	Red   BG 1	
the KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Bluegrass Bill	<b>Referred to Committee:</b> House 1	
Sponsors: Clare Perkins, Ridge Holman, Megan Freeman, Addi Yates	Action on the Bill	
School: Adairville ES	House Senate	
City: Adairville	□ Passed □ Passed □ Defeated □ Defeated □ Defeated	

1	An Act Relating To requiring a harness for dogs riding in an open bed of a truck.
2	
3	Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky
4	
5	Section 1: Currently there is no law in the state of Kentucky relating to harnessed dogs in the bed of a truck.
6	
7	Section 2: This bill proposes that dogs in the open bed of a truck must be restrained while the vehicle is
8	moving.
9	
10	Section 3: According the Humane Society of the United States, "It's estimated that 100,000 dogs die each
11	year riding in the back of pickup trucks by flying out after an accident, falling out accidentally or sliding out
12	the back of an open tailgate."
13	Continue 4. The most of the twenty had to they been were were hered on the size of the beware worded. The
14 15	Section 4: The cost of the truck bed tether harness may vary based on the size of the harness needed. The owner of the truck is responsible for making sure there is a harness.
16	owner of the truck is responsible for making sure there is a namess.
17	Section 5: The fine for the first offense is \$50. For the second offense the fine is \$100. For the third and
18	all other offenses the fine is \$150.
19	
20	Section 6: This bill will go into effect on January 1st, 2021.
-	

	Red   BG 2	
the KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Bluegrass Bill	<b>Referred to Committee:</b> Senate 1	
Sponsors: Ethan McIntosh, Ashley Tackett, Logan Rice, Kate Moon	Action on the Bill	
School: Allen ES	House Senate	
City: Allen	□ Passed   □ Passed □ Defeated   □ Defeated	

1	An Act Relating To Raising Awareness of human trafficking in schools.
2	
3	Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky
4	
5	Section 1: In Kentucky, the amount of human trafficking cases has increased dramatically. In Kentucky alone, 141
6	cases of human trafficking have occurred in 2019. When asked, over half of middle school students in our school
7	said they had never even heard of human trafficking (119 students out of 136 students, or 88%). Sadly, five of the
8	students at our middle school responded on the questionnaire that they had actually experienced some form of
9	human trafficking.
10	
11	Section 2: This bill is intended to raise awareness for the horrible act that is human trafficking. This action
12	is unacceptable and this bill will help keep students more aware and safer.
13	
14	Section 3: There will be no additional cost for the operation because teachers will only be required to show
15	videos and give a presentation about human trafficking during the school year.
16	
17	Section 4: This bill will go into effect in the 2019-2020 school year.

<b>KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION</b>	Red   BG 3	
the KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Bluegrass Bill	<b>Referred to Committee:</b> House 2	
Sponsors: Abby Lawson, Rilee Bohanon, Caroline Yates, Aidia Angell	Action on the Bill	
School: Ashland MS	House Senate	
City: Ashland	Passed       Passed         Defeated       Defeated	

1	An Act Relating To Child Abuse Awarness in Elementary Schools
2	
3	Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky
4	
5	Section 1: A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 160 IS CREATED TO READ AS FOLLOWS: the State of Kentucky will
6	be required to create curriculum guidelines for child abuse awareness and prevention. Kentucky school districts will
7	be required to implement this curriculum.
8	
9	Section 2: All Kentucky students in grades K-5 will be required to receive the child abuse awareness
10	curriculum in a manner designated by the school district.
11	
12	Section 3: The State will form a committee of mental health professionals and educators to design this
13	curriculum. Each district will be responsible for implementing it.
14	
15	Section 4: No funding is required for this bill.
16	
17	Section 5: This bill will go into effect in the 2020-2021 school year.

<b>KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION</b>	Blue   BG 4	
the KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Bluegrass Bill	<b>Referred to Committee:</b> Senate 2	
Sponsors: Bella Cron, Emma Fitzgerald, Grace Belcher	Action on the Bill	
School: Auburn ES	House Senate	
City: Auburn	Passed  Passed  Passed  Defeated  Defeated	

1	An Act Relating to Make Kentucky a Hands Free Driving State
2	
3	Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky
4	
5 6	Section 1: Add a section into KRS Senate Bill Chapter 186 to make Kentucky a Hands Free Driving State.
7	Section 2: This bill will become in effect July 1, 2020.

