

An Act Relating To Protective Orders

Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 456 IS CREATED AS FOLLOWS: A person who has suffered harassment as defined in subdivision (a) may seek a temporary restraining order and an order after their hearing. To ensure the safety of harassment and attempted sexual assault victims, it is the intention of this bill to create a new type of protective order. The Civil Harassment Restraining Order allows victims of harassment and attempted sexual assault whose assailant is not a spouse, former spouse, or close relative to gain the protection of a restraining order. The purpose of this protective order is to stop further trauma and secure the safety of these victims. A victim of harassment or attempted sexual assault may receive a protective order against their perpetrator for up to 5 years and will be able to file a termination form for the protective order at any time. The courts must notify both parties when the protective order is issued. (a) For the purpose of this bill: (i) "Harassment" is unlawful violence, a credible threat of violence, or a knowing and willful course of conduct directed at a specific person that seriously alarms, annoys, or harasses the person, and that serves no legitimate purpose. The course of conduct must be that which would cause a reasonable person to suffer emotional distress, and must actually cause substantial emotional distress to the petitioner. (ii)"Attempted sexual assault" is when a person attempts to intentionally sexually touch another person without that person's consent.

Section 2: Any persons found violating a protective order will be subject to the following fines and/or jail time: First offense - \$500 fine Second offense - \$750 fine plus minimum 3 days in jail Third offense - \$5000 fine plus a minimum of 7 days in jail

Section 3: This bill will require no additional funding.

Section 4: This Act takes effect upon its passage and approval by the Governor or upon it otherwise becoming law.

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KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION

Blue	BG 7
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Bluegrass Bill	Referred to Committee: House 1
Sponsors: Erin Cain, Bailey Darbro, Anna Hunsinger, Abby Smith	Action on the Bill
School: Bourbon Co. HS	House Senate
City: Paris	

An Act Relating To Lower Voting Age for Local Elections by Repealing Section 145 of the Kentucky Constitution

Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: Be it hereby enacted by the annual Youth Legislature of the Commonwealth of Kentucky that the voting age for local elections be lowered to 16.

Section 2: This bill will repeal Section 145 of the Kentucky Constitution which states that every citizen of the United States of the age 18 who has resided in the state one year, and in this country 6 months and the precinct in which he/she offers to vote 60 days next preceding the election, shall be a voter.

Section 3: This bill proposes a change to the voting age in local elections only from 18 to 16.

Section 4: The definition of a local election is an election happening for the office holders in a certain town or city.

Section 5: This bill will enact that every citizen of the United States of the age 16 who has resided in the state one year, and in this country 6 months and the precinct in which he/she offers to vote 60 days next preceding the election, shall be a voter for the elections concerning towns or municipalities. At age 18 every citizen completing the preceding requirements shall be a voter concerning national elections.

Section 6: This bill, after being signed by the governor, will go into effect following the 2018 November elections of Kentucky, affecting succeeding elections in Kentucky.

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KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION

KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY

Red	BG 8
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Bluegrass Bill	Referred to Comr Senate 1	mittee:
Sponsors: Anmol Sandhu, Harrison Gover, Kate Woodring, Maya Lebedinsky	Action on the	Bill
School: Bowling Green HS	House S	enate
City: Bowling Green		☐ Passed☐ Defeated

A Bill to Replace The Kentucky High School P.E. Requirements with An Extended Health Class

Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: The ½ credit of Physical Education required to graduate from Kentucky High Schools shall henceforth be replaced with another ½ credit of Health Education.

Section 2: The Health Education class shall consist of lessons about extended financial literacy, the importance of electing good candidates to office, parenting, and on accepting other groups of people in an evolving society. Physical Education will no longer be required to graduate from secondary schooling.

- Section 3: The agency providing oversight shall be the Kentucky Department of Education.
- Section 4: This legislation shall go into effect on January 1st, 2022.
- Section 5: All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

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Blue	BG 9
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Bluegrass Bill	Referred to Committee: House 3	
Sponsors: Maggie Kinnel, Grace Stubblefield, Havanna Kirk	Action on the Bill	
School: Boyd Co. HS	House Senate	
City: Ashland	Passed Passed Defeated Defeated	

An Act Relating To Prostitution in Kentucky

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Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky that prostitution becomes legal and considered an occupation Section 1: In an effort to reduce the spread of sexually transmitted diseases, sexual abuse, and the stigma of all sex-work related crimes, the following KRS sections are to be repealed: section 529.020 and section 529.040. Due to the punishments they would face under disclosure, victims of vicious sexual offenses often conceal their trauma. The passage of this bill would provide a safe work environment for participants free from criminal activity and organize a government profitable chain of occupations.

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Section 2: Section 2: Prostitution is currently illegal in the Commonwealth of Kentucky under KRS statutes 529.020 and 529.040 which maintain that one is guilty of prostitution when in agreement of sexual activity in return for a fee.

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Section 3: Section 3: In order to obtain an individual or corporate employee prostitution license participants must adhere to the following: Annual (per fiscal year) screening and licensing issued by the Kentucky Cabinet of Health and Family Services (KCHFS) who will test for pre-existing sexually transmitted diseases Criminal background check (per new job location) Updated necessary vaccinations Failure to be in compliance with previously stated requirements will result in probation of business license and being charged with accounts of misdemeanors and/or felonies based on the offense. The KCHFS and local police departments will work in alliance to enforce and regulate these practices and sentences.

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Section 4: Section 4: Costs for enactment will already be covered by the KCHFS budget for previous screening of those charged with prostitution; cost will also be alloted through tax dollars from participating individuals and corporations.

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Section 5: Section 5: This bill will go into effect June 1st, 2019.

the SENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Bluegrass Bill	Blue	BG 10	
		Committee: ate 5	
Sponsors: Adrian M	AcDaniels, Grace Conley, Hadyn Kinder	Action o	on the Bill
School: Boyd Co. H		House	Senate
City: Ashland		— □ Passed □ Defeated	□ Passed □ Defeated

An Act Relating to requiring accessibility of menstrual products in government funded facilities

Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky Section 1: In an effort to ease stress and anxiety in government funded facilities, all government funded facilities must provide access to at least two kinds of women's menstrual products in their own separate dispensers. This bill can stop the discomfort of women and girls who experience menstruation and may not have the products they need. These products will cost the buyer fifty cents in US currency to purchase. The facility must keep products in stock, and may be deficient for no more than 30 days.

Section 2: Government funding refers to financial assistance received by non government entities in the form of federal, state, or local government grants, loans, loan guarantees, property, cooperative agreements, food commodities, direct appropriations, or other assistance. The types of menstrual products that are to be used are tampons or menstrual pads/liners, but other products can be offered if the facility chooses. The dispenser must be clean, and dispense one product for every fifty cents inserted.

Section 3: A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 17 IS CREATED TO READ AS FOLLOWS: (1)Each woman's restroom must have an up to code dispenser for at least two types of menstrual products, that dispenses one product for every fifty united states cents inserted into the machine. (2) If the facility is not compliant for over 30 days, their budget will be cut by 1% for the first month after the report of noncompliance, 2% for the second month, and so on until they are restocked. (3) The municipality that is responsible for the installation will receive the funds made back from the products being purchased (state Parks will give the revenue to the state, schools will give the revenue to their county, etc). (4) The Kentucky Department of Health and Human services will conduct random checks on the bathrooms to ensure that they are stocked

Section 4: The costs will come out of the facility's existing budgets. The revenue earned will reimburse the cost originally paid for the products.

Section 5: This bill will go into effect August first.

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Bluegrass Bill	Referred to Committee: Senate 1	
Sponsors: Jacob Marsili, Kayla Bohannon, Ronny Smith, Makayla Foley	Action or	n the Bill
School: Butler Traditional HS	House	Senate
City: Louisville	Passed	□ Passed □ Defeated

An Act Relating To Establishing Electronic Voting in Kentucky

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Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: Voter turnout has been dropping rapidly over the past decade. In modern times, people are using their cell phones for nearly every facet of life. This design and desire of this bill is to increase voter participation and encourage the younger generation to exercise their right to vote.

Section 2: This bill will give citizens of Kentucky the option to vote electronically.

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Section 3: The purpose of this bill is to increase voter turnout and encourage younger citizens to vote. This bill will help individuals who cannot appear at their physical assigned locations.

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Section 4: There will be no cost to this bill as the Secretary of State of Kentucky's office will be able to add a tab and/or page on the "voting registration" page that is already in existence.

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Section 5: When the eligible voter goes online to vote, they will be required take a picture of their photo identification (similar to that of the procedure of voting at a physical polling location) and type in their social security number to verify their identity and make sure they cannot log in/on to vote more than one time. They will then sign their name electronically and click a box that says that they agree to all terms and conditions to voting online.

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Section 6: The rules for online voting will be consistent to that of physical voting locations. Voters are encouraged to not discuss who they are to vote for beforehand nor can they have another individual vote for them.

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Section 7: The punishment for voter fraud will be the same as it is at physical locations. Any act of voter fraud in connection with a federal and/or state election risks a penalty of five years in prison and a \$10,000 fine.

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Section 8: This bill will go into effect during the designated primary Election Day within the Commonwealth of Kentucky - May 21, 2019.

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KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY

Red	BG	12
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Bluegrass Bill		ise 2
Sponsors: Jake Massey, Jake Whiteside III, Kyiree Spencer, Derick Tarr	Action o	n the Bill
School: Butler Traditional HS	House	Senate
City: Louisville	Passed Defeated	□ Passed □ Defeated

An Act Relating To Taxing E-Cigarettes and Liquid Pods

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Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: Juuls and other E-Cigarettes are small vaping devices. Each of these devices use a battery and contains a solution of nicotine that it released into the lungs when prompted. These cigarettes and Juuls especially, are very popular with adolescents and can have harmful effects.

10 11 12 Section 2: E-Cigarettes and Juuls are very harmful when entered into the lungs and can also be a gateway to drugs or tobacco smoking. These cigarettes have a substance called nicotine in them which can be very harmful and very addicting. Nicotine is also highly poisonous and a small drop can prove to be lethal to an adult. Once many of these young kids begin to "vape" these devices, they will be curious and start experimenting with other drugs.

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Section 3: This bill will establish a tax on these E-Cigarettes in attempts to limit the purchase and usage of these devices. This proposed tax will create a new "sin tax" specifically for E-cigarettes to go along with the already existing tobacco cigarette and liquor sin taxes. There will be an additional \$1.10 to the price of each E-cigarette and each pod that is purchased.

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Section 4: This bill will go into effect on July 1, 2019.

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KENTLICKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY

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Bluegrass Bill	Referred to Commi House 4	ttee:
Sponsors: Kaitlin Price, Sylvia Lontz, Linh Nguyen, Jaidyn Logan	Action on the E	Bill
School: Central HS	House Ser	ate
City: Louisville		Passed Defeated
An Act Relating To End the Use of Money Bail in the Co	ourt System.	

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Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: Create a new section of KRS 431.066 to read as follows: This act applies to people accused of a crime that is not a flight risk era potential threat in general to the community.

Section 2: A person who does not potential threat or flight risk is a person accused of a misdemeanor or a class C or D felony.

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Section 3: A detention hearing shall be held within 48 hours of the arrest of an individual. During a detention hearing condition of release shall be discussed and a court date shall be set.

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Section 4: The court may impose reasonable conditions upon the accused to ensure their appearance in court.

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Section 5: Reasonable conditions may include: Not commit a Federal, State, or local crime, Remain in the custody of a designated person, Maintain or find employment, Restriction of travel, Avoid all contact with an alleged victim of crime or potential witnesses, Comply with a specific curfew, Undergo available medical, psychological, or psychiatric treatment, including treatment for drug or alcohol dependency, and remain in a specified institution if required for that purpose, or Participate in a home incarceration program

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Section 6: The administrative office of the court shall create a court date notification system to remind the accused of their approaching court date.

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Section 7: If a person fails to appear for their court date, they shall be charged under KRS 431.005.

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Section 8: This Act takes effect July 1, 2019.

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KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY

Red	BG	14
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Bluegrass Bill	House 3
Sponsors: Jack Wilburn, Sky Soister, Nika Lickert, Zoe Hoelmer	Action on the Bill
School: Covington Latin School	House Senate
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City: Covington	Defeated Defeate

An Act Relating To Change the Minimum Graduation Requirements

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Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 158 IS CREATED TO READ AS FOLLOWS: (1) All public schools in Kentucky shall include two language credits to the minimum graduation requirement, increasing the minimum number of credits from 22 to 24.

Section 2: Any statute contrary to this Act shall be amended or repealed.

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KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION

KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY

Blue	BG 15
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Bluegrass Bill		Committee: ate 3
Sponsors: Jack Bittenbender, Fischer Loyall, James Atkinson, Ryan Byerly	Action o	n the Bill
School: DeSales HS	House	Senate
City: Louisville	Passed Defeated	□ Passed □ Defeated

An Act Relating To the Creation of a "For Vets, By Vets" Vocational Training Center

Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: Beginning in the year 2019, the appropriate funds will be used in the developing and construction/acquiring of a physical structure in Louisville, KY near the Kentucky Veteran Affairs Center, that will aid in further supporting KY vets by providing education, training, and counseling. These services will be geared towards basic vocation & manual labor skills necessary to obtain certification and/or employment in fields including equipment maintenance, security, engineering, and construction.

Section 2: - The center would be run by veterans for veterans because the connections between them could be better than those with a normal person who is not a veteran. - They may know each other and they could accommodate for each others needs. - It would give a former serviceman a job and at the same time give another veteran a good service from a fellow veteran

Section 3: The following are conditions for eligibility in Kentucky: - Transitioning Service members within six months prior to discharge from active duty - Veterans within one year following discharge from active duty - Any Service member/Veteran currently eligible for a VA education benefit - All current VA education beneficiaries.

Section 4: - Seeing as this affects veterans, we can use money from the VA (Veterans Affair), a national organization backed by the US Government, dedicated to help veterans in need. - This clinic can and will hire vets who have experience in trait jobs such as; plumbing, wielding, construction etc. these vets will be paid for their time spent, and other companies can send representatives and teach vets. These companies will get first picks on these new employees.

Section 5: - The graduates of the Veterans Vocational Center will be checked on time to time, making sure that they have a sound and stable job. They would be contacted every year at a certain assigned time to make sure that they still have a job. - These people that would be contacting the graduated veterans would be veterans that have already graduated and applied for this position. They would contact these graduated veterans through email or a phone call. - If a veteran did not have a job, was fired from the one they got after graduating, or quit the job they got after graduating, this veteran would be able to set up a meeting to plan with a counselor to find a new job and negotiate if they need to go through more training.

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BG 16

Bluegrass Bill		Committee: use 4
Sponsors: Wrigley Crews, Leilani Osborne, Bayan Saleh, Shari Joseph	Action o	n the Bill
School: Fern Creek HS	House	Senate
City: Louisville	☐ Passed☐ Passed☐ ☐ Defeated☐	□ Passed □ Defeated

An Act to reduce opioid use in Kentucky

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Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: This bill will enable certified professionals to prescribe mindfulness and pain control therapies to patients seeking pain relief. This will aid in reducing opioid prescriptions in the State of Kentucky.

Section 2: Statistics from 2015 show that Kentucky professionals write 97.0 opioid prescriptions per 100 people (www.druqabuse.gov). People who use opioids are 40 times more likely to become addicted to heroin than people who do not have drug addictions. Opioid use has caused a rise in the spread of diseases, like HIV and Hepatitis C in Kentucky. Additionally, the state has also seen a rise of costly emergency room visits and use of emergency medical service, due to drug use.

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Section 3: By allowing the prescription of mindfulness or pain control therapies, including meditation, aromatherapy, yoqa, massaqe, cognitive behavioral therapy, self-hypnosis, exercise, and breathing exercises, the State of Kentucky will be able to drastically reduce the prescription and addiction of opioids.

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Section 4: The current prescription rate of Kentucky is twice the national rate of 58.7% (2017). (cdc.gov)

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Section 5: Without causing any new taxes for state residents, the bill proposed will provide Kentucky a simple and effective path to reduce opioid use, addiction, and death throughout the state, and will serve as a model for other states in the U.S to prevent the opioid epidemic from growing.

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Section 6: This bill will go into effect January 1, 2019.

** KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION		Blue	BG 17
the	KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Bluegrass Bill	Referred to	
Sponsors: Colby Co	oley, Katelyn Crase, Logan Martin	Action or	the Bill
School: Floyd Centra	al HS	House	Senate

An Act Relating To banning sexual conduct or sexual contact with an animal.

□ Defeated

Defeated

City: Eastern

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Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: (a) A person shall not knowingly engage in any sexual conduct or sexual contact with an animal. (b) A person shall not knowingly cause, aid, or assist another person to engage in any sexual conduct or sexual contact with an animal. (c) A person shall not knowingly authorize any sexual conduct or sexual contact with an animal to be conducted on any premises under his or her charge or control. (d) A person shall not knowingly engage in, promote, aid, or assist with any activity involving any sexual conduct or sexual contact with an animal for a commercial or recreational purpose. (e) Sentence. A person who violates this Section is guilty of a Class 4 felony. A person who violates this Section in the presence of an underaged individual or causes the animal serious physical injury or death is quilty of a Class 3 felony. (f) In addition to the penalty proposed in subsection (e), the court may order that the defendant do any of the following: (1) Not shelter animals or reside in any household where animals are present for a reasonable period of time or permanently, if necessary. (2) Relinquish and permanently forfeit all animals residing in the household to a recognized or duly organized animal shelter or humane society. (3) Undergo a psychological evaluation with counseling at defendant's expense. (4) Compensate the animal shelter or humane society for any reasonable costs required for the care and maintenance of the animal involved in the sexual conduct or sexual contact in addition to any animals transferred to the animal shelter or humane society. (g) Nothing in this Section shall be interpreted to prohibit accepted animal husbandry practices, accepted veterinary medical practices by a licensed veterinarian or certified veterinary technician, or accepted means of artificial insemination in livestock animals. (h) If the court has reasonable belief that a violation of this Section has occurred, the court may order the seizure of all animals involved with the alleged violation as a condition of bond with a person charged with a violation of this Section.

Section 2: n this Section: "Animal" means every creature, either alive or dead, other than a human being. "Sexual conduct" means any knowing touching or fondling by a person, either directly or through clothing, of the sex organs or anus of an animal or any transfer or transmission of semen by the person upon any part of the animal, for the purpose of sexual gratification or arousal of the person. "Sexual contact" means any contact, however slight, between the sex organ or anus of a person and the sex organ, mouth, or anus of an animal, or any intrusion, however slight, of any part of the body of the person into the sex organ or anus of an animal, for the purpose of sexual gratification or arousal of the person. Evidence of emission of semen is not required to prove sexual contact.

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Sponsors: Kenadi Smith, Morgan Hamilton

KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION

Bluegrass Bill

Section 4: These provisions will go into effect January 1, 2019.

Red	 BG 1	18
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Referred to Committee: Senate 2

Action on the Bill

	School: Franklin Co. HS			
9			Senate	
City: Frankfort		□ Passed □ Defeated	Defeated	
1	An Act To Require Nuclear DNA Testing For All Convicted Felor	ns In Kentucky		
Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky				
5 6 7	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			
8 9 10 11	Section 2: Seeing that the constitutionality has been supported by the Supren (2013), we propose that DNA testing will not take place until one is convicted DNA testing will consist of the standard DNA collection procedure used in the	d of the felony cri	me. This	
12 13	Section 3: The test will be done through nuclear testing (non-blood) and store Lab. The cost is approximately \$125 to \$200 per test.	ed in State Police-	Forensic	

KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Bluegrass Bill	Blue I	BG 19	
		Referred to (
Sponsors: Rileigh Smith, Izi Witt, Carmen Applegate, Katie McGuire		Action or	the Bill
School: Frederick D	ouglass HS	House	Senate
		☐ Passed	☐ Passed

An Act Relating To Requiring Police Cameras and the Enforcement of Privacy with Footage

☐ Defeated

Defeated

Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: This bill will require all police departments to wear body cameras when on duty as well as implement restricted filming in private areas such as private companies and restrooms, in which will keep civilians safe and protect them from harm when coming forward as a witness. Officers will also be required to regulate public access to the footage and create a database for the footage so it can be stored correctly.

Section 2: Currently, in Kentucky Police body cameras are not enforced, and minimum privacy laws are provided for departments than choose to use them. Police body cameras would help better the process of solving crimes and issuing enforcement upon those involved in crimes. By administering stricter privacy laws, we can restrict filming in private areas, restrict public access and prescribe video storage areas.

Section 3: Research concluded that in Rialto, California that force used by officers decreased by 60% in the first year of assembling the cameras. Studies also show the complaints by citizens against officers decreased by 88%.

Section 4: Kentucky currently permits police departments to register grants for the funding of such body cameras. The grants go through the Kentucky Office of Homeland Security. The grant enforces applied departments to write their policy for their use, but this written policy will no longer be needed due to policy implemented statewide.

Section 5: This bill will go into effect January of 2020.

City: Lexington

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Blue	BG 20

Bluegrass Bill		Committee: ate 4
Sponsors: Amir Chambers, Brian Coen, Bryson Berry, Macy Helton	Action o	n the Bill
School: Frederick Douglass HS	House	Senate
City: Lexington	□ Passed □ Defeated	Defeated

An Act Relating to Senior Citizens and Driving

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Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: Current Kentucky legislature does not require additional vision or driving related tests following the initial assessments between the ages of 16 and 17. Renewal of licenses can take place online or in-person and does not require additional procedures. Declines in vision and cognitive functioning due to age has shown to negatively affect driving ability for older adults.

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Section 2: This bill would require persons age 70 and older to complete an in-person evaluation of eye sight, road laws, driving abilities and memory upon reaching the age of 70 and every two years after.

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Section 3: The average cost to complete each evaluation will be \$30.

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Section 4: This bill will go into effect January 1, 2020.

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VENTUCKY VOLITH ACCEMBLY

Blue	BG 21
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Bluegrass Bill	Referred to	
Sponsors: Cayley Ballard, Kaylee Hennion	Action o	n the Bill
School: Hart Co. HS	House	Senate
City: Munfordville	Defeated	□ Passed □ Defeated

An Act Relating To Requiring a four day school week to improve Kentucky's education system.

Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: Recently Kentucky's governor, Matt Bevin, passed a controversial bill on petition which requires teachers to work longer and receive less pay. This bill has also caused negative effects on teachers' retirement funds. This is unfair to Kentucky's hard working teachers who depend on their retirement funding for their lives after retirement.

Section 2: This bill would turn a 5-day school week into a 4-day school week. Faculty, staff and students would report to school on Tuesday through Friday each week

Section 3: This bill would require no extra funding to be put into place; the previous funding would only be required. If more seat time is required by the State, this could be satisfied by adding thirty to forty-five minutes to each day Tuesday through Friday.

Section 4: The money being saved for the Monday out of school would go back into the teachers' retirement funds. This would also diminish some of the stress for teachers who have less money put in place for retirement.

Section 5: This bill would be put into place at the start of the school year in the Fall of 2019.

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Blue	BG 22
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Bluegrass Bill		Committee: ate 1
Sponsors: Kylie Givens, Breckin Sauer, Meredith Gold, Grace Maish	Action o	n the Bill
School: Henderson Co. HS	House	Senate
City: Henderson	Passed	Defeated

An Act Relating To changing the current Kentucky driving age law to 15 years old.

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Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: This bill allows a 15 year old to obtain a Learners Permit after passing the requirement testing elements (vision & written) and will hold that permit for six months.

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Section 2: A 15 year old driver must obtain their permit and complete a drivers education course to qualify to obtain their Intermediate License. Intermediate License requires 50 hours of driving logged time with 10 hours of that at night and must be held for six months.

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Section 3: A 16 year old would be legible after meeting the above requirements and passing a field performance driving test for their Kentucky Drivers License.

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KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Bluegrass Bill

Referred to Committee: House 2

Blue | BG 23

Sponsors: Madeleine Johnson, Connor Hogan, Hannah Martin, Grace-Ann Pruitt

Action on the Bill

School: Henderson Co. HS

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City: Henderson

🗆 Passed	Passed
□ Defeated	Defeate

☐ Defeated

An act to require a ban on plastic bags for Kentucky major retail and grocery.

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Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

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Section 1: This bill, if enacted would ban the use of plastic bags in all major retail and grocery and promote the use of alternative biodegradable bags.

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Section 2: Major retail and grocery is defined as a cooperation grossing over \$500,000 yearly

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Section 3: Major Retail/grocery can opt for their alternative bagging product that is biodegradable and may qualify for an environment (carbon) tax dedication.

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Section 4: This bill will go into effect starting January 1, 2020.

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KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION

KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY

BG 24

Referred to Committee:

Bluegrass Bill	Sena	ate 4
Sponsors: Lutece DuBravac	Action o	n the Bill
School: Henry Clay HS	House	Senate
City: Lexington	□ Passed □ Defeated	Defeated

An Act To require all guns to be registered to the local police department

Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: This act will require all new guns bought in Kentucky to be registered. This bill will include guns that are bought at gun shows, and will require a license for these weapons as well.

Section 2: The NRA, local police, and gun sellers will be responsible for ensuring that guns are registered. either at the store, or through forms filled out online prior to the purchase of the gun.

Section 3: These forms will be free online, and will be administered by the local police and gun shop owners. Any additional fees for registering the gun will be paid for by the purchasers.

Section 4: If a gun is not registered, then the gun will be confiscated and the person will lose their license for one year. If there is a second offense, then the person will lose their license for five years and be required to pay a \$500 fine. If there is a third offense, the person will lose their license for 10 years and be required to pay a \$1000 fine.

Section 5: This bill will go into effect at the beginning of 2020.

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KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION

KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY

Bluegrass Bill		Committee: use 2
Sponsors: Madi Sahm, Payton Alcorn, Elizabeth Pitts, Jacob Young	Action on the Bill	
School: Heritage Christian Academy	House	Senate
City: Hopkinsville	□ Passed □ Defeated	□ Passed □ Defeated

An Act Relating To Requiring all Kentucky High School Students To Take and Pass a Personal finance course.

Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: According to a recent study, Kentucky is ranked 45th on our nation's financial scale, owing approximately 4,800 dollars per household. Overall, the state of Kentucky owes almost 14 billion dollars in debt as a result of lack of financial education. A recent poll recorded that only 43% of college students know the difference between debit and credit cards. This bill will require each high school student in Kentucky to take and pass a personal finance course in order to graduate. This will increase our states economy, and stabilize the financial future of Kentucky's youth.

Section 2: This class will be provided as a required elective available for students in 9th through 12th grade. Students will be able to choose the year in which they complete the class, as long as it is passed before graduation. Other states currently implementing this bill are Alabama, Virginia, Tennessee, Utah, and Missouri.

Section 3: If a school or student does not abide by this bill, the student(s) lacking the personal finance credit will be ineligible to graduate. To pay for books and the curriculum one dollar would be taken from each tax payer in Kentucky providing each public school with approximately 2,800 dollars.

Section 4: This bill will go into effect in the 2019-2020 school year.

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KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION

KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY

BG 26

Bluegrass Bill	Referred to Committee: Senate 3
Sponsors: Bill Nichols, Luke Bottoms, Ryan Trapnell, Lewis Dilday	Action on the Bill
School: Heritage Christian Academy	House Senate
City: Hopkinsville	

An Act Relating To the display of the national motto in public school classrooms. Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky.

Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: A new section KRS Chapter 162 is created to read as follows: All Kentucky public schools shall be required to display the National Motto " In God We Trust", in a prominent location.

Section 2: This Act takes effect at the start of the 2019-2020 school year.

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KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY

Bluegrass Bill		se 1
Sponsors: Andrew Bailey, Spencer Doerger, Audrey Davis, Morrigan McIntosh	Action o	n the Bill
School: Holy Cross HS - Covington	House	Senate
City: Covington	Passed	□ Passed □ Defeated

AN ACT to abolish the Kentucky state income tax

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Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: Currently, residents of Kentucky pay a tax of between 2% and 6% based on their income level. This bill abolishes the state income tax.

8 9 Section 2: To replace the loss of revenue, sales tax would increase from 6% to 7% statewide.

10 11 Section 3: Additionally, counties and cities have the authority to increase the sales tax by a maximum of 2%, not to exceed a total of 9%.

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Section 4: This bill will go into effect on January 1, 2020.

•	KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION
the	KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY
S _N	Bluegrass Bill
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School: Holy Cross HS - Covington

BG 28

Referred to Committee: Senate 5

Sponsors: Tommy Holtz, Jane Roberts, Isabella Stock, Lucia Fruchtenicht	Action o	n the Bill
School Holy Cross HS Covington	House	Senate

☐ Passed □ Passed City: Covington ☐ Defeated □ Defeated

An act to improve efforts to eradicate Asian Carp from Kentucky Lake and Lake Barkley.

Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: The waterways of Kentucky have been overrun by an invasive species: Asian carp. These fish feed on plankton in direct competition with Shad and other forage fish which feed sport fish native to the state of Kentucky. Asian carp grow up to three feet long and also jump out of the water when disturbed, injuring boaters and fishermen as a result. The greatest impact is felt in Kentucky Lake and Lake Barkley where fishing and the tourism industry are threatened.

Section 2: Currently, the Kentucky Department of Fish and Wildlife Resources has four crews dedicated to aquatic nuisance species. Three crews are stationed in Frankfort, and one is stationed in western Kentucky. Commercial fishing operations are harvesting less than half the target number of five million pounds each year to control the population.

Section 3: This bill proposes to add two more KDFWR crews in western Kentucky to monitor and combat the population of Asian carp in Kentucky Lake and Lake Barkley. This bill also aims to increase the commercial demand for Asian carp by educating the public about the possibility of utilizing a fish that contains lower mercury levels and the chance to compete in an annual carp fishing tournament for a \$10,000 cash prize. These efforts will increase the amount of carp harvested by commercial fish processors in Kentucky Lake and Lake Barkley. Funding for these measures will be provided by fishing license purchases.

Section 4: This bill will go into effect on January 1, 2019.

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KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION

Bluegrass Bill	Referred to Committee: Senate 3	
Sponsors: Breck Bennett, Sarah Recktenwald, McKenzie Turner	Action on the Bill	
School: Holy Cross HS - Louisville	House Senate	
City: Louisville	Passed Passed Defeated Defeated	
1 An Act Relating To Enabling the Limited Operation of Casino Gaming and	Other Gambling in the State of	

Kentucky

Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: This bill will allow the utilization of casinos in the state of Kentucky. Casinos will be enabled in all 120 counties in the state of Kentucky, all 365 days of the year.

Section 2: Casinos produce money, through taxation, that states can spend on schools, public services, etc. They also provide jobs for the unemployed. Finally, casinos will increase tourism in the state of Kentucky which benefits innumerable businesses, small and large.

Section 3: A Kentucky Horseracing and Gambling committee will we established to enforce this action and make sure the effects are not detrimental to our historic state treasure, Churchill Downs. This bill will go into effect on January 1st, 2019.

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January 27, 2019.

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KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION

Bluegrass Bill

BG 30

Referred to Committee:Senate 5

2	ponsors: Ben Clift, Mason Touma, Heather Colman, Sam Berman	Action on the Bill	
9	chool: Kentucky Country Day	House Senate	
C	ity: Louisville	Passed Passed Defeated	
1	An Act Relating To KRS 218A.1410: Importing heroin, carfentanil, fentan	yl, or fentanyl derivatives	
3	Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth	of Kentucky	
5 6	Section 1: Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky		
7 8 9 10 11	Section 2: By this Act, KRS 218A.1410 is amended to read as follows: Importing fentanyl, or fentanyl derivatives is a Class B felony, and the defendant shall not shock probation, conditional discharge, or parole until he or she has served at the sentence imposed.	ot be released on probation,	
12	Section 3: Upon agreement by the Governor of the Commonwealth of Kentuck	y, this bill becomes effective	

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KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Bluegrass Bill

Referred to Committee:
Senate 2

Red | BG 31

Sponsors: Sarah Grace Sajadi, Madeline Lambert, Bridget Bender, Phoebe **Action on the Bill** Wagoner House Senate **School:** Lafayette HS □ Passed □ Passed City: Lexington □ Defeated □ Defeated

An Act Relating To the Selling of Nicotine Products to Minors.

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Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: Kentucky currently prohibits the sale of vapor or tobacco products to persons under the age of eighteen, with a 100 to 500 dollar fines as punishment for a violation of the law, and a 500 to 1000 dollar fine for repeat violations. This bill aims to expand upon these laws and ensure that they are properly enforced.

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Section 2: According to the FDA, the brains of teenagers are still developing, thus putting them at greater risk for a nicotine addiction and long term health issues. The FDA also states that in 2016, more than two million youth were using e-cigarettes, and the number continues to rise. For enforcement to be increased, the proceedings for selling e-cigarettes and other nicotine products must be adjusted.

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Section 3: This bill proposes to enforce the aforementioned policy by requiring that all persons wishing to purchase an e-cigarette or any other nicotine product present one Kentucky State ID. If a nicotine product is sold to someone without a Kentucky state ID it must be reported to the local government. A Kentucky state ID is defined by the requirements put in place by the Kentucky State government. Selling e-cigarettes or other nicotine product to any person of the age of 18 could result in jail time for establishment employees and/or owners.

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Section 4: The funding will be appropriated by the state of Kentucky for tobacco prevention and cessation programs. Kentucky appropriated \$2,846,3000 for said programs in 2015; the exact funding amount could vary due to government appropriation decisions.

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Section 5: Enactment will occur on December 1st, 2019 from the bill's passage, enabling retailers to comply with new bill requirements.

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City: Lexington

KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION

KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY **Bluegrass Bill**

Blue	BG 32
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Referred to Committee: House 2

Sponsors: Tia Alchureiqi, Ireland Owens, Sarah Waddles, Anabeth Schneider	Action o	on the Bill
School: Lexington Christian Academy	House	Senate
	🗆 Passed	Pass

□ Passed	□ Passed
□ Defeated	☐ Defeated

Senate

An Act Relating to the requirement of state government to grant citizens the free option to install radon mitigation systems within homes of high radon levels (4 pCi/L or above).

Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: Our bill aims to prevent radon-induced lung cancer cases within the state of Kentucky through the option of installing radon mitigation for free. Homes with radon levels above 4 pCi/L may request a radon mitigation system paid by the state through tax money. Radon mitigation systems on average cost \$1,200, yet is dependent upon the home's design, size, foundation, construction materials and the local climate. The home owner will have to present a certificate of their home's radon level (being 4 pCi/L or above) and income level meeting the range determined by the Kentucky Department of Environmental Protection to be eligible in receiving a radon mitigation system installed by a state certified mitigation contractor.

Section 2: Through granting the free option to install radon mitigation systems, this bill would encourage homeowners with potentially hazardous radon levels to request such systems as its cost would already be covered. Through the installation of radon mitigation systems, environmental-carcinogen-induced lung cancer cases within Kentucky may be reduced as radon mitigation lowers radon levels to safe ranges.

Section 3: This Act will take effect in January 1st, 2019 and will be paid through tax money.

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KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION

KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Bluegrass Bill

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	BG	BG 3

Referred to Committee: Senate 4

Bluegrass Bill	Senate 4	
Sponsors: Megan Franke, Rachel Coursey	Action o	n the Bill
School: Lyon Co. HS	House	Senate
City: Eddyville	Passed Defeated	□ Passed □ Defeated

An Act Relating To Requiring All Kentucky Public Schools to Employ a Full-Time Guidance Counselor

Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: This bill will require all Kentucky public schools to employ at least one full-time guidance counselor. In the United States, 24 states and the District of Colombia require public schools to employ at least one full-time guidance counselor. Currently, Kentucky does not place any mandates on the hiring of school guidance counselors. The state leaves hiring and staffing decisions up to each school's Site-Based Decision Making Council (SBDM). Guidance counselors work with school staff, parents and the community to create a caring, supportive climate, and atmosphere for students to achieve academic success. Counselors have many school responsibilities including; managing student schedules, grade reports, Infinite Campus, reporting cases of abuse and neglect to Child Protective Services, managing 504 plans, KPREP testing, and suicide prevention. Research shows that students who have access to guidance counselors will have higher success in the fields of academics and the needed metal stability to execute proper life skills.

Section 2: This bill will require public schools to employ at least one full-time guidance counselor. It will affect all public school students in the state of Kentucky, Students will be guaranteed a confidente that is trained to help them with emotional problems, as well as college and career plans.

Section 3: Each public school district will be responsible for funding the salaries of the necessary guidance counselors.

Section 4: The bill will pertain to every public school without at least one full-time guidance counselor in the state of Kentucky.

Section 5: The law will go into effect by the 2019-2020 school year.

	KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION	Red	Red BG 34	
the	KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY		_	
Bluegrass Bill		Committee: use 5		
Sponsors: Jackson	Boone, Anastasia Shaverina	Action o	on the Bill	
School: Marshall Co	. HS	House	Senate	
City: Benton		— □ Passed □ Defeated	□ Passed □ Defeated	

An Act Relating to the Limitations of Terms for Members of the General Assembly

Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: As it is written, the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Kentucky specifies Members of the House of Representatives are elected to serve two year terms and Senators are elected to serve four years. The Kentucky Constitution does not specify on the topic of term limits.

Section 2: This bill implements term limits for both members of the House of Representatives and Senate. No member of the House of Representatives can be elected more than three terms in their lifetimes. No member of the Senate can be elected more than two terms in their lifetimes

Section 3: This bill will be applicable to any member of the General Assembly elected as of General Election day 2020.

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KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION

KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY

Bluegrass Bill	Referred to Committee: Senate 3
Sponsors: Cole Martens, Hannah Price, Katy Hoehner, Aryahna Day	Action on the Bill
School: Martha Layne Collins HS	House Senate
City: Shelbyville	

An Act to Enhance Penalties Associated with Reckless Driving Around School Busses

Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: Current Kentucky state law (KRS 189.370) prohibits vehicles from passing stopped school buses in traffic. Many people do not listen to this and go right around the bus with no consequences. Children have been hit several times in the US by cars passing a stopped school bus. Regulations are needed to increase the penalties of these offenders.

Section 2: This bill would require the installation of cameras on the side of public school buses to catch the license plates of all drivers passing stopped buses. Local school districts shall be required to purchase and install the cameras but would be entitled to the fees acquired from offenders to compensate their costs.

Section 3: This bill would also enhance existing penalties related to drivers passing school buses (per KRS 189.990). The first offense would increase from a maximum fine of \$200 to \$1000 and imprisonment would increase from a maximum of 60 days to 90 days. Any additional offense within three years would face an increased maximum penalty from \$500 to \$2000 and imprisonment would increase from a maximum of six months to one year. The minimum of six points would be increased to ten points to further deter offenders.

Section 4: This bill would go into effect starting January 1, 2019.

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KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY **Bluegrass Bill**

Blue	BG 36
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Referred to Committee: House 4

House Senate School: Martha Layne Collins HS ☐ Daccod ☐ Passed

 □ Defeated	 \square Defeated

City: Shelbyville

An Amendment To KRS 158.171 To Reform Sexual Education in Kentucky Schools.

Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: KRS 158.171 is amended to read as follows: Amend (section 1) to read as follows: If a school council or, if none exists, the principal adopts a curriculum for human sexuality or sexually transmitted diseases, instruction shall include but not be limited to the following content: (1) Safe sex and/or abstinence is the desirable goal for all school-age children; (2) Abstinence from sexual activity is the only certain way to avoid unintended pregnancy. sexually transmitted diseases, and other associated health problems; and (3) The best way to avoid sexually transmitted diseases and other associated health problems is to establish a permanent mutually faithful monogamous relationship. (4) If you are of school-age and choose to participate in sexual activities, then it is of importance to practice safe sex methods to avoid pregnancy, sexually transmitted diseases, and other related health problems. (5) All contraceptive methods should be discussed including effectiveness, risks, availability, and cost. (6) All sexual orientation-based education should be included within the curriculum.

Section 2: This bill will be enforced by the site-based council of every school district.

Section 3: This bill will be enacted by the beginning of the 2019 school year.

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KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY

BG	37
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Bluegrass Bill	Senate 4
Sponsors: Tara Denner, Isaac Rogers	Action on the Bill
School: Meade Co. HS	House Senate
City: Brandenburg	Defeated Defeated

An Act Relating To Having Midwives Certified For At Home Births

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Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: The state of Kentucky currently has no litigation mandating whether or not at home births are legal. Federal law 42 CFR 440.165 nurse/ midwives services: Qualifications and Conditions, states that midwives must obtain a permit from the state in order to legally practice. Our bill will provide midwives the legal documentation that the federal government requires them to obtain. Giving midwives this permit will allow women to have the choice to have a safe and legal at home birth.