	Red   BG 5	
the KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Bluegrass Bill	<b>Referred to Committee:</b> Senate 2	
Sponsors: Liam Short, Ezra McIntosh, Jay Stuart, Braeden Miller	Action on the Bill	
School: B. Michael Caudill MS	House Senate	
City: Richmond	□ Passed □ Passed □ Defeated □ Defeated	

1	An Act Related to Assault Weapons
2	
3	Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky
4	
5	Section 1: Kentucky ranks 14th in gun violence in the United States. There have been four mass shootings in the
6	state in the last 30 years. In 2018, there were 340 mass shooting in the country. While only one of those was in
7	Kentucky, that is one too many.
8	
9	Section 2: This bill will restrict sales and transfers of AK, AR15, and SKS model rifles. As of the passage of
10	this bill, these weapons may no longer be sold, purchased, or transferred. This restriction does not include
11	law enforcement and military sales or transfers.
12	
13	Section 3: This bill has no cost to the Commonwealth of Kentucky.
14	
15	Section 4: This bill will be in effect on January 1, 2020.

	Blue   BG 6	
the KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Bluegrass Bill	Referred to Hou	Committee: se 2
Sponsors: Kendall Starr, Emily Savage, Marielle Restar, Meredith Justice	Action o	n the Bill
School: Belfry MS	House	Senate
City: Belfry		Passed Defeated

1	An Act Relating To the Safety of Foster Children In the Security of Their Legal Guardian(s)
2	
3	Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky
4	
5	Section 1: A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 200 IS CREATED TO READ AS FOLLOWS: This bill will call for legal
6	guardians to undergo additional biannual background checks, drug tests, and continual unannounced house visits
7	once the legal guardian has regained custody of the foster child.
8	
9	Section 2: To enforce this law, child protective services will be required to determine if the legal guardians
10	are fit to be parents. This will be accomplished by making the legal guardians undergo additional drug
11	tests, background checks, and recurring unannounced household visits after the child is established back
12	into their care.
13	
14	Section 3: Financial aid is a necessity in order to perform the drug tests and background checks. This will
15	be acquired through existing state and federal grants.
16	
17	Section 4: If the guardian fails these assessments once, they will be given a second attempt. Failure to pass
18	the second and final series of tests would result in the legal guardian having their parental rights taken
19	away. The foster child would then be placed back into the foster care system.
20	
21	Section 5: This bill will be put into effect on January 1, 2020.

	Red   BG 7
the KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Bluegrass Bill	<b>Referred to Committee:</b> House 2
Sponsors: Manas Garla, Ridhi Penmecha, Zeek Robinson, Brenna Jackson	Action on the Bill
School: Bondurant MS	House Senate
City: Frankfort	Defeated Defeated

An Act Relating To initiating tax deductions for businesses installing electric vehicle ports

## Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

5 Section 1: As of 2017, there were only 562 electric cars in the state of Kentucky. The installation of a home 6 charging system for these cars typically takes three hours to two days for installation, costing \$600-\$700. While 7 Kentucky is a state that currently has a major air pollution issues, installing electric vehicle charging stations across 8 different parts of Kentucky would encourage the purchase of electric vehicles and reduce air pollution caused by 9 vehicle emissions. All companies installing electric vehicle charging stations will be rewarded with tax incentives by 10 the state of Kentucky.

11

1

2 3

4

12 Section 2: As the electric vehicle charging stations will be property of the company that chooses to install them, companies have flexibility in the regulation of people who use this equipment (i.e. surfamers versus

13 them, companies have flexibility in the regulation of people who use this equipment (i.e. customers versus 14 non-customers), but they will not be permitted to charge users a fee for the first 5 years this bill is

15 enacted to encourage citizens to transition to the use of electric vehicles. Companies will be rewarded a

16 tax deduction of 3 percent within the first year the bill is enacted, and 1 percent for companies thereafter.

17

Section 3: This will benefit Kentuckian owners by allowing businesses, small and large, to attract more customers while helping decrease fossil fuel use. By allowing citizens in this state to be able to charge their

20 electric cars, such as the Nissan Leaf or Tesla Cars, individuals and companies can work together to

21 decrease fossil fuel emissions dramatically. Rather than driving long distances to charge their car,

22 individuals will be able to go to a nearby charging station at a local business to charge their vehicle. There

23 is a tax benefit in place in the state of Kentucky for drivers of electric vehicles, and this bill will incentivize

24 corporations and businesses as well to support this green initiative.

25

26 Section 4: This bill will be enacted on January 1, 2021, until April 15, 2024.

	Red   BG 8	
the KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Bluegrass Bill	<b>Referred to Committee:</b> Senate 3	
Sponsors: Halle Hunter, Makayla Muravchick, Molly Boswell, Sydney Lang	Action on the Bill	
School: Bondurant MS	House Senate	
City: Frankfort	Passed Passed Passed Defeated Defeated	

1	An Act Relating To the Banning of Electronic Cigarettes
2	
3	Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky
4	
5	Section 1: Electronic cigarettes and vaping have quickly become a widespread epidemic in America, having already
6	caused the death of 18 individuals. Reports show consumers of these products falling extremely ill - there have
7	been over 1,000 cases of vaping-related lung injuries, a number only expected to increase. Companies, like the
8	popular brand JUUL, market these devices as safe and as less harmful alternatives to regular cigarettes, making the
9	products more appealing to consumers under false pretenses. The Food and Drug Administration (FDA) recently
10	issued a letter to JUUL warning that the company has violated regulations by this type of advertising. Companies
11	like JUUL continue to violate this FDA warning and deceive US citizens, continuing to put their health and their lives
12	at risk.
13	
14	Section 2: This bill will effectively ban the production, manufacturing, advertisement, sale, and distribution
15	of e-cigarettes and other vaping devices.
16	
17	Section 3: Manufacturing companies violating the proposed legislation would be fined in the amount of
18	\$500.00 per device. If the same manufacturer violates the proposed legislation for a second time, the fine
19	would be increased to \$1,000 per device manufactured. Further violations by the manufacturer are subject
20	to additional fines and possible retraction of their licenses.
21	
רר	

22 Section 4: This bill will be enacted January 1, 2020.

the	KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION	Red   BG 9 Referred to Committee: House 3	
	Sponsors: Hadley Smith, Leda Grimshaw		
School: Bonnieville		House	Senate
City: Bonnieville		□ Passed □ Defeated	Passed Defeated

1	AN ACT TO PROVIDE ALTERNATIVE SCHOOL DAYS DURING INCLEMENT WEATHER
2	
3	Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky
4	
5	Section 1: All Kentucky public schools should have the option to use up to ten (10) alternative school days when
6	school has been cancelled because of inclement weather. Public school systems that choose to use this option must
7	notify the Kentucky Department of Education no later than the first day of the school year.
8	
9	Section 2: Students will have the option to complete paper copies of assignments or to complete
10	assignments online.
11	
12	Section 3: Teachers will prepare ten days of assignments no later than November 1 of the current school
13 14	year. These assignments will be sent home and posted electronically no later than November 1 of the current school year.
15	cultent school year.
16	Section 4: Alternative school days will be announced on local television and radio stations, as well as
17	through any automated phone services and messaging applications which the school uses to communicate
18	with parents/guardians and caregivers.
19	
20	Section 5: Teachers will contact every student on his/her class roster to through phone calls or messaging
21	applications to insure that all parents/students know and understand what to do when it is an alternative
22	school day. Teachers will continue to be available be available by phone and/or messaging applications
23	during regular school hours to assist students and parents with assignments on each alternative school
24	day. Teachers will keep a communication log to verify that all parents/students have been contacted.
25	
26	Section 6: Completed alternative school day assignments will be due three (3) school days after school
27	resumes. Teachers will grade and provide feedback on student work. This work will be kept on file and
28	stored for possible verification. A summary sheet documenting completed work will be turned into school
29 30	system's central office.
31	Section 7: Ninety-five percent (95%) of the student body in a school system must complete and turn in
32	assignments. School systems will be report the percentage to the Kentucky Department of Education by
33	June 30 of the current school years. School systems that fail to achieve 95% student participation will not
24	be allowed to use alternative school days during the next school year

be allowed to use alternative school days during the next school year.