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Section 2: This bill will offer the certification process for homebirth midwives, both CNM (certified nurse midwife) and LNP (licensed nurse practitioner), and offer the alternative licensing procedure for DEM (direct entry midwives). The state will need to adopt a licensing exam similar to that of the National Council Licensure Examination (NCLEX-RN) and require that LNP's and DEM's be required to pass with a minimum score of 85 or above in order to receive the permit. The DEM would be required to submit a letter of recommendation from a superior midwife. A CNM will need to submit their credentials and a letter of recommendation from their employer to the board in order to be approved for the permit

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Section 3: The Kentucky Board of Nursing will issue the permit to practice and require a renewal of the certification every 3 years. They will also be responsible for keeping a registry of names of people who are registered with a midwife permit in the state of Kentucky.

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Section 4: Throughout the United States, the average permit costs the applicant \$250. Kentucky Board of Nursing will have no additional expenses.

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Section 5: This bill will go into effect January 2019.

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KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Bluegrass Bill

Red	BG 38
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Referred to Committee: House 5

biueyi ass biii	Hou	ise 5
Sponsors: Allie Reardon	Action o	n the Bill
School: Meade Co. HS	House	Senate
City: Brandenburg	Defeated	□ Passed □ Defeated

An Act Relating To Increasing STD Awareness in the State of Kentucky

Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 311 IS CREATED TO READ AS FOLLOWS: 1. All public doctor's offices will offer STD testing up front, to their patients aged 15 years and older during routine checkups. 2. Doctor's office will be required to have the means to conduct these tests.

Section 2: This bill is supported under the KRS Chapter 214.020 Cabinet to adopt Regulations and Take Other Action to Prevent the Spread of Disease, when the Cabinet for Health and Family Services believes that there is a probability that any infectious or contagious disease will invade this state, it shall take such action and adopt and enforce such rules and regulations as it deems efficient in preventing the introduction or spread of such infectious or contagious disease or diseases within this state; therefore, the state must act upon the growing threat of STDs by establishing this bill to break the stigma and normalize talking about the dangers of STDs in our state.

Section 3: In a study from the CDC in 2016 the rates of STDs in Kentucky were as follows: 2,286 cases of chlamydia, 5,812 cases of gonorrhea, 221 cases of syphilis. The national rates of these STDs have gone up since then with gonorrhea rates rising 67% and syphilis rate rising 76%. Information from the National Drug Abuse Institute states that in 2017, an estimated 5,259 young people (ages 13-24) were diagnosed with HIV/AIDS. Approximately 19 million new STD infections occur, and almost half of them are among youth ages 15-24.

Section 4: According to KRS Chapter 214, it is our states responsibility to curb these rates and help people get treated and informed. Our state currently has no regulations or programs in place to do so, this bill is our step towards fulfilling our lawful duty as a state.

Section 5: There will be no additional costs for the state because all medical offices already have these tests on hand.

Section 6: This bill will be enacted on November 1st, 2019.

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KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Bluegrass Bill

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Referred to Committee: House 2

Sponsors: Lauren Heibert, Mary Morgan, Isabelle Pike-Goff, Zoey McCaffrey	Action o	n the Bill
School: Meade Co. HS	House	Senate
	□ Passed	Passed
City: Brandenburg	☐ Defeated	□ Defeated

An Act Relating To Requiring a Mandatory Drug Test with Yearly Sports Physicals.

Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: This bill will require all students to obtain a drug test in order to complete a sports physical. (1) Students will be subject to complete one drug test along with sports physical. (2) If a student plays more than one high school sport, they will be required to complete an additional drug test at the beginning of every sports season. (3) If a student fails his/her drug test, the whole sports team will be subject to random drug tests throughout the sports season.

Section 2: An additional section will be added to the KHSAA Athletic Participation Form for the doctor administering the physical to sign whether the student passed or failed the drug test. Any doctors who fail to comply with the regulations the following offenses will be utilized: 1st Offense: A warning along with a \$500 fine 2nd Offense: A fine of \$1,000 3rd Offense: A fine of \$2,000 along with the suspension of their medical license 4th Offense: Revoking of medical license

Section 3: Results of the drug tests will go directly to the school of the student. At a minimum, a failed drug test results in non-participation in that sport's season. In an academic school year, more than two failed tests results in non-participation for the following school year. Any additional punishments are at the discretion of the school district.

Section 4: Students would be required to receive a new drug test at the beginning of each sports season they participate in. The student receiving the physical will be responsible for paying the additional fee for the drug test.

Section 5: If a student from a team fails the drug test, each member of the said sports team will be subject to a random drug test throughout the season. The high school athletic budget of each sport will be responsible for paying for the random drug tests. For the schools that are unable to meet the funding necessary to perform these tests, there will be an opportunity for them to apply for a grant from the Kentucky Department of Health. If the school fails to conduct these monthly drug tests, there will be a fine of \$100 per month that they do not meet the necessary requirements.

Section 6: This bill will be enacted in the 2019-2020 school year following passage.

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KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Bluegrass Bill

Red	BG 40
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Referred to Committee: Senate 4

biuegrass biii	Senate 4
Sponsors: Erica Churchill	Action on the Bill
School: Mercy Academy HS	House Senate
City: Louisville	Defeated Defeated

An Act Relating To The Opioid Epidemic

Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: A new section of KRS chapter 222 is created to read as follows. The chapter shall be known and may be cited as the Kentucky Alcohol and Other Drug Abuse , Prevention, Intervention, and Treatment Law. The administration that sets forth the required addiction database shall include: a. Hospitals will have access to this database. b. Hospitals will be able to keep records of addicts past and present methods of treatment. c. Law enforcement will have access to this database. d. Law enforcement will be able to track repeat offenders through this database.

Section 2: The purpose of this addition, the Kentucky Alcohol and Other Drug Abuse Prevention, Intervention, and Treatment Law. a. To help hospitals help addicts get the proper treatment they need in order to recover. b. This will allow law enforcement track the amount of drug users in an area. c. Law enforcement will also be able to have a recorded history of past and present drug users.

Section 3: This bill will go into effect January 1, 2019.

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Red	BG 4
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Bluegrass Bill		Committee: use 3
Sponsors: Shelby Barnett, Stephanie Falk, Lilly Wright	Action o	n the Bill
School: Mercy Academy HS	House	Senate
City: Louisville	□ Passed □ Defeated	□ Passed □ Defeated

An Act Relating To The Taxation Of Feminine Hygiene Products

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Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: A new section of KRS chapter 139 is created to read as follows: All feminine hygiene products shall be exempt from the six percent sales tax.

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Section 2: This bill would prevent any and all taxation on feminine hygiene products. The products will be listed as a sanitary necessity.

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Section 3: This bill would require no funding. The lost tax revenue would be do minute that there would be no drastic change. Feminine hygiene products are defined as follows: personal care products used by women during menstration, vaginal discharge, and other bodily functions related to the vulva and vagina; these products are either disposable (menstrual pads, tampons, and panty liners) or reusable (menstrual cups and cloth menstrual pads). This Act will go into effect on January 1, 2019.

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KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY

Blue	BG 42
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Bluegrass Bill		Committee: ate 1
Sponsors: Ezra Brooks, Emily Rouse, Priya McNamara	Action o	n the Bill
School: Metro Homeschool	House	Senate
City: Louisville	□ Passed □ Defeated	□ Passed □ Defeated

An Act Relating To Coal Severance Tax

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Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: The severance tax of mountaintop removal shall be raised from 4.5% or (\$.50) per ton of coal severanced or processed to 7% or (\$1). This increase will occur at a rate of 0.5% a year until the full increase is reached, at the end of five years.

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Section 2: The increased monies generated from the severance shall be used as indicated: retraining the miners, environmental restoration, and sustainable energy, a) A total of 50% of the funds raised shall go to the retraining of laid off coal miners. The funds shall be available to be used at an accredited four (4) year or two (2) year college, an accredited GED preparation program, a nonprofit retraining program, or an industry retraining program shall be available to eliqible persons. All persons who have worked in the coal industry for a minimum of one (1) year, were separated from the coal industry for a maximum of five (5) years, were laid off, are unemployed, and are a maximum of sixty-four (64) years of age shall be considered eligible. Preferences will be given to eligible persons who are getting a degree or training in the renewable energy sector. b) 25% of the funds designated to restoration may be split between federal, state, local, and non-profit organizations whose goal is to restore the mountaintop, add natural flora and fauna, as well as reshaping the land to stop erosion, and to get rid of previous mining waste, such as restoring valleys altered by valley filling. c) 25% of the funds will go to organizations whose job would be to install sustainable energy resources. Examples of acceptable sustainable resources are: solar panels, wind turbines, and building dams for hydro power.

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Section 3: Severance tax is currently collected by the Kentucky Department of Revenue. They will remain in charge of collection and enforcement.

	* KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION		Blue BG 43	
Bluegrass Bill		Referred to Committee: House 5		
Sponsors: Maggie	Wigginton, Samantha Coffey, Lacey Sorrell	Action or	the Bill	
School: Montgome	ry Co. HS	House	Senate	
		□ Passed	🗆 Passed	

An Act Relating To the development and implementation of a curriculum to teach Kentucky Folk Arts in public schools in the state of Kentucky.

☐ Defeated

Defeated

City: Mt. Sterling

Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: The preservation and nurturing of Kentucky Folk Arts is vital to the progress of our state, and it is a significant part of what it means to call oneself a Kentuckian.

Section 2: Curriculum will be developed through the Kentucky Arts Council by a committee of experts in Kentucky culture, history, and folk arts. Curriculum must highlight the history and development of music, dance, cuisine, and other important facets of Kentucky culture.

Section 3: Curriculum will be implemented as a humanities course in K-12 schools, including a series of lectures and demonstrations by artists. The teaching of the Kentucky Folk Arts Class will be delegated on a school-to-school basis, and each teacher will be provided with adequate training and resources, by the Kentucky Arts Council.

Section 4: This program will be funded by the Kentucky Arts Council and grants from the National Endowment for the arts.

Section 5: Curriculum will begin development immediately after the passing of the bill, and will be implemented in all public schools in the state of Kentucky by the start of the 2020-2021 school year.

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City: Bardstown

KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION

KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Bluegrass Bill

BG	44
	BG

Referred to Committee: House 3

Sponsors: Holden Underwood, Stone Garcia, Brett Phelps, Tori Davis	Action on the Bill

School: Nelson Co. HS

nouse	Senate

___ Defeated ____ Defeated

An Act Relating To The Legal Age of Consent

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Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: This bill is to require the legal age of consent to be raised to the age of eighteen.

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Section 2: This bill will provide parents, guardians and state agencies with a greater ability to protect minor children in the commonwealth.



KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY

BG 45

Bluegrass Bill		ate 1
Sponsors: Allison Pham, Natalie Hoskins, Zoe Yaden, Justin Sparkman	Action o	n the Bill
School: North Laurel HS	House	Senate
Citv: London	— □ Passed □ Defeated	□ Passed □ Defeated

An Act Related To Restriction of the Parental Rights of Mothers of Infants Found to be Born with Drug Dependencies.

Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: This bill will restrict the parental rights of any mother found to have given birth to an infant diagnosed with neonatal abstinence syndrome (NAS), or symptoms of withdrawal from an opioid. The mother may be given back full rights when deemed fit by a judge in a hearing in accordance to KRS 625.080.

Section 2: KRS 625.090 is amended to read as follows: (1)(a)3.b. To read as follows, [The Circuit Court may involuntarily terminate all parental rights of a parent of a named child, if the Circuit Court finds from the pleadings and by clear and convincing evidence that: The child is found to have been diagnosed with neonatal abstinence syndrome at the time of birth, unless his or her birth mother:] "Is currently, or within sixty (60) days after the birth, enrolled in and maintaining substantial compliance with both a substance abuse treatment or recovery program and a regimen of prenatal care or postnatal care as recommended by her health care practitioner throughout the remaining term of her pregnancy or the appropriate time after her pregnancy;"

Section 3: KRS 625.050 is amended to read as follows: (6) to read as follows "No petition may be filed to terminate the parental rights of a woman solely because of her use of a nonprescribed controlled substance during pregnancy if she enrolls in and maintains substantial compliance with both a substance abuse treatment or recovery program and a regimen of prenatal care as recommended by her health care practitioner throughout the remaining term of her pregnancy. Upon certified completion of the treatment or recovery program, any records maintained by a court or by the cabinet relating to a positive test for a non-prescribed controlled substance shall be sealed by the court and may not be used in any future criminal prosecution or future petition to terminate the woman's parental rights."

Section 4: The child will be put in the care of family members chosen by the judge presiding over the ruling or if no family members are available or found within thirty (30) days of parental rights being terminated, the child will become custody of the state and placed in the foster care system and may be given a guardian ad litem by the court.

Section 5: The mother will be able to visit the child supervised after being sober for thirty (30) days while still attending the recovery or treatment program as to develop a relationship with the infant. The visit must be approved by the body that is given guardianship of the child.

Section 6: If the mother is found to have had another child diagnosed with NAS, the mother will be incarcerated for 3-5 years, as determined by the presiding judge, and must complete a more intensive rehabilitation program as chosen by the judge.

Section 7: This bill will come into effect 90 days after passing.

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KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION

KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY

Blue	BG 46
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Bluegrass Bill		Committee: use 5
Sponsors: Callie Wagers, Gabby Poynter, Tressa Berry, Taylor Zamora	Action o	n the Bill
School: North Laurel HS	House	Senate
City: London	□ Passed □ Defeated	\Bigcup Passed Defeated

An Act Relating To Mandatory Rehabilitation Sentencing for Non-violent Drug Offenders

Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 218A IS CREATED TO READ AS FOLLOWS: (1) Judges will be legally required to offer rehabilitation to all persons convicted with a charge of possession of a controlled substance in the 1st offense. The choice of the rehabilitation facility, inpatient or outpatient, will be up to the discretion of the judge, and in consideration of insurance policies. The public defender of said defendant, will have the responsibility of contacting/scheduling rehabilitation services in order to insure that it is done. (2) The length of rehabilitation sentencing will vary for each case, with a minimum of 3 months to a maximum of 1 year. (3) Offenders must serve 1-2 weeks in jail, at discretion of the judge, prior to leaving to the rehabilitation center. (4) Convicts charged with possession of a controlled substance that are classified in Schedules 1-3 drugs will be offered longer rehabilitation sentences, while convicts charged with possession of a controlled substance classified in Schedules 4-6 will be offered shortened rehabilitation sentences.

Section 2: All appropriations will be covered by insurances or grants from private organizations.

Section 3: This bill will go into effect on January 1, 2019.

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KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION

Bluegrass Bill

BG 4 3	7
	BG 4

Referred to Committee: Senate 3

Sponsors: Malva Wieck, Omar Abd-Elhamid, Henry Welch, Aurora Zaranko		Action on the Bill	
S	chool: North Oldham HS		Senate
c	ity: Goshen		☐ Passed☐ Defeated
1 2	An Act relating to consent for organ donation in Kent	tucky	
3	Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth	of Kentucky	
4 5 6 7	Section 1: Currently in Kentucky, Bill 311.1947 states organ donation registration application/renewal of driver's license, thus being an opt-in process.	can occur online or throu	gh
8 9 10	Section 2: The implications of having this process means only 51% of people adonors according to Kentucky Organ Donations Affiliates, the organization in	-	
11 12 13 14	Section 3: A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 311.1947 IS CREATED TO READ turning 18, persons automatically become organ donors. (2) Persons may optat any time, or by renewing/applying for their driver's license.	• •	
15 16 17	Section 4: The purpose of this act is to make organ donations an opt-out proprocess, increasing the amount of organ donors in Kentucky.	cess instead of an opt-i	n
18 19 20	Section 5: Persons may choose to opt-out of organ donation at anytime for p reasons, by requesting online or by renewing/applying for a drivers license.	ersonal, religious, or otl	her
21 22 23	Section 6: KODA, or the Kentucky Organ Donations Affiliates, would cover any organ donors.	excess fees of increas	ed
24	Section 7: This bill would go into effect on January 1st, 2019 at 1:00am EST/	12:00am CST	

Section 8: Any stature contrary to this act shall be amended or repealed.

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BG	48
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the KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Bluegrass Bill		Committee: ate 2
Sponsors: Isabelle Cahill, Karie Sandman, Jaclyn Williams	Action o	n the Bill
School: North Oldham HS	House	Senate
City: Goshen	□ Passed □ Defeated	□ Passed

An Act Relating to Drug Testing of Public School Teachers

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Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: A NEW SECTION OF KRS IS CREATED TO READ AS FOLLOWS: (1) All public school teachers must be drug tested once every school year. (2) The school must receive written consent in order to perform drug testing. (3) The testing will be for drugs such as marijuana and opioids. (4) Teachers must be unaware of the date of their test.

Section 2: The district will provide funding for the drug tests. Eventually, if enough fines are collected, the money generated can be put toward future tests.

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Section 3: Punishments for schools that do not comply: First offense: The school will be fined 75 dollars per teacher. Second offense: An official from the Kentucky Department of Education must oversee the test and an additional 25 dollars per teacher will be added to the fine. Any following offenses: An additional 50 dollars per teacher will be added to the fine.

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Section 4: Penalties for teacher caught under the influence of drugs: First offense: The teacher will be suspended from working for 10 school days. Second offense: The teacher will be suspended from working for 3 months. Third offense: The individual's teaching license will be revoked.

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Section 5: This bill will go into effect at the beginning of the 2019-2020 school year.

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KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION

KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY

Red	BG 49
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Bluegrass Bill		Committee: ate 5
Sponsors: Muhammad Khudadad, Carter Mitchell, Zachary Bruns, Nick Postema	Action o	n the Bill
School: North Oldham HS	House	Senate
City: Goshen	□ Passed	□ Passed □ Defeated

An Act Relating To INCENTIVIZING PARTICIPATION IN AP CLASSES BE IT HEREBY ENACTED BY THE CONGRESSIONAL PROGRAM OF THE KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY

Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: 30% of college students drop out after the first year. 47% of students take more than six years to graduate and only 22% of students graduate within the first 4 years of enrollment. According to Isabel Sagenmuller, a professional analyst in the field of education, the main reason most students dropout of college is because of the workload. Students across the country have poor secondary school preparation for college and students are thus not accustomed to college life. The best way to combat this is to expose students to college classes in high school so that they are more prepared to move on to higher education. Therefore, more students should take AP classes in Kentucky.

Section 2: The best way to get more students involved in AP classes is to put an economic incentive in place. Currently, kentucky law allows people on free or reduced lunches to receive kees money for scoring either a 3, 4, or a 5 on the AP exam. This legislature plans to expand this law and allow all students in public schools to receive kees money for scoring either a 4 or a 5 on the AP exam. If a student receives a 4 on an exam, that would be the equivalent to \$250 in kees money. If a student receives a 5 on an exam, that would be equivalent to \$300 in kees money. This law would encourage more students to participate in AP classes and would expose more students to what college is like.

Section 3: The funding for this bill would be secured by a vapor excise of \$0.06/mL. We will also expand on House Bill 487 by increasing the tax rate for cigarettes from \$1.10 per 20 cigarettes to \$1.15 per 20 cigarettes.

Section 4: This bill will go into effect on August 1st, 2019.

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Bluegrass Bill		Committee: use 1
Sponsors: Gabi McDonald, Savannah Jordan, Katie Kennedy, Martie Ehly	Action o	n the Bill
School: North Oldham HS	House	Senate
City: Goshen		□ Passed □ Defeated

An Act Relating To the prescription of addictive opioid medication

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Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: In an effort to address the expanding issue of opioid addiction, a new section of KRS 438 shall go into effect.

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Section 2: Every day, more than 115 people in the United States die from an opioid overdose. Kentucky is amongst the top ten states in opioid-related deaths. In 2016, Kentucky had a rate of 23.6 deaths per 100,000 persons in opioid-related deaths, which is nearly double the national rate. In 2015, Kentucky providers wrote 97 opioid prescriptions per 100 persons.

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Section 3: In 2014, there was an estimated 6,511 diagnoses of HIV in Kentucky, or 177 diagnoses per 100,000 people. Of these, 14.5% of cases in males, and 20.9% of cases in females were attributed to Injection Drug Use (IDU).