	Red   BG 10	
the KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Bluegrass Bill	<b>Referred to Committee:</b> Senate 4	
Sponsors: Avery Dowell, Keilana Cargo, Ava Macy, Lexi Pile	Action on the Bill	
School: Breckinridge Co. MS	House Senate	
City: Harned	Passed  Passed  Passed  Defeated  Defeated	

1	An Act Relating to saving the lives of Kentucky citizens by getting more people to donate organs.		
2			
3	Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky		
4			
5	Section 1: The health of Kentucky citizens will improve by increasing the number of organ donors. All Kentuckians		
6	starting at the age of 16 years old would be considered an organ donor unless they choose to opt-out.		
7			
8	Section 2: Currently, around 114,000 United States citizens are on the waiting list for a lifesaving organ		
9	transplant with a new name added every 10 minutes. According to the American Transplant Foundation, 20		
10	people die every day from the lack of available organs for transplant. In an opt-out system for organ		
11	donation, dead donors' consent is presumed (or "deemed") unless they have removed their details on the		
12	Kentucky Organ Donor Registry wishing to not participate in organ donation.		
13			
14	Section 3: Citizens are not required to be an organ donor and will simply opt out at the Department of		
15	Motor Vehicles, if they choose to do so.		
16			
17	Section 4: This bill will be enforced by the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services.		
18			

19 Section 5: This bill will go into effect January 1, 2021.

the KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Bluegrass Bill	Red   BG 11 Referred to Committee: House 4
Sponsors: Bella Connor, Cailee Fleming, isabelle Kuntz, Kasey Clark	Action on the Bill
School: Bullitt Lick MS	House Senate
City: Shepherdsville	Passed  Passed  Passed  Defeated  Defeated

1	An Act Relating To the restriction of income usage for foster families.		
2			
3	Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky		
4			
5	Section 1: This bill will require all Kentucky foster parents to provide evidence that 100% of per diem rates are		
6	expensed toward the foster child.		
7			
8	Section 2: Initial funds will be used to pay for all basic needs of the foster child. Shelter, food, water,		
9	clothing, school supplies, and extracurricular activities are included in these needs.		
10			
11	Section 3: Remaining per diem funds will be deposited into an account that the foster child will receive		
12	when existing the foster care system at 18 years of age.		
13			
14	Section 4: This bill requires no additional funding. Funding is provided by the Title IV-B of the Social		
15	Security Act, primarily devoted to child abuse prevention and child protective services.		
16			
17	Section 5: This bill will be enforced by all public foster care agencies. Foster parents that do not comply will		
18	be fined the stolen funds.		
19			
20	Section 6: This bill will go into effect on January 1, 2020.		

	KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Bluegrass Bill	Blue   BG 12	
the		<b>Referred to Committee:</b> Senate 1	
School: Christ the	King ES – Lexington	House	Senate
City: Lexington			Passed Defeated

1	An Act Relating To Changing the Deposit Format Of The Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP)
2	
3	Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky
4	
5	Section 1: Many families struggle because the parents cannot afford to feed their whole families. As a result their
6	kids come home from school and there isn't enough food to eat for dinner. To solve the problem, parents work
7	multiple jobs and the kids might even have a job, but there still isn't enough money to meet the family's needs. This
8 9	happens to many families in Kentucky, so to help these families, the government has a program which sends out
10	money or SNAP benefits once a month. Families with a limited income qualify for the program. It can be hard to budget the money to last the whole month and by the end of the month, food can run out resulting in food
11	insecurity and worrying about having enough food. Research studies have found that kids who are worried about
12	food do not do as well in school. A simple and low-cost solution to this problem is to distribute the same amount of
13	benefits but to split it into two payments per month.
14	
15	Section 2: SNAP, which used to be known as Food Stamps, helps families that cannot afford food after
16	paying all of the bills for their house and other necessities. Many people benefit from SNAP at the
17	beginning of the month but towards the end they can run low on food. When food runs low and there is not
18	as much money, often parents turn to unhealthy, cheaper options like fast food.
19	
20	Section 3: We propose to split the SNAP benefits into two payments or twice per month. The payments will
21	be distributed to eligible families on the 1st and 15th of the month. The government distributes the money
22	in the form of a debit card. If SNAP benefits are split into twice per month, it will make it easier to budget
23	and provide food for the whole month and decrease hunger and rationing at the end of the month. Also to
24	help people budget better they could send an informational and educational flyer to the families who use
25 26	SNAP. The flyers would cost the government about \$56.99 per box of paper. Several research studies on
20	this topic have asked families who receive SNAP if they would prefer payments twice per month, and the results show that the families are in favor of the change.
27	
29	Section 4: This will affect families all over the state who struggle with the amount of money and timing of
30	the SNAP benefits. If this bill is enacted, it will be easier for families to budget and not run out of food by
31	the end of the month.

Section 5: This act takes effect January 19, 2020.

	KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION	Blue   BG 13	
the	KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Bluegrass Bill		<b>Committee:</b> Ise 4
Sponsors: Matthys DeGraff, Gus Ringenberger, Tommy Coomer, Alaina Howell		Action o	n the Bill
School: Christ the k	King ES – Lexington	House	Senate
City: Lexington			Passed Defeated

1 2 2	An Act Relating To Having Blue Light Emergency Phones For Immediate Pickup Or Safety By The Police At Every 12 Blocks In A City.
3	
4	Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky
5	
6 7	Section 1: This bill will help people be safe while walking down the streets in a city. In Louisville, the chance of you
7 8	becoming a property or a violent crime victim is one in twenty. If there were blue light devices every 12 blocks
° 9	people will feel safer, and the chance of you becoming a victim of a crime will decrease. People will not be as nervous about becoming a victim of a crime because, if threatened, individuals could run to one of the blue lights
10	and the police will be there very quickly.
11	
12	Section 2: Blue light devices have emergency buttons that go straight to the police. The devices are found
13	on many college campuses. Loyola University, Chicago University, the University of Connecticut, University
14	of Kentucky, University of Louisville, and Indiana University all have blue lights on their campuses. When
15	the button is pushed, officers will be there to assist victims as soon as possible.
16	
17	Section 3: Blue light emergency devices are very important because they get people out of dangerous
18	situations very quickly. Crime victims push the button and officers arrive as quickly as they can. In fact, the
19	blue lights save people's lives.
20	
21	Section 4: One good outcome that will result from these devices is that they will help stop crime and save
22	lives. This bill will decrease the Kentucky crime rate and will attract more people to come to the state. The
23	emergency blue lights will also lead to an increase in business and more profits for the city. The profits for
24 25	the city will increase after the crime rate goes down. This is true because people will know the city is safe,
25 26	so they will go out more often and stay out later. This will provide businesses with more customers.
27	Section 5: Cities in Kentucky with a population of over 20,000 people will be eligible for blue lights. The
28	two largest cities eligible in Kentucky are Lexington and Louisville with Lexington having approximately
29	321,959 citizens and Louisville having a total of around 600,000. Owensboro, Ashland, Paducah, and
30	Northern Kentucky are also large enough to have blue lights installed. The total cost for Louisville will be
31	210,000 dollars and the cost for Lexington's will be 195,000. Lexington will have 26 blue lights. Louisville
32	will get 24 blue lights. Every state wants to do the best for their city, so the funding for the installation of
33	the blue light emergency phone is worth it to protect Kentucky's citizens.
34	
35	Section 6: This bill will go into effect on January 1, 2020.

	Blue   BG 14
RENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Bluegrass Bill	<b>Referred to Committee:</b> House 5
Sponsors: Lily Westerfield, Bella Fowler	Action on the Bill
School: Christian Co. MS	House Senate
City: Hopkinsville	Passed Defeated Defeated

1	An Act Relating To Requiring Use of reusable trays and flatware in Kentucky Public Schools
2	
3	Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky
4	
5	Section 1: Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky
6	
7	Section 2: KRS 156.487, an article not yet utilized, shall become a law that would require Kentucky public
8	schools to use reusable trays and flatware in the cafeteria instead of Styrofoam, single use plastic, or
9	other non-biodegradable materials.
10	
11	Section 3: Schools would be required to purchase a number of trays equal to at least 115% of the school's
12	highest population over the past 4 years. This would allow for extra for breakage, loss, and damage. The
13	same figure would be used for purchase of forks, knives, and spoons for student use on campus.
14	
15	Section 4: This bill will take effect on July 1, 2021 to allow schools to find the materials prior to the school
16	year.

	Red   BG 15	
RENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Bluegrass Bill	<b>Referred to Committee:</b> House 5	
Sponsors: Valarie Latham, Emily Sawyers, Tressay Stinson, Katie Stearns	Action on the Bill	
School: Clinton Co. MS	House Senate	
City: Albany	Defeated Defeated	

1	An Act requiring all buses in Kentucky to have seat belts.
2	
3	Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky
4	
5	Section 1: An act proposing an amendment to KRS Chapter 158, relating to seat belts on buses in Kentucky;
6	require three-point seat belts on all public school buses.
7	
8	Section 2: The Bill in total will cost \$5,500 per school bus. The Kentucky Transportation Cabinet, The
9	Kentucky Board of Education along with local school districts will provide funding for this bill. The Kentucky
10	Transportation Cabinet will cover 70% of the cost through taxes. The Kentucky Board of Education will
11	provide each school district with 20% of the cost. Local school districts will be responsible for 10% of the
12	cost.
13	
14	Section 3: The National Highway Transportation Safety Administration along with The Kentucky
15	Transportation Cabinet will inspect buses annually. School districts will receive a \$500 fine for the first
16	offense. Each month the district does not have seat belts on school buses the fine will increase by \$100.
17	
10	