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Section 4: This bill requires physicians to prescribe non-addictive painkillers before resorting to a medication containing opioids, such as nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs. If opioid medication is prescribed, the physician will be required to limit the prescription to FDA approved doses, including those pertaining to in-hospital stays. The physician is also obligated to prescribe anti-addictive drugs.

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Section 5: This bill will prohibit the prescription of opioid medication to pregnant women. In Kentucky, every 15 in 1,000 newborns experience the opioid-withdrawal condition known as Neonatal Abstinence Syndrome (NAS).

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Section 6: On the first incident of failure to adhere to these conditions, the physician will be placed on probation for 2 months and fined \$3,000. On the second failure to adhere to these conditions, the physician's medical license will be suspended for 4 months an

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Section 7: Any statute contrary to this Act shall be amended or repealed.

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Section 8: This will take effect on July 1, 2019.

KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION	Red I	Red BG 51 Referred to Committee: House 4	
the	KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Bluegrass Bill		
Sponsors: Aspen F	ain, Lily York, Taylor Childress	Action or	the Bill
School: North Oldh	am HS	House	Senate
Citv: Goshen		□ Passed □ Defeated	□ Passed □ Defeated

AN ACT TO RAISE THE AGE IN WHICH CITIZENS MAY PURCHASE AND POSSESS TOBACCO PRODUCTS

Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: According to the Center for Disease Control, in 2011, Kentucky had the highest smoking rate, with 29.0% of people over the age of 18 smoking cigarettes. During 2000–2004, 7,800 people died per year due to tobacco use ranking us 1st among the states for the highest smoking related mortality rate. It would be very difficult to get everyone to stop smoking in Kentucky, however, if actions are to taken to prevent people from starting, we will be able to successfully lower the smoking rate.

Section 2: This bill is an amendment to law 438.310, it is a gesture to raise the age in which citizens may purchase or have possession of tobacco products from 18 to 21. Currently, the age for alcohol consumption is 21 because the brain is fully developed at that age. At 21, people are able to make more informed and less impulsive decisions than they are at 18. Tobacco products include alternative nicotine products and vapor products.

Section 3: This change will be controlled using multiple fines and penalties. If a retail sale is made to someone under the age of 21, the store will pay a first violation fine of \$100 to \$500 and any subsequent violations receive a fine of \$500 to \$1,000. The department of agriculture and the department of alcoholic beverage control will be informed of this by doing random annual inspections of retail establishments selling any tobacco product. Any person selling tobacco products must demand proof of the consumers age such as photo identification if suspected that they are under the age of 21.

Section 4: If anyone under the age of 21 is caught purchasing or in possession of any tobacco products, they would be charged and the product would be confiscated by the law enforcement officer. The first violation in a one year period would result in a \$100 fine and 30 hours of community service. Any subsequent violations in a one year period would result in a \$250 fine and 50 hours of community service. This excludes any person participating in the compliance test.

Section 5: There is no cost to this bill. Funds produced from penalties will be used to fund public schools in Kentucky.

Section 6: If passed, this change will take place on January 1, 2019. Anybody who has turned 18 before January 1, 2018 will be the exception to this law, however, photo identification is required.

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KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION

KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY

Blue	BG 52
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Bluegrass Bill		ate 2
Sponsors: Maddi Cash	Action o	n the Bill
School: Owensboro Catholic HS	House	Senate
City: Owensboro		□ Passed □ Defeated

An Act to Implement an Emergency Text Line (ETL) in the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: This Bill will be extremely cost effective. We will not have to employ any extra people to deal with the text coming in. The only cost will be the startup to add the ETL to our already existing emergency call line (ECL).

Section 2: This will be implanted into all 911 operating systems in the state of Kentucky.

Section 3: With this bill we will have a system of code as one or two letters or numbers will mean different situations. This list would be required to be posted in at least two public areas in every business, if it is a business where you have workers in the back or someplace they would not be able to easily see the list in the public area you would be required to put one there. It would be posted in every classroom in every school, public or private. Failure to due so will result in a \$500 dollar fine. It will be checked again in two weeks failure to have it up then will result in a \$1,000 dollar fine. This will go on until it is posted, going up \$500 every two weeks. This money will go to any cost that the startup put the state out, if the state has paid off all of the start up fees it will go into hiring more operators for ETLs and ECLs.

Section 4: This will go into effect in March of 2019.

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Bluegrass Bill		Committee:
Sponsors: Kimber Harless, Abby Wilks, Jaden Minix, Abbey Poe	Action on the Bill	
School: Prestonsburg HS	House	Senate
City: Prestonsburg	□ Passed □ Defeated	□ Passed □ Defeated

An Act To establish a program for low income children to receive excess food from all Kentucky school cafeterias.

Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: This bill will allow all low income children in public schooling in the state of Kentucky to apply for a program to receive excess food from the cafeteria. Taking a step to end poverty in the Commonwealth of Kentucky one school at a time.

Section 2: According to data released by the U.S. Census Bureau, 17.2 percent of Kentucky's kids live in poverty in 2017. In 2018, there is a 18.5 percent state poverty rate which still leaves Kentucky the fifth poorest state in the United States. In 2017, Kentucky had 78,056 total referrals for child abuse and neglect. Of those, 55,186 reports were referred for investigation due to neglect including hunger issues. This program would quarantee children in the commonwealth the healthy food they need.

Section 3: The child's parents will be able to sign up for this program during the new school year with the packets given out to each student every year. In order to qualify for this program, you must be a resident of the state of Kentucky and a parent or primary caregiver responsible for a child(ren) who attends public school (high school or under) and provide household income information. If child's parent/quardian is unable to sign this information at the beginning of the year, and child is need, the child will be able to speak with school administration privately to get into the program.

Section 4: This program will start at the beginning of the 2019 school year.

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KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION

KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Bluegrass Bill

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Referred to Committee: Senate 5

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S	Sponsors: Carlee Whitis, Ace Swiderek, Shelby Wade, Natalie Bolen		the Bill
s	chool: Pulaski Co. HS	House	Senate
C	ity: Somerset	□ Passed _ □ Defeated _	□ Passed □ Defeated
1 2	An Act Relating To The Improvement of Air Quality Standards in Public	Schools in Kentuck	y.
3 4	Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth	of Kentucky	
5 6 7	Section 1: Recognizing issues concerning Air Quality Standards within the state of the quality of education in our state.	Kentucky and how the	ose affect
8 9 10 11	Section 2: Poor air quality is negatively affecting student attendance in school across the United States of America miss school daily because of allergies due schools.	•	
12 13 14	Section 3: According to the Kentucky Department of Energy and Environment Quality there are no standards.	Cabinet, in the Divis	sion of Air
15 16 17 18	Section 4: This bill will set standards for all school districts in the state of Kerquality checks during the school year. This bill will expand the Occupational Schoolinistration's OSHA Kentucky State plan to also protect school environment	afety and Health	terly air
19 20 21	Section 5: If a school district fails to comply with these standards after 2 yea a loss of grant privileges for the school district.	rs of enactment the	re will be
22 23 24	Section 6: On average, these air quality checks would only cost around 5,000 Funding would be provided by the Kentucky Division of Air Quality (30%), Ken Education (40%), and the Kentucky Cabinet for Health and Family Ser		-

Section 7: This bill, if passed, will go into effect at the start of the 2019-2020 school year.

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KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION

the KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Bluegrass Bill	Referred to Committee: Senate 4	
Sponsors: Silas Shaffer, Molly Craig, Noah Fain	Action on the Bill	
School: Rockcastle Co. HS	House Senate	
City: Mt. Vernon	Passed Passed Defeated Defeated	
An Act to Allow Citizens Residing Outside of City Limit	s to Vote	

Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 120 IS TO READ AS FOLLOWS: all citizens whose address declares them a part of a town shall be able to vote in city elections.

Section 2: As of the time of the creation of this bill, citizens residing in a town yet residing outside of city limits are disenfranchised from voting in important city votes, including that of Mayor and other city figures as well as a wet/ dry vote, among others. These citizens are still affected by the vote, but are not allowed to participate in it.

Section 3: If passed, this bill would allow citizens residing in a town to vote in city elections; however, they would have to pay the cities taxes. Citizens of towns with no mayor or town specific votes will be able to vote for the nearest city, and that cities elections will have a direct effect on them as well. They would be required to pay the cities taxes, but still remain in a town of the prior name.

Section 4: Any statute contrary to this bill shall be repealed or amended.

Section 5: In order to vote in these city elections, all citizens of that city will have to pay city taxes.

Section 6: This bill upon passing will go into effect July 1st, 2019.

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KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION

KENTLICKY VOLITH VCCEWBI A

Red	BG 56
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Bluegrass Bill	Referred to Committee: House 5
Sponsors: Isaac Waldridge, Emma Hedden, Becky Johns, Gaven Webster	Action on the Bill
School: Shelby Co. HS	House Senate
City: Shelbyville	Defeated Defeated

An Act To Require All High School Student Athletes To Be Randomly Drug Tested At Least Once During Their Sports Season

Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: To establish statewide guidelines for student athletes, this bill works to advocate for a healthy, drug free lifestyle and offers help to those whom are struggling. By ensuring that every KHSAA registered athlete is tested, the safety and health of sports teams greatly improves. Currently, most rights are left up to individual school districts therefore not all Kentucky athletes are held to the same standards.

Section 2: All student athletes must take a urine sample drug test at least once randomly during their sports season. The expense for the initial urine test will be added to the athletic fee in the beginning of the season. If athletes qualify for free and reduced lunch they are eliqible for financial assistance. Urine tests can be anywhere from around \$10-\$30.

Section 3: If athletes fail a drug test, they must attend counseling to form a plan to remove themselves from any situations that may tempt them to take part in illegal activities. The athletes quardian will be contacted and the athlete will be suspended for three weeks of all athletic activity. Along with counseling, athletes will be subject to another random drug test within the season. A second positive drug test will result in the athlete being removed from the team.

Section 4: If a second test is needed, athletes are responsible for the funding of the test. If they cannot afford the test, they may contact their schools officials to receive financial assistance.

Section 5: This law will go into effect at the beginning of the 2019-20 school year.

	KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION	Red B	IG 57
the	KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Bluegrass Bill	Referred to C	
Sponsors: Carly Da	vis, David Crubaugh, Chance Carver, Miriam Ritchey	Action on the Bill	
School: Somerset Christian School House S		Senate	
		Dassed	□ Passed

An Act Relating To The Elimination of the Certificate of Need in Kentucky

☐ Defeated

□ Defeated

City: Somerset

Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: Acknowledging the original intent of Kentucky's Certificate of Need (C.O.N.) laws was to eliminate the unnecessary cost of unused healthcare facilities.

Section 2: The C.O.N. laws, administered by the Office of Certificate of Need in the Cabinet of Health and Family Services, restrict the establishment of new medical facilities, such as: hospitals, outpatient clinics, short and long term care facilities, as well as the purchase of new major medical equipment (i.e. MRI, Cat Scan, etc.).

Section 3: This Act will remove all regulations pertaining to C.O.N. in the Kentucky Revised Statutes, primarily in Chapter 216B and 304. Upon removal of the C.O.N. statutes, all other certification and licensure authority shall remain with the Secretary of the Cabinet of Health and Family Services or their designee.

Section 4: This bill will go into effect on June 1st of the year following the passage of the bill by the Assembly.

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KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION

KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY

Bluegrass Bill	Referred to Committee: House 1	
Sponsors: Aiden Archer, Connor Gradek, Will Boone	Action on the Bill	
School: Sphinx Academy	House Senate	
City: Lexington	Defeated Defeated	
1 An Act Relating To Shorter Work Days for Kentucky Sta 2	ate Employees	
Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwe	alth of Kentucky	
Section 1: American workers work over 4 more weeks a year than they did in 1979 based on a study called the Wasted Work Week done in 2014 by The Atlantic. According to a different study done by the American Economic		

Association, American employees today spend only 45 percent of their time working. These extra hours are harming Kentucky state employees. The longer hours lower cognitive performance and increase the possibility of safety mishaps by 61%. This Act will give Kentucky state employees more time off, allowing them to be more productive in their endeavors and spend more time with their families by shortening their work days by an hour.

Section 2: Today Kentucky state employees work from 9:00 am until 4:30 pm. This bill will change these hours to 10:00 am until 4:30 pm. This will shorten the Kentucky state employee work week to 35 hours. This amount of time will allow Kentucky state employees 5 more work weeks off a year.

Section 3: This bill will be applicable to Kentucky state employees that already have the hours of 9:00 am until 4:30 pm.

Section 4: If the Kentucky state employees wish to come in early and do work, they will receive their regular pay for the amount of time worked. If the employee works more than 35 hours it will receive over time.

Section 5: If passed this bill will go into effect on January 1 of 2019.

Section 6: This bill will be voted on again three years after passing to see if the bill assisted Kentucky State Employees. This bill shall continue to be voted on every three years until considered unnecessary.

Section 7: Any statute contrary to this Act shall be amended or repealed.

the	KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY	
anc _{Su}	Bluegrass Bill	
Sponsors: Baxter Keith, Devin Brandon, Ben Leonberger		

School: Walden School HS

Referred to Committee: House 5

Action on the Bill

Senate

House

City: Louisville	□ Passed	□ Passed □ Defeated

An Act Relating To THE MANDATING OF AUTOMATED EXTERNAL DEFIBRILLATORS IN KENTUCKY PUBLIC SCHOOLS

Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: Currently in Kentucky, there is no law mandating the acquisition of AEDs in public schools. Our bill presents this change, and can help save hundreds of lives in the future. We need the requirement of AEDs in public school, and proper training by the staff to use one.

Section 2: According to experts at John Hopkins University, approximately 525 lives can be saved every year thanks to proper use of AEDs in the United States. This bill requires one Automated External Defibrillator in each public school in Kentucky. Recognizing that there are 1,568 public schools in Kentucky, and considering it would cost an average of 1,200 dollars to purchase an AED, the total cost comes out to be 1,881,600 dollars. However, this number does not take into account for schools that are already in possession of an AED, which is likely to very significantly reduce the cost of this bill.

Section 3: There will be a mandatory training session for all Kentucky public school faculty on how to properly use AEDs. This course can be taught by the local fire department for approximately twenty dollars per person.

Section 4: This bill will go into effect at the beginning of the 2019–2020 school year, and will be enforced by the Kentucky Department of Education.

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KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY **Bluegrass Bill**

Blue	BG 60
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Referred to Committee: House 1

House Senate **School:** Warren East HS □ Dassed ☐ Daccod **City:** Bowling Green

	L Fasseu
 \square Defeated	Defeated

An Act Relating To help high school students prepare for the future.

2 3

Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: This bill will require seniors in Kentucky to participate and earn credit for a money management class before graduating. The money management class will cover basic concepts such as setting financial goals, planning for the future, the benefits of being financially stable, learning the ways of taxes and inflation, and understanding banking/loaning deals.

Section 2: There will be one semester grade needed to fill the credit requirement. This grade can be earned either through a seperate class, as some schools already have in place, or as an occasional class. For the occasional class the students will be pulled from regular class, no more than 10 times during the year for no longer than 45 mins each session. This will give students and teachers enough time to cover and understand basic contents, while adding no stress to the school as far as adding another class to schedule.

Section 3: This bill will require little to no money for the schools to fold into their school schedule as many already have the class and teachers, only needing to enroll more students. For schools that would use the occasional class option, teachers would be using basic concepts that they already know or can research with little effort to help the students. These teachers could switch off teaching class during their free period. If the teachers do not have a free period that they can use for the program, when or if they have a senior only class would be their time to help educate students.

Section 4: This bill will go into effect 2 years after passage.

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KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION

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Bluegrass Bill		Committee: ate 2
Sponsors: Sarah Epley, Mallory Beckham, Chloe Grayson, Kendelle Salings	Action on the Bill	
School: Warren East HS	House	Senate
City: Bowling Green	Defeated Defea	

An Act Relating To require special training for all child care personnel in SIDS

Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: SIDS (sudden infant death) is when an infant 12 months or younger dies during sleep with no warning signs or medical reason. SIDS is suffocation but in the brain, when a child goes to sleep their brain will take control of their actions, so if anything such as, a blanket or toy is making breathing difficult their brain will no longer let them wakeup.

Section 2: Kentucky laws over SIDS only address what to do in the event of a suspected case of SIDS, such as having a post mortem examination of the body (KRS 72.025) and a report to be sent to Cabinet for Health Services (KRS 213.161).

Section 3: This bill will require all child care providers to be specially trained in what SIDS is and ways to reduce the risk to infants. The training will be administered by The Care Courses Kentucky Child Care Training, which is an online classroom based school for all child care providers in Kentucky.

Section 4: There will be no cost to the Commonwealth. The additional cost for the class will be determined at the discretion of The Care Courses Kentucky Child Care Training.

Section 5: This bill will go into effect 6 months after passage to allow for the video and training materials to be updated by The Care Courses Kentucky Child Care Training.

the	KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Bluegrass Bill	Blue BG 62	
			Committee: ate 2
Sponsors: Chesney	Burchett, Ethan Henderson, Emma Mcglone	Action o	n the Bill
School: West Carte	r Co. HS	House	Senate
City: Olive Hill		— □ Passed □ Defeated	□ Passed □ Defeated

An Act that would require public high school students to acquire a practical living credit in order to graduate.

Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: This class would be mandatory credit required to graduate high school. This class will only be a quarter, trimester, or semester in length (depending upon the school's calendar). The practical living class will provide students with the knowledge they need for everyday life. On top of that, it will help them get into a college and give them the tools they need to succeed.

Section 2: The class curriculum will be based on basic life skills that most high school students lack. By passing this bill, high school students will be given the opportunity to learn skills such as college or career information, cursive, first aid, world business/culture, and personal financial literacy.

Section 3: These classes will be taught by a teacher or group of teachers working at the school already.

Section 4: The course is and will be required to be taught for at least one quarter, semester or one trimester for students based on the school's schedule. This bill will go into effect during the 2019-2020 school year.

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KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION

KENTLICKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY

(STOP) School Violence Prevention and Mental Health Grant.

Section 5: The bill will go into effect January 1, 2021.

Blue	CW	1
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	Commonwealth Bill	Referred to Committee House 3
S	ponsors: Emily Wall, Jaiden Taylor, Walter Baker, Aaron Peck	Action on the Bill
S	chool: Adair Co. HS	House Senate □ Passed □ Passed
c	ity: Columbia	Defeated Defeat
2 3 4 5	An Act Relating To additional safety measures in classrooms consisting of star student safety in the event of an active shooter. Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth	
6 7 8	Section 1: The purpose of this bill is to enforce the implementation of the Night Lig classroom in the state.	ht Door Barricades in every
9	Section 2: To provide easily accessible security for each classroom across the	state of Kentucky.
11 12	Section 3: To reduce the repercussions of violence involved with the occurren	ce of a school shooter.
13	Section 4: To reduce district costs, the funding will be provided through the S	tudents Taking on Prevention

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KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION

KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Commonwealth Bill

CW	2
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Referred to Committee: House 1

Commonwealth Bill	Hou	ıse 1
Sponsors: Annie Kelley, Jake Sachtleben, Adrian Ngo	Action o	n the Bill
School: Atherton HS	House	Senate
City: Louisville	☐ Passed☐ Passed☐ ☐ Defeated☐	□ Passed □ Defeated

An Act prohibiting restaurants to serve soft drinks to children age 5 and under

Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: A new section of KRS chapter that reads: Restaurants are not permitted to serve soft drinks to children ages 5 and under. This includes Coca Cola, Pepsi, Dr. Pepper, Sprite, A&W, and Ginger Ale products.

Section 2: While in sit down restaurants, it is the responsibility of the server to deny soft drinks to the children 5 and under. When going through a drive thru, servers are prohibited to give a soft drink with a kids meal because they can not see the child.

Section 3: Penalties will be first given to the server who serves the drinks, then the restaurant will be punished if infractions continue to happen.

Section 4: Any statue contrary to this Act shall be amended or repealed.

Section 5: PENALTIES: Server: 1-10beverages served- verbal warning and report filed. 11-20 beverages served- citation and \$100 fine. 21-30 beverages served- suspension and \$500 fine. 31-50 beverages served- job termination and \$1000 fine. Restaurant: 1-200 beverages served-verbal warning. 201-300 beverages served-citation and \$500 fine. 301-600 beverages served-\$1000 fine. 601-800 beverages served-\$2000 fine and closed for a period of 30 days. 801-1000 beverages served-restaurant will be closed permanently.

Section 6: This Act takes effect January 1, 2019.



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KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION

KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Commonwealth Bill

Blue	CW 3
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Referred to Committee: Senate 1

Sponsors: Simon Turner, Sarah Graves, Harlan Dawkins	Action on the Bill	
School: Atherton HS	House	Senate
City: Louisville	□ Passed □ Defeated	□ Passed □ Defeated

An Act Relating To Increasing the Kentucky inheritance tax to be used for discretionary funding

Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

5 6 Section 1: I. An Act to Increase the Kentucky inheritance tax to be used for discretionary funding II. Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky III. Section 1. KRS 140.070 is amended to read as follows: The tax upon transfers of 7 property as defined in the preceding sections of this chapter shall be at the following rates: (1) Class A. In case the transfer is to or for 8 the benefit of a surviving spouse, the tax, subject to the provisions of KRS 140.080, shall be: On its total value.......... 0% (2) Class B. In 9 case the transfer is to or for the benefit of a parent, child by blood, stepchild, child adopted during infancy, child adopted during 10 adulthood who was reared by the decedent during infancy or a grandchild who is the issue of a child by blood, the issue of a stepchild, 11 the issue of a child adopted during adulthood who was reared by the decedent during infancy, the issue of a child adopted during 12 infancy, brother, sister, or brother or sister of the half blood, the tax, subject to the provisions of KRS 140.080, shall be: 13 On its value not exceeding \$30,0000% 14 On its value exceeding \$30,000, but not exceeding \$45,000 5% 15 On its value exceeding \$45,000, but not exceeding \$60,000 10% 16 On its value exceeding \$60,000, but not exceeding \$100,000 20% 17 On its value exceeding \$100,000, but not exceeding \$500,000 30% 18 On its value exceeding \$500,000, but not exceeding \$1,000,000.............. 35% 19 20 or niece of the half blood, daughter-in-law, son-in-law, aunt or uncle, or a greatgrandchild who is the grandchild of a child by blood, of 21 a stepchild or of a child adopted during infancy, the tax, subject to the provisions of KRS 140.080, shall be: 22 On its value not exceeding \$10,000...... 5% 23 On its value exceeding \$10,000 but not exceeding \$45,000 10% 24 On its value exceeding \$45,000, but not exceeding \$60,000 20% 25 On its value exceeding \$60,000, but not exceeding \$100,000 30% 26 On its value exceeding \$100,000, but not exceeding \$500,00035% 27 On its value exceeding \$500,000, but not exceeding \$1,000,000 40% 28 On its value exceeding \$1,000,000 45% (4) Class D. In case the transfer is to or for the benefit of any educational, religious, or 29 other institutions, societies, or associations, or to any cities, towns, or public institutions not exempted by KRS 140.060, or to any 30 person not included in either Class A, Class B, or Class C, the tax, subject to the provisions of KRS 140.080 shall be: 31 On its value not exceeding \$10,00010% 32 On its value exceeding \$10,000 but not exceeding \$45,000 20% 33 On its value exceeding \$45,000, but not exceeding \$60,000 30% 34 On its value exceeding \$60,000, but not exceeding \$100,000 35% 35 On its value exceeding \$100,000, but not exceeding \$500,000 40% 36 On its value exceeding \$500,000, but not exceeding \$1,000,00045% 37 On its value exceeding \$1,000,00050% 38

Section 2: Any statute contrary to this Act shall be amended or repealed.

Section 3: This Act takes effect April 15, 2019.

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KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION

KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY

CW	4
	CW

Commonwealth Bill		Committee: use 3
Sponsors: Charlie Allen, George Goepfrich, Jack Siebenaler, Jacob Westerman	Action o	n the Bill
School: Ballard HS	House	Senate
City: Louisville	Passed Defeated Defeated	□ Passed □ Defeated

An Act Relating To Protect Victims of Revenge Pornogrophy Who Are Minors From Being Registered As Sex Offenders

Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: This bill will make it illegal for victims of revenge pornography who are also minors to be required to register as sex offenders.

Section 2: Currently, all parties involved with the creation and release of private erotic matter classified as revenge pornography are required to register as sex offenders if the material released depicts a minor. This includes possible scenarios in which the minor depicted is required to register as a sex offender.

Section 3: According to KRS 531.120, consent to the creation of an erotic image does not constitute consent to the distribution of said image, therefore victims of revenge pornography who are also minors are not to be held accountable for the non-consensual release of erotic material depicting the minor.

Section 4: This bill will be enacted on January 1, 2019, following the passage and signature of the governor.

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KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION

Commonwealth Bill

Red	CW 5
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Referred to Committee: Senate 3

Sena	ate 3
Action o	n the Bill
House	Senate
\ Passed \ \ \ Defeated	□ Passed □ Defeated
	Action o House Passed

An Act Relating To The Restoration the voting rights of non-violent felons in Kentucky

Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: The currently established precedent within the state permanently bars all felons from voting in state and federal elections. Kentucky is among the four remaining states in which felon disenfranchisement exists on a permanent basis, many states returning voting rights to felons after the completion of their sentence and subsequent parole.

Section 2: Gov. Matt Bevin issued an executive order in 2015, reversing the previously enacted legislation of felon re-enfranchisement established under his predecessor, former Gov. Steve Beshear. The enforcement of this legislation stripped the voting rights of approximately 140,000 Kentucky residents permanently.

Section 3: The state of Kentucky presently allows the restoration of felon voting rights only through appeals to expunge a felon's criminal record before a panel. This motion can only be petitioned at a minimum of five years after the completion of their probation and/or sentence.

Section 4: The proposed bill would establish immediate restoration of voting rights for felons convicted of nonviolent offenses following the completion of their sentence and/or parole.

Section 5: Upon passage, this bill will be in effect beginning on January 1, 2019.

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KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION

KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Commonwealth Bill

	Blue	CW 6
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Referred to Committee: Senate 5

	Jenate 5		
Sponsors: Lilly Shipley, Annabelle Botts, Trent Gamel	Action on the Bill	n the Bill	
School: Barren Co. HS	House Senate	8	
City: Glasgow	\ Passed \ Passed \ Defeated \ Def		

An Act Relating To allow schools more diversity as to when the school day begins and ends.

Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: According to the 2014 School Health Policies and Practices Study, 93% of high schools and 83% of middle schools in the U.S. started before 8:30 a.m. According to the 2014 School Health Policies and Practices Study, 93% of high schools and 83% of middle schools in the U.S. started before 8:30 a.m.

Section 2: According to an earlier CDC study that analyzed US Department of Education data from the 2011-2012 school year, 42 states reported that most (75%-100%) public middle and high schools started before 8:30 a.m. The percentage of schools starting at 8:30 a.m. or later varied greatly by state. For example, no schools in Hawaii, Mississippi, and Wyoming started after 8:30 a.m. Most schools in North Dakota (78%) and Alaska (76%) started after 8:30 a.m.

Section 3: Adolescents who do not get enough sleep are more likely to be overweight, not engage in daily physical activity, suffer from symptoms of depression, engage in unhealthy risk behaviors such as drinking, smoking tobacco, and using illicit drugs, and perform poorly in school.

Section 4: During puberty, adolescents become sleepy later at night and need to sleep later in the morning as a result of changes in their bodies. The combination of late bedtimes and early school start times results in most adolescents not getting enough sleep.

Section 5: This bill would go into effect with the 2019-2020 school year, and encourage school districts if they so choose, to develop varied times for the school day in order to have more productive students and overall improved score results and school culture.

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KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Commonwealth Bill

Red	CW	7
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Referred to Committee: House 4

Commonwealth Bill	House 4
Sponsors: John Simms, Jack Neel	Action on the Bill
School: Bethlehem HS	House Senate
City: Bardstown	Defeated Defeated

An Act Relating To Mental Health Training For First Responders

Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: The intent of this bill is to enforce strategic methods to tactfully handle encounters with civilians suffering from mental illness.

Section 2: This bill will require first responders within the Kentucky Office of Homeland Security to undergo training on and thereafter employ mental health de-esacalation techniques.

Section 3: The training's objective is to aid first responders in the application of suitable measures to provide support in emergency situations.

Section 4: The mental health training course will be required at the end of every other fiscal year. This course will be provided by the Mental Health First Aid USA. The course duration is approximately eight hours in length.

Section 5: This bill will go into effect immediately after passage and signature of the governor.

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KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Commonwealth Bill

Red	CW	8
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Referred to Committee: House 5

	Hou	ise 5
Sponsors: Kastor Rust	Action o	n the Bill
School: Bluegrass Homeschool Learning Co-Op	House	Senate
City: Lexington	☐ Passed☐ Passed☐ ☐ Defeated☐	□ Passed

An Act Relating To the civil rights of LGBT citizens

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Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 344 IS CREATED TO READ AS FOLLOWS: No employer, financial institution or real estate operator shall discriminate against any person(s) on matters of employment, housing accommodations, or financial assistance on grounds of a person's sexual orientation or variation in gender identity.

Section 2: Any person(s) found guilty of violation thereof may have imposed upon them a fine of \$1,000-\$10,000, varying by the severity of the offense.

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Section 3: This bill will require no additional funding.

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Section 4: This bill shall go into effect upon passage.

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KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION

KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY

Blue	CW	9
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Commonwealth Bill	Referred to Committee: Senate 3
Sponsors: Kevin Tamariz, Cat Cox, Hannah Ruud, Zach Withrow	Action on the Bill
School: Bourbon Co. HS	House Senate
City: Paris	Passed Passed Defeated

An Act Relating To Creating a Program for New Immigrants to Learn English and Other Cultural Differences.

Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: This bill is being held to help immigrants that arrive and find it difficult to adapt in this country by developing a program for kids and adults to be taught English and significant cultural differences to help them become more apart of our society.

Section 2: This program will be placed by volunteers or government paid jobs to help teach English and other significant cultural differences.

Section 3: This will help boost the economy by creating more jobs and helping the immigrant population in Kentucky. Kentucky is home to 68,802 women, 70,300 men, and 18,234 children who are immigrants. The top countries of origin for immigrants are Mexico (19.2 percent of immigrants), India (6.9 percent), Cuba (5.1 percent), China (4.5 percent), and Guatemala (3.7 percent). Living conditions, societal participation, and work efficiency would increase because they would be more comfortable in their environment.

Section 4: The volunteer group can also be consisted of immigrants who have lived in the state or in the United States who already speak English and Spanish.

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KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION

KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Commonwealth Bill

Sponsors: Eric Eastman, John Guthrie, Anne Jefferson, Maddie Woodrum

Section 7: This bill will be put in effect January 1st, 2020.

Red	CW 1	0

Referred to Committee: House 1

Action on the Bill

s	chool: Bowling Green HS	House Senate			
City: Bowling Green		Passed Passed Defeated			
1	An act to revitalize state parks.				
2 3 4	, ,				
5 6 7	Section 1: An additional fifty million dollar budget increase to the current seventy million for Kentucky Tourism, Arts, and Heritage.				
8 9 10 11	Section 2: A dime tax will be put into effect to raise the additional funds required to fulfill the increase in budget. This will be in effect until revenue generated by the parks will be enough to fund the budget increase.				
12 13 14	Section 3: Mandatory staff increase for the purpose of better maintaining and protecting Kentucky's state parks.				
15 16 17	Section 4: Updated recreational facilities including campgrounds, boat docks, and other structures on state park property.				
18 19	Section 5: Modernize safety standards in state parks to facilitate new activity				
20 21 22	Section 6: A campaign to increase the image and attraction to state parks for additional revenue.	the purpose of generating			

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Section 6: This bill will take effect January 1st, 2019.

KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION

KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Commonwealth Bill

Red	CW 1	1

Referred to Committee: Senate 1

Sponsors: John Wulff, Mary Margaret Bryant, Conner Twyman		Action on the Bill	
s	chool: Bowling Green HS	House Senate	
c	ity: Bowling Green	Defeated Defeat	
1 2	An act to reward financial incentives to businesses hiring e	ex-convicts	
3	Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth	of Kentucky	
4 5 6 7	Section 1: Any business whose workforce is composed of 15% Class D felons will r income tax.	receive 5% off of its total state	
8 9 10 11	Section 2: If the employer fires the employee on the grounds of suspicion of i must be filed with the local police station detailing the grounds on which the identity of the employee.	= -	
12 13 14 15	Section 3: To prevent tax fraud, any business applying for tax incentives mus of its employees; felons listed in this report must be designated as such, so the 15% of the business' workforce is comprised of convicted felons.		
16 17	Section 4: Convicted felons still may not be hired to positions that are current	tly restricted to them.	
18 19 20	Section 5: Any form of rape will be a Class A felony; sexual assault or any oth Class C felony.	er sexual offense will be a	

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KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION

KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Commonwealth Bill

Blue	CW 12

Referred to Committee:House 5

Commonwealth bin		House 5	
Sponsors: Hannah Taylor, Erin Borders	Action o	n the Bill	
School: Boyd Co. HS	House	Senate	
City: Ashland	☐ ☐ Passed ☐ ☐ Defeated	□ Passed □ Defeated	

An Act Relating to requiring all females to take a pregnancy test before going under local, regional, or general anesthesia.

Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: In an effort to decrease birth defects and spontaneous abortion in new and unborn babies, the Commonwealth must implement a structured chapter under KRS 131 to require all females to take a pregnancy test under any and all local, regional, or general anesthesia.

Section 2: The Federal Government defines local anesthesia as numbing a small area of tissue where a minor procedure is to be done. Regional anesthesia numbs a larger (but still limited) part of the body and does not cause the individual to fall under the state of unconsciousness. General anesthesia, however, effects the entire body and causes the patient to be unconscious and unaware of any and all surroundings or pain. Anesthesia medicines can be injected into a vein or inhaled.

Section 3: A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 131 IS CREATED TO READ AS FOLLOWS: (1) All medical procedures requiring any form of anesthesia shall vitalize all females to partake in a pregnancy test. (2) The test must be completed the day of the procedure, at the site of the procedure. (3) Females who have began their menstrual cycle are the individuals required to take this test. (4) If the pregnancy test is positive, the mother of the child shall have a rescheduled procedure date to consult with her surgeon about her decision to go through with, or cancel her surgery. (5) If the issue is life threatening, then the surgery will proceed with caution.

Section 4: The extra cost of the pregnancy test will be added onto the cost of the procedure. Enforcing this law is the Kentucky Right to Life Political Action Committee (PAC).

Section 5: This bill shall go into effect on January 1, 2019.

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KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY

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Commonwealth Bill	Referred to Sena	
Sponsors: Bryson Sebastian, Alyssa Anglin, Aden Thomas, Janae Burton	Action o	n the Bill
School: Butler Traditional HS	House	Senate
City: Louisville	Passed Defeated	□ Passed □ Defeated
An Act Relating To Felon Voting Rights		

An Act Relating To Felon Voting Rights

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Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: This bill will allow felons to regain their voting rights following the end of their probation sentence.

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Section 2: The purpose of this bill is to expand the voting pool within our commonwealth to increase voter turnout. This would only apply to nonviolent felonies, such as driving under the influence, tax evasion, and drug possession. This bill would have no effect on felons convicted of violent or first-degree felonies such as rape, murder, kidnapping, and arson.

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Section 3: This bill will cost no money as it will be the individual's responsibility to re-register following their probation sentence.

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Section 4: Length of probation following a felon's sentence would be determined by a judge and parole officer. No felon would regain voting rights until both a judge and parole officer agree. Felons could also be voided of these rights after their initial probation sentence if a judge and parole officer see it be necessary.

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Section 5: This bill will go into effect after passing.

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KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION

KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY

Red CV	N	14
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Commonwealth Bill	Referred to Committee: House 4	
Sponsors: Jess Saylor, Jill Lockhart, Jacolbi Pearson, Brianna Gossage	Action on the Bill	
School: Butler Traditional HS	House	Senate
City: Louisville	Passed	□ Passed □ Defeated

An Act Relating To Pregnant Women Receiving a Handicap Sticker for the Duration of their Pregnancy

Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: This bill will allow pregnant women to park in designated handicap parking spots.

Section 2: The purpose of this bill is to provide a temporary (pink) handicap sticker during the second trimester of their pregnancy as well as six weeks after childbirth.

Section 3: There is no cost to this bill as Kentucky temporary placards are issued at no cost.

Section 4: In order to receive this temporary card one must apply for a handicap placard. The individual can complete a disabilities form from a local DMV or download the form from the official state website. The individual will then designate a doctor to fill out the form and sign a certification stating that the mother is in her second trimester and is assigned the handicap sticker for six weeks after birth/until expired.

Section 5: The rules of this are that this sticker cannot be shared or used after the expired amount of time.

Section 6: The punishment for breaking these rules is a \$250 fine for misuse of a handicap sticker. Also, if the handicap sticker is misused, then the sticker will be revoked. A.) Maximum penalty is six months in jail and a fine from \$250-\$1000 for handicap placard

Section 7: This bill will go into effect on the date of passage for all pregnant women in their second trimester as well as six weeks after birth.

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KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY

Red	CW	15
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Commonwealth Bill	Referred to Committee: House 2
Sponsors: Hailey Miller, Kaith Sordan, Garrett Kneisler, Austin Wilkerson	Action on the Bill
School: Butler Traditional HS	House Senate
City: Louisville	Defeated Defeated

An Act Relating To Public Schools Requiring a Mental Health Class

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Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: There is a great passiveness on the topic of mental health within the Commonwealth of Kentucky. Currently, students are required to take a general health studies class where they spend only limited amounts of time on the topic of mental health due to the great amount of material that is required to be taught. Kentucky students need to learn more about the realities of mental health as suicide is the second highest cause of death among teens (a teen dies every eleven hours due to suicide in the state of Kentucky). This class would educate students on the growing concern of mental health.

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Section 2: This bill requires school districts to ensure that their health education programs recognize the multiple dimensions of health by including mental health and the relation between mental and physical health in a class. This bill will require the Commonwealth of Kentucky to add a (mandatory) mental health class for every student to take - once in middle school and once in high school.

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Section 3: In regards to adding a mental health class, there would be no additional debt added to the state budget as high school students are already required to take a health class as a degree requirement. The resources in which the health teachers use will be transfer over to a mental health class.

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Section 4: Students will take the mental health class for half of a year. The class will count for half a credit toward a student's high school diploma requirements. The students will learn about different facets of mental health. Each student must pass the class in order to receive the credit.

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Section 5: This bill will go into effect on July 1, 2019.



KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Commonwealth Bill

Red	CW	16	
Red	CW	16	

Referred to Committee: House 2

Commonwealth Bill	Hou	ise 2
Sponsors: Zion Bonds, Meridith Rogester, Shaun Wimberly, Adriana Badie	Action o	n the Bill
School: Central HS	House	Senate
City: Louisville	☐ ☐ Passed ☐ ☐ Defeated	□ Passed □ Defeated

An Act Relating To Expansion of Access to Felony Record Expungement

Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: Amend KRS 431.073 to read as follows: Any person who has been convicted of a Class B, C, or D felony violation or a series of Class B, C, or D felony violations arising from a single incident, or who has been granted a full pardon, may file with the court in which he or she was convicted an application to have the judgment vacated. The application shall be filed as a motion in the original criminal case. The person shall be informed of the right at the time of adjudication.

Section 2: The provisions of this section shall not apply to any person convicted of, pleading guilty to, or entering an Alford plea to a felony offense under KRS Chapter 510, KRS 529.100 involving commercial sexual activity, KRS 530.020, 530.064(1)(a), 531.310, or 531.320, or who is a violent offender as defined in KRS 439.3401

Section 3: The provisions of this section shall not apply to any person who has been granted a felony expungement for more than two separate incidents.

Section 4: A verified application to have the judgment vacated under this section shall be filed no sooner than the completion of the person's sentence, or the successful completion of the person's probation or parole, whichever occurs later.

Section 5: The court may order the judgment vacated, and if the judgment is vacated the court shall dismiss with prejudice any charges which are eligible for expungement under subsection (1) of this section or KRS 431.076 or 431.078, and order expunged all records in the custody of the court and any records in the custody of any other agency or official, including law enforcement records, if the court finds that the person has not previously had more than two felony convictions vacated and the records expunged pursuant to this section and no proceeding concerning a felony or misdemeanor is pending or being instituted against the person.

Section 6: The Administrative Office of the Courts shall establish a form application to be used in filing an application to have the judgment vacated and records expunged.

Section 7: The filing fee for an application to have the judgment vacated and records expunged shall be one hundred dollars(\$100). The first fifty dollars (\$50) of each fee collected pursuant to this subsection shall be deposited into a trust and agency account for

Section 8: This section shall be retroactive.

Section 9: This act takes effect July 1st, 2019.

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KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION

KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Commonwealth Bill

Blue CW 17

Referred to Committee: House 1

	Hou	se 1
Sponsors: Nolan Cotton	Action o	n the Bill
School: DeSales HS	House	Senate
City: Louisville	□ Passed □ Defeated	□ Passed

An Act to Require the Covering of Storm Drains in the Interest of Preservation of Life

Be it enacted

Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: This bill will require that all Storm Pipe entrances larger than 18 inches in diameter be securely covered by metal fencing or similar sustainable barrier material.

Section 2: According to homeadvisor.com, metal fencing is an average of \$7 per square foot. Seeing that few storm pipe drains will have a diameter that is larger than 18 inches this will not be a major problem to taxpayers.

Section 3: This bill will go into effect immediately after passage and will be enacted by The Department of

Public Works. Installation and upkeep of the coverings will be the responsibility of the respective county's

14 Department of Public Works.

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Commonwealth Bill

Red	CW 1	8

Referred to Committee: Senate 3

	Sena	ate 3
Sponsors: Afeef Shaik, Hector Rueda	Action o	n the Bill
School: Franklin Co. HS	House	Senate
City: Frankfort	☐ Passed ☐ Defeated	□ Passed □ Defeated

An Act Relating To Hepatitis A Prevention

Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: Due to the Hepatitis A outbreak in Kentucky that has been called "the worst in the nation" by several sources, mandatory vaccines for food-service employees and convicted criminals with a history of drug abuse shall be enacted.

Section 2: According to the Center for Disease Control and Prevention, Hepatitis A is spread through close contact and consuming undetected amounts of the virus. Food-service employees come in contact with customer's food and therefore should receive the Hepatitis A vaccine.

Section 3: Hepatitis A can also be spread due to poor hygiene which is why convicts should also be vaccinated. Vaccines cost as little as seventeen dollars per shot. In addition to the mandatory vaccine, homeless people will be offered the vaccine in local shelters.

Section 4: The funds would come from the lottery. The amount needed to vaccinate the homeless population in Kentucky is less than 0.00001% of the lottery income. With these steps, the Hepatitis A outbreak in Kentucky will be reduced by a significant amount.

Section 5: This will go into effect on January 1, 2019.



KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Commonwealth Bill

Blue	CW 19
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Referred to Committee: Senate 2

Commonwealth bin	Sena	ate 2
Sponsors: Madeline Gardner, Will Carroll	Action o	n the Bill
School: Hart Co. HS	House	Senate
City: Munfordville	☐ ☐ Passed ☐ Defeated	□ Passed □ Defeated

An Act Relating To Requiring Spanish to be introduced and taught, kindergarten through eighth grade, as part of the curriculum in the public school system.

Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: Studies show that it is easier and more effective to learn a second language as a child from 6 months of age to 6 years old, than as a teenager or adult.

Section 2: This bill's purpose is to introduce and teach students the Spanish language at the age of 5, and continuously teach throughout their elementary and middle school years instead of as a freshman, sophomore, junior, or senior.

Section 3: Children who speak more than one language boosts problem solving, critical thinking, and listening skills. Children who are bilingual also have shown signs of improved memory, concentration, and the ability to multitask.

Section 4: As a teenager or adult, we begin to consciously learn, which creates risk of information getting lost or disassociated. As a young child, however, we absorb and learn new information unconsciously. Meaning that we learn and acquire new information unknowingly. This bill will allow the Spanish language to be taught in a less complex way to where it may stay with the students throughout adolescence, instead of being taught to high school students who will forget most of the content a few months after taking the course.

Section 5: Ways that teachers can introduce and help students with learning the new language include: Creating an interactive environment where students are surrounded with both English and Spanish (Music, film, and/or dance), Expose students to multilingual settings, Promote reading and storytelling in both languages, Introduce and teach students about the different cultures that surround the Spanish language

Section 6: Students will be given the option to test out of Spanish 1 at the end of their 8th grade year to receive one of their foreign language credits needed for a merit diploma.

Section 7: The cost for this bill will be a salary per Spanish teacher hired to each public elementary and middle school in the state.

Section 8: This bill will go into effect at the start of the 2019-2020 school year.

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KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION

KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Commonwealth Bill

Section 5: This bill will go into effect on January 1, 2020.

Blue	CW	20
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Referred to Committee: Senate 2

	Commonwealth Bill	Senate 2
S	ponsors: Ellie Martin, Ellie Kellen, Aubrey DeKemper, Claire DeKemper	Action on the Bill
S	chool: Henderson Co. HS	House Senate □ Passed □ □ Passee
C	ity: Henderson	Defeated Defeat
1 2	An Act Relating To requiring vision, written, and performance based driving te	sts every 5 years for renewal.
3 4	Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth	of Kentucky
5 6 7	Section 1: This bill would require Kentucky drivers to renew their driver's license ev written, and performance based driving test.	ery 5 years and to pass a vision,
8 9	Section 2: Driving Test (all elements) must be conducted prior to expiration of	f the licence.
10 11 12 13	Section 3: Passing and falling of the tests are determined by the County Clerk of one or more of the test elements will result in suspension of licensing until all sections.	•
14 15 16	Section 4: If passing score is not reached within 6 months of a reported failurevoked.	re, the drives license shall be

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KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION

KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY

Blue	CW 21
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Commonwealth Bill		Committee: use 2
Sponsors: Aliyah Settle, Ashton Wilson, Ralynn Overfield, Sanaa Jackson	Action o	n the Bill
School: Henderson Co. HS	House	Senate
City: Henderson	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	

An ACT TO REQUIRE MENTAL HEALTH CLASSES/COUNSELING IN PRISONS

Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: Due to the rising issues with mental health in prisons and solitary confinement, monies allocated should be used to provide mental health care and counseling for those in need of it in Kentucky prisons.

Section 2: Solitary confinement has adverse effects when it comes to mental health, so providing health care can help lessen the effects of solitary confinement on prisoners.

Section 3: Solitary confined prisoners will receive a mandatory one hour of counseling for every day spent confined.

Section 4: Prisoners will be evaluated by a professional psychologist and/or psychiatrist to determine if more counseling is needed based on the effects of the confinement, and not prior mental health concerns.

Section 5: The Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration (SAMHSA), an operating division within the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services (HHS) are responsible for the implementation and documentation of these services.

Section 6: This bill will go into effect on January 1, 2020.

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KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION

KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY

CW	22
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Referred to Committee:

Commonwealth Bill	Sen	ate 3
Sponsors: Joseph Craven, Andrew Rogers, Luke Webster, Elise Basil	Action o	n the Bill
School: Henry Clay HS	House	Senate
City: Lexington	Passed Defeated	□ Passed □ Defeated

An Act To Aid Police Departments in the Distribution of Naloxone HCI

Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: This legislation shall be added to the Kentucky Revised Statutes Title XVIII Chapter 217.

Section 2: Each local government or municipality with more than 100 annual opioid overdose deaths shall redistribute tax funds that are proportional to need, to be allocated to police departments solely for the purchasing of Naloxone HCI, commonly known as Narcan.

Section 3: Each local government or municipality within the Commonwealth of Kentucky which contains at least one independently operated police department shall be given a base amount of \$20,000 plus an additional \$500 for each overdose death greater than 100 in 2017.

Section 4: Naloxone HCI, commonly known as Narcan, shall also be made legal for administration on an individual presently suffering from an overdose without that individual's verbal consent by a law enforcement officer or a licensed medical professional.

Section 5: \$7 million shall be allocated for this legislation and the Cabinet of Health and Family Services shall be in charge of the implementation of this legislation and oversight to ensure proper spending and allocation of funds.

Section 6: This bill will go into effect at the start of the 2020 fiscal year.

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KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION

KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Commonwealth Bill

Blue	CW 23
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Referred to Committee: House 4

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Sponsors: Celia Dawahare	Action o	n the Bill
School: Henry Clay HS	House	Senate
City: Lexington	□ Passed □ Defeated	□ Passed

An Act To Require Citizens Receiving Welfare to Participate in a Job Training Program

Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: This bill will go under the Labor and Human Rights Section of the KRS

Section 2: This bill will require the 21% of Kentuckians receiving welfare to Participate in a job training program. The US Department of Health and Human Services will oversee the implementation of this bill seeing as they oversee a variety of state welfare programs across the country.

Section 3: The funding for this bill will be a combination of federal and state funding just as it is in the other states in which this program is implemented. The amount of funding geared toward this program varies depending on population of the state, the number of individuals on welfare, as well as the amount of financial assistance granted to those living below the poverty line.

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Commonwealth Bill

Blue	CW 24
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Referred to Committee:House 5

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Sponsors: Will Byerman	Action o	n the Bill
School: Henry Clay HS	House	Senate
City: Lexington	□ Passed □ Defeated	□ Passed □ Defeated

An Act To Standardize the Grading Scale Across the State

Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: Beginning with the freshman class of 2023, all students attending a public school in Kentucky will receive equal treatment within the means of a standardized grading scale.

 Section 2: Each public school facility will distribute an equal standardized grading scale. It will exist as follows: A: 90%-100% B: 80%-89% C: 70%-79% D: 60%-69% F: 59%-below Unweighted GPA scale: A: 4 points | B: 3 points | C: 2 points | D: 1 point | F: 0 points Weighted GPA scale: A: 5 points | B: 4 points | C: 3 points | D: 2 points | F: 0 points

Section 3: There would be no reallocated money that would be needed to enact this bill.

Section 4: If any school systems fail to follow this new law, they would be penalized with a loss in points on the school's accountability rating. This would give an incentive for a school's administration to comply to the newly introduced grading system. Depending on how many times that the school was reported of infringement, they would receive different levels of penalties.

Section 5: The main purpose to standardize the grading scale across public school facilities in Kentucky is so each student has an equal opportunity to earn the deserved amount of Kentucky Educational Excellence Scholarship (KEES) money; despite what school they attend. In the standardization of the grading scale, students get a higher GPA which means more money towards post-secondary education.

Section 6: This bill will go into effect before the start of the 2019-2020 school year.

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KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY

Red CW

Commonwealth Bill		Committee: use 2
Sponsors: Will Groves, Braden Porter, Jenna Wiggleton, Thomas West	Action o	n the Bill
School: Heritage Christian Academy	House	Senate
City: Hopkinsville	□ Passed □ Defeated	□ Passed

An act relating to the requirements for lockdown drills in schools. Be it hereby enacted by the Annual YouthLegislature of the Commonwealth of Kentucky.

Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: This bill will change the already mandatory two drills per school year to a minimum of five.

Section 2: As provided by Senate Bill 8 all schools in Kentucky must conduct a minimum of two drills per school year. One of which is to be performed within the first 30 days of the school year and the other conducted in January.

Section 3: This bill will need no extra funds as it will be added to the schools curriculum.

Section 4: The schools will have from the beginning of the 2019-2020 school year to October 1, 2019 to conduct their first drill. If the school does not comply the school will be given a warning for the first offense following their warning they will have their spending cut by \$500 dollars for the second offense and \$1,000 dollars for the third offense and for the fourth offense they would have to be reaccredited.

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KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION

KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY

Red	CW	26
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Referred to Committee:

Commonwealth Bill	Sen	ate 2
Sponsors: Luke Dreas, Greg Hensley, Allison Ehlman, Emma Lehmkuhl	Action o	n the Bill
School: Holy Cross HS - Covington	House	Senate
City: Covington	Passed	□ Passed □ Defeated

AN ACT proposing an amendment to Section 145 of the Constitution of Kentucky for the automatic restoration of voting rights to convicted felons

Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: Currently, Section 145 of Kentucky's Constitution disenfranchises all convicted felons indefinitely. Restoration of felon voting rights is possible only through the arduous process of an executive pardon.

Section 2: This bill proposes an amendment to section 145 that restores voting rights automatically to all convicted felons upon their release from incarceration. Upon release from confinement, convicted felons must re-register to vote in the appropriate county.

Section 3: Following ratification, Section 145 will omit the phrase, "or felons" from section 1. and read as follows with section 3 being the addition: Section 145. Persons entitled to vote. Every citizen of the United States of the age of eighteen years who has resided in the state one year, and in the county six months, and the precinct in which he offers to vote sixty days next preceding the election, shall be a voter in said precinct and not elsewhere but the following persons are excepted and shall not have the right to vote. 1. Persons convicted in any court of competent jurisdiction of treason, or bribery in an election, or of such high misdemeanor as the General Assembly may declare shall operate as an exclusion from the right of suffrage, but persons hereby excluded may be restored to their civil rights by executive pardon. 2. Persons who, at the time of the election, are in confinement under the judgment of a court for some penal offense. 3. Persons convicted of a felony shall not have the right to vote during their term of incarceration. Upon their release from confinement, persons convicted of a felony will have the right of suffrage automatically restored. 4. Idiots and insane persons

Section 4: Section 4: This amendment shall be submitted to the voters of the Commonwealth for their ratification or rejection at the time and in the manner provided for under Sections 256 and 257 of the Constitution and under KRS 118.415.

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KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION

KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY

Red CW 27

Commonwealth Bill		Committee: use 5
Sponsors: Ben Bornhorn, Harrison Resing, Will Schwierjohann, Bre Younger	Action o	n the Bill
School: Holy Cross HS - Covington	House	Senate
City: Covington	☐ ☐ Passed ☐ Defeated	□ Passed □ Defeated

AN ACT to propose the HEROES Act: Helping Emergency Responders Overcome Emotional Suffering.

Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: Currently, Kentucky law does not provide for workers' compensation benefits for non-physical injuries. Studies have shown that police, emergency medical, and fire personnel experience PTSD and other psychological disorders at a rate significantly higher than the general public. in 2017, more firefighters lost their lives to suicide than any other work-related injury. KRS342.0011 states: "Injury" means any work-related traumatic event or series of traumatic events, including cumulative trauma, arising out of and in the course of employment which is the proximate cause producing a harmful change in the human organism evidenced by objective medical findings. "Injury" does not include the effects of the natural aging process, and does not include any communicable disease unless the risk of contracting the disease is increased by the nature of the employment. "Injury" when used generally, unless the context indicates otherwise, shall include an occupational disease and damage to a prosthetic appliance, but shall not include a psychological, psychiatric, or stress-related change in the human organism, unless it is a direct result of a physical injury.

Section 2: This bill proposes amending KRS 342.0011 to include psychological, psychiatric, or stressrelated injuries to those that qualify for the full benefits of workers' compensation provided by Kentucky law including both medical benefits and compensation for lost wages.

Section 3: First responders would be required, with the assistance and support of licensed mental health experts, to show causality between their roles as police, fire, and emergency medical personnel and their diagnosed PTSD or other mental disorder.

Section 4: This bill will go into effect on January 1, 2019.

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KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY

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Commonwealth Bill		Committee: ate 3
Sponsors: Alex McHenry, Sammy Hurtt, Gracie Martin, Elizabeth Martin	Action o	n the Bill
School: Holy Cross HS - Covington	House	Senate
City: Covington	□ Passed □ Defeated	□ Passed □ Defeated

AN ACT to take the poop out of pipes

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Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: Currently, there are thousands of residences in Kentucky that use straight pipes as a method of draining all water waste from their homes. A straight pipe is any pipe that is connected to a residence and used as the sole method for disposal of wastewater into nearby ditches or streams. This wastewater is not filtered through a treatment facility. This method of disposal has led to the pollution of Kentucky's waterways.

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Section 2: The Kentucky Division of Water in the Energy and Environment Cabinet and the Division of Public Health Protection and Safety in the Cabinet for Health and Family Services have endorsed swim advisories in the following areas in Kentucky: The Licking River and adjacent streams, The North Fork, and the Upper Cumberland River and its adjacent streams. These swim advisories are in place indefinitely. Residents are advised to avoid "recreational contact" with these waters due to unsafe levels of fecal coliform bacteria from untreated human and animal waste.

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Section 3: This bill would require that all residences using straight pipes must connect to a local municipal sanitation system or install a septic system pursuant to the Clean Water Act of 1972.

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Section 4: Local health departments will be responsible for notifying property owners of any drainage violations and setting the deadline for compliance. Any property owner not in compliance by the end of the 5 year period, will fined \$1000.00 for each 6 month period their property is in violation of the law. If a property owner does not pay the assessed fine, they will be subject to extended fines and/or imprisonment.

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Section 5: This bill will go into effect on January 1, 2019.

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Commonwealth Bill

Blue	CW 29
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Referred to Committee: House 2

Sponsors: Casey Bronger, JT Recktenwald	Action o	n the Bill
School: Holy Cross HS - Louisville	House	Senate
City: Louisville	☐ Passed☐ Passed☐ ☐ Defeated☐	□ Passed □ Defeated

An Act Relating To Legalize Marijuana and Gambling in Order to Solve the Pension Reform.

Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: The 64th Amendment to the Constitution of the State of Colorado is as followed: the law addresses personal use and regulation of marijuana for adults 21 years of age and over, as well as commercial cultivation, manufacture, and sale. The recreational use of marijuana will become legal under the statutes of this law. A person is considered "under the influence of marijuana" if they contain 5 or more nanograms of delta-9-THC in one milliliter of blood. Laws regulating marijuana will mirror those that regulate the use of alcohol. Colorado has an additional 15% tax rate on top of their regular sales tax rate. This bill will replicate the sin tax placed on marijuana.

Section 2: Gambling is defined as the act of risking money or property for potential gain. In 30 states, commercial casinos and other gambling of any kind is legal. Gambling provides a recreational method of obtaining government income. Gambling and commercial casinos will become legal under the statutes of this law. A 10% tax will be placed on all winnings under \$50,000. A 12.5% tax will be placed on winnings from \$50,000 to \$500,000. A 15% tax will be placed on will be placed on winnings greater than \$500,000 to \$1,000,000. A 25% tax will be placed on winnings greater than \$1,000,000 to \$5,000,000. A 40% tax will be placed on winnings above \$5,000,000 dollars.

Section 3: Over the next 30 years, Kentucky will owe 39 billion dollars of debt to the pension fund. 90% of tax revenue will go to the pension fund. Kentucky can expect at least 13.5% of the population to use marijuana. The average price of marijuana in Colorado is \$200.35 per ounce. It can be expected that users would purchase at least 4 ounces every year. Based on these numbers, marijuana would generate \$101,193,499.26 the first year, and in 5 years, this number could increase 10-fold. The yearly amount of revenue made from gambling would be similar the starting revenue of marijuana, but will increase at a lower rate. 10% of the tax earnings from marijuana will go to agencies that prevent dependency on marijuana. 10% of tax earnings from gambling will go to agencies that prevent gambling addiction. In essence, 90% of the revenue from both sources will go toward funding Pension Reform.

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KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION

Commonwealth Bill

Blue	l CW 30
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Referred to Committee: Senate 1

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Sponsors: Caleb Wiegandt	Action on the Bill	
School: Holy Cross HS - Louisville	House	Senate
City: Louisville	☐ Passed☐ Passed☐ ☐ Defeated☐	□ Passed □ Defeated

An Act Relating To the Development of a State-Mandated Per-Pound Garbage Collection Service

Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: According to a report published by Dallas, Texas, based energy company SaveOnEnergy, the average American household produces approximately 121.8 pounds of waste per week. The average rate, however, for waste management services according to the National Solid Wastes Management Association ranges from \$12-\$20 per month, or roughly \$4-\$5 dollars per week. This comes out to about 4 cents per pound. Many of these rates are fixed for set volume containers, such as 10-gallon, 20-gallon, 30-gallon, and so on. These proportions are obviously staggeringly different from each other. According to the same report, in the state of Kentucky, the amount of trash per person in landfills is approximately 28.7 tons, or 57,400 pounds, good for eighth-most in the United States. This legislation proposes a solution to gradually fix two problems: 1) the finding of a true weekly rate (for better or for worse) for all Kentuckians' waste management services, and 2) the ever-present increasing problem of landfill overpopulation.

Section 2: This bill proposes an amendment to KRS 109.260 that would introduce a state-mandated, perpound garbage collection service. This means that all residential and business waste collection would be regulated on a state-wide level in all counties of Kentucky. The price per pound of solid waste would be 35 cents. For the average American, for instance, their garbage bill would be roughly \$43, a charge that would likely promote change in a number of areas mentioned later on in the bill. The initiative would be conducted in the following process: 1. Each garbage truck will be affixed with a small scale for each can to be loaded onto, which will weigh the can with the waste inside it (subtracting the standard weight for the can itself). 2. A net weight will be calculated and recorded by the sanitation engineer. 3. At the end of the route, all sanitation engineers will centralize their records for bookkeeping, and a corresponding bill will be sent out shortly.

Section 3: The hope is that this bill improves conditions on a number of sequential fronts. One is that Kentuckians will pay a true rate according to the waste they produce. On another front, it will encourage citizens to use recycling and compost systems in their own homes, subsequently bringing in more revenue collected from those areas. This cycle would repeat itself and mutually benefit all involved. A sales tax of 5% will be added to the cost of renewing a driver's license in Kentucky, a cost change from \$20 to \$21. This bill will go into effect on January 1st, 2020, in order for time to allocate funds for each truck's scale.

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KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Commonwealth Bill

Blue	CW 31
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Referred to Committee: Senate 4

Commonwealth Bill	Senate 4
Sponsors: Hannah Khan, Nadia Gill, Minha Raza	Action on the Bill
School: Kentucky Country Day	House Senate
City: Louisville	Defeated Defeated

An Act Relating To KRS 344.040 Workplace Discrimination

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Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

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Section 2: Section 1. KRS 344.040 is amended to read as follows: Amend (1) (a) line 4 to read as follows, "color, religion, national origin, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, age..." Amend (1)(b) line 4 to read as follows "religion, national origin, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, or age..."

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KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Commonwealth Bill

Red	CW 32
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Referred to Committee: House 4

	ПОС	156 4
Sponsors: Sylesh Jagannathan, Niran Chattha, Niloy Dhar, Sharlene Wang	Action o	n the Bill
School: Lafayette HS	House	Senate
City: Lexington	□ Passed □ Defeated	□ Passed □ Defeated

An Act Relating To Establishing Hydroelectric Utilities in the Ohio River

Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: With the occurrence of a swift population growth, more pollutants are being released into the atmosphere than ever. The transition to the low-polluting form of electricity, known as hydropower, could serve as a monumental step in the preservation of our state and world.

Section 2: Hydropower is power derived from the energy of falling water or fast running water. The most common approach to harnessing hydropower is to build a high dam across a river, creating a reservoir. The water is then released or allowed to flow in order to spin turbines which create energy. Hydroelectric utilities create low-cost electricity in comparison to other resources at a miniscule 5.1-11.3 cents per KWh.

Section 3: A hydroelectric dam with water jets will be placed on the Ohio River running across Henderson County, Kentucky. Kentucky has had jurisdiction over the river since 1792, allowing this to happen. Water jets will be implemented near the bottom of the dam to prevent sediment build-up, reducing maintenance costs. Additionally, a migratory opening will be administered to prevent the negative effects of dams on wildlife. The dam will feature 7 turbines to generate roughly 823.5 megawatts of electricity.

Section 4: A hydroelectric dam will allow for there to be less flooding and pollution in the area. Some other benefits of hydroelectric utilities are the ability to generate electricity, ability to hold in water pollution, recreational use, irrigation, and last but not least; it is a renewable source of energy. This is an advantage because it is naturally replenished and will never run out. Because a benefit of the dam would be irrigation, agricultural employment would increase as crops can be grown on irrigated water. Also, hydropower is the most abundantly used energy source and the fastest growing power source. Additionally, since there needs to be space for transportation in the river, the dam will only span from Henderson County to half way through the width of the river.

Section 5: The dam will cost anywhere between \$70 million - \$100 million. The cost of the dam will be covered through government subsidies, as well as private investment. Corporations will be allowed to pay in on a first-come-first-served basis. Upon completion and functionality of the dam, corporations may use energy free of charge until the energy they have received is equal to the amount they paid into the dam, plus 20%. The state must own at least 51% of the dam to prevent private majority. The time it will take to finish building the dam will take approximately 4 years. While it may seems expensive initially, in retrospect, the dam saves money in the long run due to the fact that the dam is built to prevent floods from occurring in this area. Additionally, federal level funding for the dam will come from grants to FEMA through the NDSP (National Dam Safety Program). State funding will come from the Kentucky Department of Parks. Lastly, the Parks and Recreation department for the City of Henderson, Kentucky will provide city funding.

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KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY

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Commonwealth Bill		Committee: ate 1
Sponsors: Maya Mintu, Machlie Lamartiniere, Claire Melvin	Action o	n the Bill
School: Lafayette HS	House	Senate
City: Lexington	Passed	□ Passed □ Defeated

An Act relating to requiring businesses and state funded institutions to offer family leave.

Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: Following the Federal Family and Medical Leave Act (FMLA), Kentucky allows up to 12 weeks of unpaid leave to state workers with a new child or medical emergency. Paid family (maternal and paternal) leave initiatives have shown greater workforce attachment, higher wages for women, decreased spending by businesses due to employee replacement costs, and a reduction of government funds spent on government assistance.

Section 2: This bill establishes the requirement of a minimum of six weeks paid family leave for state and private workers. Employers will pay the employees 100% of their typical wage during the leave. Workers will pay 20% of regular wage in the period from the time requested for leave to two months after they return to work. During the span of the leave, employees will not be making payments toward the 20%. Businesses with 50 employees or less shall be exempt from Section 2.

Section 3: Employees must request leave at least eight weeks in advance and present proof of bond between child and parents, in the form of a birth or adoption record, to employer. Small deductions will be made from following paychecks to fund family leave. The Department of Labor will form a division to oversee collection and distribution of funds conducted to ensure accountability held by businesses in question. Enforced job protection policies to be the same as those of FMLA.

Section 4: Any private business found not to have offered paid leave or deemed to have not collected or distributed the proper amount of funds to an employee on or planning leave will be fined based on a scale per employee, to be set by the Department of Labor denied opportunity to paid leave. State funded institutions in violation will receive a reduction in state funds received. Violations will be determined by the division formed in the Department of Labor.

Section 5: This bill will come into effect on January 1st, 2020.

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Commonwealth Bill

Blue	CW 34

Referred to Committee: House 5

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Sponsors: Will Ransdell, Hank Sutherland	Action o	n the Bill
School: Lexington Christian Academy	House	Senate
City: Lexington	□ Passed □ Defeated	□ Passed

An Act Relating To Administering a New Unit into the Freshman Health Class.

Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: In 2017, 1,565 people were reported to die from issues relating to drug overdoses in our state. It's numbers like these that makes Kentucky one of the top states in the U.S. to struggle with opioid related deaths.

Section 2: The point of this bill is to implement a new unit into the freshman health classes of public high schools that would teach students how to identify and behave toward drugged or intoxicated individuals in society and help reduce the previous listed number of drug related deaths. This unit would help prepare students on how to react toward a hostile, drugged individual and what steps to take to help pacify the situation. Teachers would also instruct students on how to talk down depressed drug abusers and prevent them from committing purposeful or accidental acts that could hurt another person. Students would also be instructed on how to administer Naloxone, an easy to use nasal spray that can be found in most pharmacies nationwide for approximately twenty dollars. This spray is used to help combat the effects of drug overdoses and has been proven to save lives of addicts.

Section 3: This unit could be seemingly placed into the current health curriculum and even attached onto the drug unit taught to students. This means that no additional costs would be necessary for the implementation of this bill. This bill should be passed to help ensure for a safer Commonwealth those who struggle with addictions and for those who do not.

Section 4: This bill would go into effect before the next school year.

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KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Commonwealth Bill

Blue	CW 35
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Referred to Committee: House 3

Collinoliwealth bill	Hou	ise 3
Sponsors: Gracie Elliott, Julia Lawson	Action o	n the Bill
School: Lexington Christian Academy	House	Senate
City: Lexington	Passed	□ Passed □ Defeated

An Act Relating To Mandatory Driver's Education in Kentucky High Schools.

Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 158 IS CREATED TO READ AS FOLLOWS (1) All Kentucky high schools must require completion of an in-person driver's education course prior to a student's graduation. (2) The class would be administered in two parts, one that addresses topics relating to road laws, safety, and the impact of unsafe driving and the other providing students with time behind the wheel accompanied by a licensed driving instructor. (3) The students will be admitted to the class based on age rather than grade level. (4) Students must be sixteen (16) years of age to partake.

Section 2: According to the Virginia Department of Education, motor vehicle crashes are the leading health risk for American teenagers. In order to combat this, the Virginia Department of Education has produced an effective driver's education curriculum that works closely with the Department of Motor Vehicles, ensuring that each student receives instruction as well as closely monitored hands on experience.

Section 3: The Department of Education and Department of Motor Vehicles will partner to provide the behind the wheel portion of the curriculum, while each individual school will be responsible for teaching the curriculum put in place by the state.

Section 4: The course will count as half of an elective credit.

Section 5: Students will be in a classroom format for the majority of the semester, with one day a month allotted for time behind the wheel. Students would pay a fee at the beginning of the course to cover the use of instructional vehicles, driving instruction, etc., but tuition assistance would be available on a need based system. Need for tuition assistance must be validated by proof of free and reduced lunch.

Section 6: Any statute contrary to this Act shall be amended or repealed.

Section 7: Any school that does not comply with the aforementioned Act will have government funding revoked.

Section 8: This Act takes effect August 1, 2019.

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KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION

Commonwealth Bill

Red	CW 37
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Referred to Committee: Senate 2

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House	Senate
Passed	□ Passed □ Defeated
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An Act Relating To Requiring All Public School Employees to be CPR, AED, and First-Aid Certified

Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

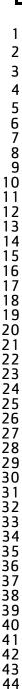
Section 1: This bill would require all Kentucky public school employees to be trained and certified in Cardiopulmonary Resuscitation (CPR), correct use of the Automated External Defibrillator (AED), and First-Aid procedures. Currently, Kentucky is not one of the 18 states that require school staff to achieve this certification. The current law only requires sports coaches and Preschool/Head Start program staff to achieve certification in CPR/AED/First-Aid. School bus drivers are only required to be trained in basic First-Aid procedures. Public schools are required to have an AED device on site.

Section 2: This bill will affect all public school employees in the Commonwealth of Kentucky. School employees will have the necessary training to perform CPR, First-Aid, and/or use an AED (if available) in the school setting, at home, or in the community.

Section 3: Each public school district will be responsible for providing training for all its employees. Districts are already required to provide instructors and pay for certification for sports coaches and Preschool/Head Start staff.

Section 4: This bill will pertain to all public school districts in the Commonwealth of Kentucky.

Section 5: This law will go into effect by the 2019-2020 school year.





KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Commonwealth Bill

Red | CW 38

Referred to Committee: House 3

Commonwealth om	Hou	ise 3
Sponsors: Quaid Watwood, Emily Colley, Keeley Butler	Action o	n the Bill
School: Marshall Co. HS	House	Senate
City: Benton	Passed Defeated	□ Passed □ Defeated

An act to legalize the practice of physician assisted suicide for persons above the age of 18 with terminal illnesses, "Death with Dignity" in the Commonwealth.

Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: KRS 216.302 prohibits attending physicians of terminally ill patients to assist them in their wish to pursue death by suicide. If this act is taken, KRS 216.302 requires that the physician involved will lose privileges to practice medicine, by means of revoking their medical license, and other penalties may be established by the court.

Section 2: This bill acts to overturn KRS 216.302 by allowing physicians to assist patients' suicide wishes through the use of lethal medication.

Section 3: The new statute that will replace KRS 216.302 will require that the patients must be residents of Kentucky for at least the last 12 months. All Kentucky residents that wish to carry out Death with Dignity must be informed that they are within 6 months of their death date, due to their terminal illness. They must then be referred to a second opinion and confirmed that this diagnosis is true and accurate to the best of their ability.

Section 4: Patients wishing to act on Death with Dignity must file two separate requests for the lethal medication prescription, the first being verbal and the second through written contract. There must elapse at least 15 days between the two requests, and within these 15 days, a psychiatric evaluation must be completed, and the patient must be determined that of sound mind

Section 5: In order for this drug to be prescribed, a physician with an active Medical Doctorate degree must be the body to prescribe the medication. There must be a consent form that states the procedure is within the physician's morals, and that the physician agrees to act on the procedure. This form must also pardon the physician from any liability or civil suit that may be enacted as a result of the patients' death.

Section 6: Within the time of signing of the written medicine request form, the drug must be prescribed and delivered within 24 hours.

Section 7: The patient will be required to administer the medication to himself/herself, with no assistance rather than the prescription. Due to the risks of lethal medication, no persons should come in contact with the medications other than the medical professiona

Section 8: The physician will be required to recommend that the patient inform his/her next of kin on his/her decision to die with dignity. However, it is not required that the patient inform his/her family on the matter.

Section 9: Due to the controversy of the medication, insurance companies will be forbidden from paying for this medication, and patients will be required to pay cost in the full amount before the drug is delivered. This is required so that the cost of the medication

Section 10: Forage for the patient or the physician's signatures will result in an accusation of a Class A Felony. Failure to comply with the regulations that are listed in Sections 4-9 will result in the accusation of a Class A Felony.

Section 11: This bill will go into effect on January 1, 2020.

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KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY

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Commonwealth Bill	Referred to Sena	Committee: ate 1
Sponsors: Kaylee Jones, Keirsten Couch, Keaton Conner	Action o	n the Bill
School: Marshall Co. HS	House	Senate
City: Benton	☐ Passed☐ Passed☐ ☐ Defeated☐	Defeated

An act to establish a student body member on SBDM councils

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Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: As it exists now, there is no law requiring student representation on the Site Base Decision Making council in the state of Kentucky. This bill will be enacted to reverse this issue and grant the SBDM one voting senior student representative and one non-voting representative of each class; junior, sophomore, and freshman. These non-voting representatives will act as delegates and speak on issues that arise within their class. They will be given the opportunity to council with the senior representative and influence their vote to benefit their class

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Section 2: In order for the student to be a candidate for the SBDM council, they must submit a written application constructed by each school's administration. The student applicant requirements are left to the discretion of each school's administration. The application will be reviewed by a council of principal(s), assistant principal(s), and guidance counselor(s).

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Section 3: Once the applicants are reviewed accordingly, an election will be held within the first 60 days of the school year for the student body to vote for the candidate of their choice. The winner(s) will be established based on popular vote.

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Section 4: This bill will be enacted on the beginning day of the 2019-2020 school year, differing by school.

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KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION

KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY

Blue	CW 40
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Commonwealth Bill		ate 4
Sponsors: Thomas Hill, Gabe Conley, Zachary Bozell, Maxxwel Megibben	Action o	n the Bill
School: Martha Layne Collins HS	House	Senate
City: Shelbyville	Passed	□ Passed □ Defeated

An Act Relating To Banning the Manufacture of 3-D Printed Firearms

Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: 3D printed guns are semi-detectable with present technology, they have very little regulation to prevent someone from printing a qun. There are no current restrictions on 3D printers which not only make plastic 3-5 shot plastic quns, but there are existing printers that print metal compound capable of printing durable firearms that as of right now is not cost effective but will likely be within the next 10-20 years.

Section 2: A ban will be enacted on all 3D printed Firearms, and if found they are to be considered contraband. Detection software will be implemented and monitored to limit blueprints of firearms from being manufactured with a firewall from the companies who produce 3D Printers. This collaboration with state and local law enforcement and 3D printer manufacturers will set a precedent for other states to control 3D Printed guns

Section 3: The Penalty for Owning a 3D Printed Firearm would be similar to that of being caught with an unregistered automatic firearm, or other unregistered firearm. This would mean that being found with a 3D Printed Firearm would result in a fine of up to 50,000 dollars, and up to 10 years Jail-Time

Section 4: This bill will go into effect after a 4 month intermediate period to give people who have already printed the gun time to turn it into their local police station for destruction, or be responsible for the destruction of the firearm within the 4 month intermediate period.

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KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY

Red (CW	4
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Commonwealth Bill	11010110010	ate 5
Sponsors: Caitlyn Calarco, Zach Carter, Mason Lee, Reece McElfresh	Action o	n the Bill
School: Meade Co. HS	House	Senate
City: Brandenburg		□ Passed □ Defeated

An Act Relating To Providing Domestic Workers with a Fair Bill of Rights

Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: Currently, there is neither a federal or state law providing domestic workers in Kentucky with proper labor laws to protect their rights. The following states have already passed a Domestic Workers' Bill of Rights: California, Illinois, Massachusetts, Nevada, New York.

Section 2: The National Labors Relations Act was passed in 1935, yet didn't protect the rights of domestic workers. Therefore, the Domestic Workers' Bill of Rights will give domestic workers in Kentucky a standard of protection over how much they work, how they are paid, and how they are treated by their employers. Domestic workers are those who work full time as in-home daycare providers, elder-care workers, nannies, house cleaners, gardeners, butlers, cooks, and personal attendants.

Section 3: Any employer of a domestic worker must respect the following protections: employees who live off-site must be paid overtime if they work more than 40 hours a week; employees who live onsite must be paid overtime if they work more than 44 hours a week; workers must be paid every week and in an amount no less than minimum wage; an employer may not deduct money from a domestic worker's paycheck without written permission; employers must keep payroll records and notify workers in writing about vacation days, sick days, and schedules.

Section 4: Any employer of a domestic worker must respect the following protections: a worker may not be harassed due to their race, gender, religion, sexual preference, or national origin; employers may not make unwanted sexual advances to their domestic employees; employees must receive a 24 hour rest day every 7 days, or overtime pay if they agree to work on that day; Workers must receive 3 paid rest days each year after one year of work for the same employer.

Section 5: Employers found initially in violation of this bill will receive a fine of \$50.00 for each underpaid employee for each pay period during which the employee was underpaid. Any subsequent violations will result in a fine of \$100.00 for each underpaid employee for each pay period during which the employee was underpaid. The affected employee shall receive payment of all wages recovered.

Section 6: This bill will go into effect on January 1st, 2020.

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KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY

Red	CW 42
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Commonwealth Bill		Committee: use 1
Sponsors: Lucas Blackburn, Hunter Butler, Brooks Nelson, Brett Wilson	Action o	n the Bill
School: Meade Co. HS	House	Senate
City: Brandenburg	Passed Passed Pas	

An Act Relating to Restoring Gas Inhalation and Electrocution as Methods of Capital Punishment in Kentucky.

Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: As of now, the only form of capital punishment legal in Kentucky is lethal injection. While this is an effective method, the cost per lethal injection is over \$1,000. Due to this price we believe that gas inhalation and electrocution should be restored as a choice of capital punishment due to a lower cost per execution.

Section 2: The cost of a dose of cyanide and acid that creates the gas that is enough to kill a human cost only \$1.80 in 1938 which is equivalent to \$32.42 in 2018, and the cost per prisoner to be executed through electrocution is \$217.25. These are much cheaper than the \$1,286.86 price tag of a single purchase of lethal injection drugs. Both of these methods are cheaper than lethal injection by a drastic amount, electrocution is 400% cheaper while gas inhalation is 3000% cheaper. The Kentucky Department of Public Advocacy estimates the cost of the death penalty to Kentucky taxpayers at about \$10 million per vear.

Section 3: All money saved with alternative forms of capital punishment will go to victims advocacy funds to support families affected by the actions of these criminals.

Section 4: Currently, there are 32 men and 1 woman under a death sentence in Kentucky.

Section 5: The form of capital punishment will be chosen by the judge who sentences the inmate.

Section 6: This bill will go in effect on all death row inmates convicted past January 1, 2019.

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Commonwealth Bill

Referred to Committee:
House 3

Red | CW 43

Sponsors: Elizabeth Geiger, Saylor Federspiel, Erika Savage, Savanna
Weatherford

School: Mercy Academy HS

City: Louisville

House Senate

Passed Passed
Defeated Defeated

An Act Relating To gun licensing and gun training courses.

Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: A new section of KRS chapter 237.020 is amended to read as follows. The Commonwealth of Kentucky shall require an individual to receive a license or permit before purchasing any firearm from any seller (private or licensed) for open carry or concealed weapons. In addition, the Concealed Carry Deadly Weapon license requirements will be made more extensive. A. The process of obtaining the open carry license shall be the same as receiving a Concealed Closed Deadly Weapon (CCDW) license. a. This includes receiving a 70% on the firearm safety course test and hitting a target 11 times out of 20 shots. This class shall be offered or approved by the Department of Criminal Justice Training. b. Submitting a CCDW application online or by visiting the local Sheriff's Office. c. Passing a background check. A. The process of obtaining the CCDW license will differentiate by requiring a score of 85% in the class instead of the original 70%. B. Will be required to hit the target 15 out of 20 times instead of the original 11 out of 20 times.

Section 2: The purpose of this amendment to the Kentucky gun law: A. Makes known that the weapon was legally bought. B. Makes known that the owner is legally allowed to own the weapon. C. Ensures that every applicant is mentally and physically eligible to own and operate a firearm. D. Allows for control over who can own a gun. E. Regulates distribution of gun licenses and permits.

Section 3: This amendment will go into effect on December 1st, 2019.

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Commonwealth Bill	Referred to Hou	
Sponsors: Bailey Cobb, Mason Baker, Claire Gulley, Julia Wells	Action o	n the Bill
School: Montgomery Co. HS	House	Senate
City: Mt. Sterling	Passed Passed Passed Defeated	

An Act Relating To Medical Marijuana for eliqible patients in the state of Kentucky

Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: A report by the Institute of Medicine (IOM) of the National Academy of Sciences published in March of 1999 found that modern medical research confirms the beneficial uses of marijuana in the treating or alleviating of pain, nausea, or other symptoms associated with a variety of debilitating medical conditions, including cancer, multiple sclerosis, and HIV/AIDS.

Section 2: Only licensed medical doctors may recommend medical marijuana for eliqible patients; those with debilitating physical and or mental health conditions that may be effectively treated by the use of medical cannabis.

Section 3: Medical marijuana may be provided directly by a patient's doctor, or through a regulated Marijuana Dispensary. Only those dispensaries with proper registration and licensing may operate without legal consequences.

Section 4: This bill will go into effect no longer than one year after it is passed.

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KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY

Blue	CW 45
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Commonwealth Bill	Referred to Committee Senate 5	
Sponsors: Bailey Matheny, Darcy Oldfield	Action on the Bill	
School: Montgomery Co. HS	House Senate	
City: Mt. Sterling	Passed Passed Passed Defeated Defeate	

An Act Relating To The Restoration of Voting Rights to Felons Who Have Served Out Their Sentence

Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: Taking into account that in the state of Kentucky, felons are subjected to the loss of voting rights during and after their sentence has been served, we propose an act to restore these aforementioned voting rights provided that their term in prison and or parole has been completed in its entirety. This bill will cost no money to carry out, therefore placing no financial strain onto the taxpayers or general economy.

Section 2: This bill will go into effect on October 10th, 2020.

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KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION

KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY

Blue	CW 46
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Commonwealth Bill	House 2	
Sponsors: Kaley Stidham, Katie Anne Brown, Lily Messer, Kayleigh Hauser	Action o	n the Bill
School: North Laurel HS	House	Senate
City: London	□ Passed □ Defeated	□ Passed □ Defeated

An Act Relating To Protecting Employees From Restrictions In Nondisclosure Agreements Regarding Sexual Misconduct in the Workplace

Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: A nondisclosure agreement, or NDA for short, is essentially a legally enforceable contract that creates a confidential relationship between an employer and employee. The stipulations of a nondisclosure agreement often extend to protecting the reputation of a company or sensitive information that has been shared with an employee. Existing legislation in the state of Kentucky implements the use of NDAs with zero restrictions on when one can violate said NDA including and not limited to cases of sexual assault or harassment in the workplace.

Section 2: It is the purpose of this bill to ensure that individuals are not prohibited from exercising the right to speak out about a case of sexual misconduct or pursue a trial in respect to unlawful harassment within the workplace.

Section 3: Should this bill be enacted, individuals who have been victims of sexual misconduct and have signed a nondisclosure agreement with their employer would not be subject to a lawsuit or fine in regards to any reporting of the assault or harassment.

Section 4: This bill would also prohibit a person from, as a condition of employment or continued employment, or the ability to receive employment-related benefits, being unable to disclose to any person an instance of sexual harassment that has been suffered, witnessed, or found out in the workplace.

Section 5: This bill states that an employer may also not threaten, retaliate, or discriminate against an applicant for employment or existing employee because of their choice to pursue a civil allegation or complaint in regards to sexual misdemeanor, keeping in mind the presumption of innocence guaranteed to the accused.

Section 6: This bill would require no funding or further expenses to the state of Kentucky.

Section 7: This bill would apply to nondisclosure agreements entered into, modified, or extended on or after January 1st, 2019.

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KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY

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Commonwealth Bill	Senate 4	
Sponsors: Riley Owens, Vamsi Veeramachaneni, Ashley Cantrell, Lauren Swain	Action on the Bill	
School: North Oldham HS	House	Senate
City: Goshen	Passed	□ Passed □ Defeated

An Act Relating To the Harms of Mountaintop Removal

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Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 224 IS CREATED TO READ AS FOLLOWS (1) All companies interested in participating in mountaintop removal practices in the Commonwealth of Kentucky need to obtain a permit from the Kentucky Department for Environmental Protection. Regulations include: 1) limiting the amount of land that can be used of a certain area to 25%- the remaining land shall be preserved 2) reclamation for all of the mountaintop removal sites will require companies to convert the land to which they have excavated back to its prior condition 3) Companies shall not harm the wildlife of the area and the surrounding area If groundwater contamination becomes too great then companies will be forced to evacuate the area (2) All companies that obtain a permit need to follow quidelines to ensure the protection of the environment is maximized.

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Section 2: The Kentucky Department for Environmental Protection should designate a representative to perform randomized checks on sites of mountaintop removal to ensure that the companies performing mountaintop removal are doing so within the proper regulations.

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Section 3: If groundwater contamination becomes too great then companies will be forced to evacuate the premises.

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Section 4: Any statute contrary to this Act shall be amended or repealed.

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KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION

KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY

Red	CW 48
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	Commonwealth Bill	House 5	e
Sp	oonsors: Evan Ruggles, Josh Snipes, Garrett Goode	Action on the Bill	
Sc	:hool: North Oldham HS	House Senate	
Ci	ty: Goshen	Defeated Defeated	
1 2	An act to innovate and implement more effective and equitable sewage solu	itions in the Commonwealth	
3 4	Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth	of Kentucky	
5 6	Section 1: This bill will provide the necessary funding for the protection and policin wetlands, while also improving upon and renovating existing sewage infrastructure	-	
7 8 9	overflow. Kentucky's Department of Waste Management will allocate resources to it solution to the waste management problem that inhibits economic growth in areas most. It also calls on the Kentucky Department of Public Health to look into and res	of Kentucky that need it the	

10 11 Section 2: Violators caught straight piping will be fined \$500 dollars for every 6 months they do not 12 comply.

Section 3: The Department of Public Health and Division of Waste Management will be responsible for and required to enforce this bill.

Section 4: Funding for this bill will be received through the state budget as well as possible federal funding that is available.

Section 5: This bill will take effect in the next fiscal year, giving time to plan and allocate resources to execute this bill effectively.

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KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Commonwealth Bill

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Red | CW 49

Referred	to Co	mmittee:
Se	nate	5

Commonwealth bin	Sena	ate 5
Sponsors: Jackson Anderson, Ben Stratford, Marshall Royce, Bennett Cadden	Action o	n the Bill
School: North Oldham HS	House	Senate
City: Goshen	Passed Defeated	□ Passed □ Defeated

An act to promote the protection of domestic animals

Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: This act will create a statute to protect the physical and emotional abuse of domestic animals in the Commonwealth of Kentucky. Currently, in accordance with LRC 321.185 veterinarians are prohibited from reporting any signs of abuse found in animals that they treat unless there is written consent or a court order to do so.

Section 2: Domestic animals are to be defined as any non-wild animal that is dependent on humans for survival. The act of abusing a domestic animal can fall under any of the following categories or subcategories.

Section 3: Physical abuse can include physically harming the animal, denial of physiological needs such as food or water, denial of shelter necessary to survive, as well as abandonment.

Section 4: Emotional abuse can include beastiality, and anything of the sort; abandonment and/or neglect; as well as any of the previously stated cases of physical abuse. Neglect includes denial of emotional contact, denial of shelter, or general denial of attention from the owner.

Section 5: The act will mandate annual checkups for all domestic animals as well as require all veterinarians to report signs of domestic animal abuse and animal neglect based off of said checkups. These checkups will be fully paid for by the owner and is to include a full physical examination of the animals as well as any medication/vaccination needed.

Section 6: After the conduction of these examinations, if any signs of physical or emotional abuse or neglect is suspected, the veterinarian is required to report their findings to the Kentucky Animal Care and Control Association (KACCA). Upon receiving reports of domestic animal abuse, KACCA will be in charge of evaluating the extent of the abuse and submitting a final report to local law enforcement. Depending on the extent of the abuse, the owner will receive jail time between 2 and 10 years.

Section 7: This bill will go into effect within 8 months of its being passed.

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KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION

KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Commonwealth Bill

Blue | CW 50

Referred to Committee: House 3

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Sponsors: Emily Haleman	Action o	n the Bill
School: Owensboro Catholic HS	House	Senate
City: Owensboro	□ Passed □ Defeated	□ Passed □ Defeated

An Act Requiring Medical Professionals To Follow Rules Emplaced By Proper Prescription Drug Management (PPDM)

Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: This bill creates the Proper Prescription Drug Management in order to reduce the opioid epidemic that is occurring in Kentucky. In 2016, there were 989 opioid-related deaths in Kentucky. Kentucky has a death rate double that than the national average and is fifth in the nation of highest rate of opioid deaths.

Section 2: Through this bill, every medical professional that prescribe medication must join the PPDM. The PPDM would require all medical professionals to follow a set of rules in order to prescribe opioid pain relievers. These rules include educating the professionals and patients on the drugs and the risks of abuse that they hold, monitoring who receives and prescribes the drugs, and providing a safe area for the community to dispose of the drugs.

Section 3: The PPDM will be operated by Kentucky All Schedule Prescription Electronic Reporting (KASPER). All costs will be funded by the Kentucky Office Drug Control Policy and donations.

Section 4: If this bill is not followed, the medical professional will have their license suspended and the fine will vary depending of offense. The money from fines will also be used to fund this program.

Section 5: This bill will be enacted January 1st, 2019.

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KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION

KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY

Blue		51
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Commonwealth Bill	Referred to 6	
Sponsors: Nate Blackburn, Wes Depoy, Cameron Goble, Garrison Yates	Action or	n the Bill
School: Prestonsburg HS	House	Senate
City: Prestonsburg	Passed Defeated	Defeated

An Act Relating To establishing a mandatory recess for all public schools in the commonwealth.

Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: This bill will establish a mandatory recess period for all public schools in the state of Kentucky. This gives students a chance to take a mental break from the school day to do things such as study, exercise, or to enjoy a change of scenery from the classroom setting.

Section 2: According to the state of obesity.org, a study on better policies for a healthier America showed that Kentucky children 10-17 years of age average 19.31% above the obesity rate coming in at the third highest in the nation. This recess period will give students and faculty an opportunity to become healthier and work together to lower the obesity rate in Kentucky.

Section 3: This bill, requiring no money, would only require schools in the commonwealth to have an outdoor area (such as a football field or track), gymnasium, or auditorium. The gymnasium or auditorium can also be used in inclement weather as a space for the recess period.

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KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION

KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY

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Commonwealth Bill	Referred to Committee: House 1	
Sponsors: Haley Holbrook, Kassidy Griffith, Arrington Wright, Meg Music	Action on the Bill	
School: Prestonsburg HS	House	Senate
City: Prestonsburg	Passed Defeated	□ Passed □ Defeated

An Act To Require all Kentucky high school students to have two credits of the same foreign language in order to graduate.

Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: Two years of foreign language for the purposes of this bill shall be defined as 1 credit of the "language" 1 and 1 credit of "language" 2. For example 1 credit of Spanish 1 and 1 credit of Spanish 2.

Section 2: As many studies have shown, taking foreign language classes have numerous benefits. This bill would help the youth of Kentucky to become more intelligent, improve their critical thinking skills, and increase cultural awareness, along with many other essential skills.

Section 3: This bill would also help the Commonwealth of Kentucky to become more ready for future careers. Speaking a foreign language is one of the top 8 skills required for ALL occupations. In between 2010 and 2015, the number of US job postings geared toward bilingual candidates more than doubled.

Section 4: This bill would be implemented in 2019-2020 school year with the high school Class of 2022 to ensure there is ample time to earn these required credits.

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KENTLICKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY

Blue	CW	53
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Commonwealth Bill		Committee: ate 3
Sponsors: Arlee Thomas, Kylee Fain, Kaleb Burns, Reese Sherrow	Action o	n the Bill
School: Rockcastle Co. HS	House	Senate
City: Mt. Vernon	□ Passed □ Defeated	□ Passed □ Defeated

An Act Relating To Room Rental at the Age of 18

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Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 271.18 IS TO READ AS FOLLOWS: (1) no private hotel, motel, or inn should discriminate against persons of 18 year of age or older in relation to rental of a room and its amenities.

Section 2: At the time of the creation of this bill, institutions where you may rent a room and its amenities are allowed to determine the age of customer they will serve. Most of these institutions in the state of Kentucky do not allow persons under 21 to rent a room, but a small amount will allow you to rent a room at 18. This makes for a very uncertain knowledge of where, as an adult age 18-20, you can rent a hotel room. While in most places in Kentucky you can not rent a room at 18, you can: vote, change your name, drop out of school, apply to adopt a kid, buy a house, a car, fireworks, pepper spray, firearms from private dealers and shows, assault rifles, and tobacco products, play the lottery, file a lawsuit, get a tattoo, pawn items, get married, make a will, serve on a jury, and join the military. But you can not rent a room with certainty.

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Section 3: Any statute contrary to this bill shall be amended or repealed.

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Section 4: Our bill proposes a statewide mandate of all institutions that rent out rooms to allow tenants and quests of 18 years of age and older.

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Section 5: No funding is necessary for the implementation of this bill.

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Section 6: This bill would go into effect July 1st 2019.

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KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Commonwealth Bill

Blue	CW 54

Referred to Committee: House 4

Commonwealth bin	Hou	House 4	
Sponsors: Tessa Pickle, Dylan Bullock, Hannah Ruppe	Action o	Action on the Bill	
School: Rockcastle Co. HS	House	Senate	
City: Mt. Vernon	\ Passed \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	□ Passed	

An Act to Restructure the Ballot

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Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: KRS 117.125 is amended to eliminate the straight ticket voting capability on voting machines.

Section 2: KRS 118.100 is amended to eliminate party designations for candidates on the ballot.

Section 3: At the time of this Act's composition, the Kentucky voting ballots feature a 'straight ticket' voting option that allows the user to cast their vote for every candidate of their chosen party. This Act will remove the aforementioned feature on voting machines and ballots. This Act will also eliminate any party designation or emblem on the ballot that could reveal a candidate's party affiliation or beliefs, 'forcing' voters to be more informed on candidates while voting.

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Section 4: This Act will require no funding for implementation.

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Section 5: If passed, this Act takes effect July 1, 2019.

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Red	CW	55
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Commonwealth Bill	Referred to Committee: House 1	
Sponsors: Sarah Spicer, Clint Southworth	Action on the Bill	
School: Shelby Co. HS	House	Senate
City: Shelbyville	Passed Passed Defe	

An Act Relating To The Rights of Domestic Workers

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Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: This bill would extend Kentucky's current labor laws to protect the rights of domestic workers. Examples include the right to rest breaks and unpaid leave due to sickness, jury duty, and voting.

Section 2: This law applies to any individual that works as an in home employee. Common jobs include, but are not limited to caregivers, housekeepers, cooks, chauffeurs or gardeners.

Section 3: This law will go into effect 90 days following passage.

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KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION

KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Commonwealth Bill

Section 6: Any statute contrary to this Act shall be amended or repealed.

Red	CW 56
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Referred to Committee: Senate 5

	Collillollwealth bill	Senat	te 5	
s	Sponsors: Caleb Archer, Garrett Sublette		Action on the Bill	
S	chool: Sphinx Academy	House ☐ Passed	Senate ☐ Passed	
C	ity: Lexington	Defeated	Defeated	
1 2	An Act Relating To Building a Nuclear Reactor			
3 4	Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth	of Kentucky		
5 6 7 8	Section 1: Over the course of 25 years 9.6 billion dollars will be delegated to the course of land, and trucks to transport waste. The budget will also be used to Department and to pay their salary for the first 5 years once the reactor is construct	establish a Kentuck	•	
9 10 11	 Section 2: Once the reactor is constructed we will export the coal we will no longer need, bringing more income to the state. This will also reduce emissions in Kentucky. 			
12 13 14	Section 3: Nuclear waste will be stored in steel canisters covered in concrete a by budget.	and buried on land	purchased	
15 16 17	Section 4: Construction of the Nuclear Reactor will start in 2020. The Nuclear increments over the 25 year build time.	Reactor will be pa	id off in	
18 19 20	Section 5: When this bill is passed a budget of 9.6 billion dollars will be create to 8% instead of 6% and used over the span 25 years to build and buy the thin	_		

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KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY

Red	CW 57

Referred to Committee:

Commonwealth Bill	Senate 4	
Sponsors: Val Brochero, Bertha Charles, Miski Yusuf	Action o	n the Bill
School: Waggener HS	House	Senate
City: Louisville	Passed	□ Passed □ Defeated

An Act Relating To Require Career Pathway Education in All Kentucky Public Middle and High Schools

Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: Career pathway education will introduce students to specific career opportunities in the local community. Curriculum with an emphasis on field work, professional presentations from local exemplars in a variety of careers, and small group discussions will serve to broaden students' horizons. This will also give students a more tangible goal which they can connect to daily academic activities

Section 2: A majority of high school students, 67% (EdSource), report feeling unprepared and ill-informed about post-graduation job opportunities. This middle school curriculum will be a proactive solution to a high school issue.

Section 3: This curriculum will be integrated into the mandatory health/wellness curriculum that is already in place at the middle school level in the state of Kentucky. Just as these health courses have addressed student misinformation regarding sexual health and wellness, so too can this address the problem of high school students not knowing the litany of career opportunities available to them.

Section 4: This curriculum will entail two weeks of intensive career opportunity training.

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KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY

Red	CW 58
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Commonwealth Bill		Committee: ate 2
Sponsors: Mulligan Nickle, Avery Keeling, Jackson Pierce, Illidan Walker	Action o	n the Bill
School: Walden School HS	House	Senate
City: Louisville	Passed Defeated	□ Passed □ Defeated

An Act Relating To Government Technology

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Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: KRS 42.724 is amended to read as follows: Amend (3)(d) to read as follows, "Office of the Chief Information Security Officer. The office shall ensure the efficiency and effectiveness of information technology security functions and responsibilities; and shall be responsible for the upkeep and implementation of software and hardware on government devices."

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Section 2: A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 42 IS CREATED TO READ AS FOLLOWS: (1) All government servers in the state of Kentucky shall be switched from Oracle Database to a suitable database determined by the Commonwealth Office of Technology. (2) The operating systems of government servers shall be switched and kept at the latest stable version of a compatible operating system determined by the Commonwealth Office of Technology.

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Section 3: This Act takes effect January 1, 2019.

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KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Commonwealth Bill

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Referred to Committee: Senate 1

Commonwealth bin	Senate 1
Sponsors: Caitlyn Bledsoe, Chloe Marstiller, Danielle Underwood	Action on the Bill
School: West Carter Co. HS	House Senate
City: Olive Hill	Defeated Defeated

An Act Relating To Reformation of Foster Care System in Kentucky.

Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: This bill will require that judges must decide to terminate parental rights to children who have been in the foster care system for one year. The judge is only allowed to give the parents one three-month extension to this one-year period before terminating rights.

Section 2: The only exception to this bill are parents who are incarcerated, in a rehabilitation program, or have an employer to vouch for the parents' progress of establishing their life to meet Kentucky foster care standards.

Section 3: This bill will not need any further funding than what is already allotted for the foster care system. This could potentially save funds from the lack of court visits. This bill will be enforced 90 days after passage. The children already placed in the foster care system will have one year after passage before parental rights are terminated.

Section 4: This bill will create less issues for people who wish to adopt children and cannot because of parental rights. No child should have to be sent back to biological parents who are showing no improvement towards establishment. If parental rights are terminated, children have a better chance of being placed in a stable foster home or being adopted by a family who will properly care for them.