18 Section 4: This bill will go into effect on August 1, 2023.

	KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION	Blue   BG 16	
the	KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Bluegrass Bill		<b>Committee:</b> ate 1
Sponsors: Braxton	Hall	Action o	on the Bill
School: College View	w MS	House	Senate
City: Owensboro			Passed Defeated

1	An Act to Create an After School Program for the Significantly Disabled
2	
3	Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky
4 5 6	Section 1: Children with significant special needs across the state of Kentucky are often left without after school
6 7	childcare options. Many children with significant disabilities require more supervision, assistance with self-care and
8	behavior. Typical after school programs contain a larger student to adult ratio and are not staffed appropriately to
o 9	handle these concerns. Often, students with significant disabilities are turned away. This can cause inconsistent care for these children and financial instability for these families. Many parents are forced to work part time or quit
10	their job to provide after school care. Therefore, we need a specific after school program designed for significantly
11 12	disabled children, who cannot meet the "reasonable" requirements of normal after school programs.
13 14	Section 2: According to the Kentucky Department of Education School Report Card data for 2018-2019, approximately 14,100 students were identified as functionally mentally disabled or mild mentally disabled.
15 16	Most of these students are in specialized classrooms to meet their needs, and they also receive special bus transportation services. Due to the significant need, these children often require extended after school
17 18	care into the middle school years.
19 20 21	Section 3: Current funding for fee-based stand-alone after school programs comes from a weekly fee paid by the parent/guardian of the child attending the program. Therefore, new specialized programs would be funded similarly, by charging a comparable fee to typical programs. Grants are also available to increase
22 23 24	funds needed to appropriately staff the new program. School districts could also provide a small budget if funds are available.
25 26	Section 4: Programming would be governed by the Department of Regulated Childcare, and each district's student services coordinator. Each site will have a director with special education knowledge and staff
20 27 28	trained to support each student.
29	Section 5: Failure to offer after school services to children with significant disabilities, when services are
30	offered to typical students, would result in mandatory acceptance of a student with significant disabilities
31	into the traditional after school program as requested. This will be enforced by each district's student
32 33	services coordinator.
34	Section 6: This bill will go into effect August of the 2020-2021 school year.

	Blue   BG 17	
he KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Bluegrass Bill	Referred to Hou	
Sponsors: Jackson Holman, Grant Broughton	Action o	n the Bill
School: College View MS	House	Senate
City: Owensboro		

1	An Act To Reduce Student Stress and Anxiety Levels in Kentucky School Systems		
2			
3	Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky		
4			
5	Section 1: In Kentucky schools today, stress and anxiety are becoming a big problem for students in classrooms.		
6	We have come up with a plan to provide money and resources for stress relieving strategies in schools.		
7			
8	Section 2: These funds will be used to purchase fidgets and stress relievers that will come into play include		
9	stress balls, squishies, and fidget cubes.		
10			
11	Section 3: Funding for this program would come from student fees and fundraisers, as well as students		
12	also have an option to bring their own.		
13			
14 15	Section 4: This bill would also contribute to student education programs such as Bully Prevention		
15	Programs, Mindfulness Groups, Empathy Education, Emotional Learning Groups, Teacher Training, and		
16 17	Family Resource Items.		
18	Section 5: If any school has discipline and distraction issues, they would be handled by the 3 Strikes Rule		
19	at the discretion of the school.		
20			
21	Section 6: This bill will go into effect in January 1, 2020.		
- •			

	Red   BG 18	
She KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Bluegrass Bill	<b>Referred to</b> Hous	
Sponsors: Audrey Mahan, Kolby Ball, Ellie Bourne	Action o	n the Bill
School: Corbin MS	House	Senate
City: Corbin		

1	An Act Relating To Putting Seatbelts on Buses		
2			
3	Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky		
4			
5	Section 1: Seatbelts on buses would reduce driver distractions and improve passenger behavior.		
6			
7	Section 2: People risk passenger safety by not putting seatbelts on buses. There is proof that people do		
8	get injured in school bus crashes because of the lack of seatbelts. The average amount of students to die a		
9	year in a bus crash is 142 fatalities. You never know when your school bus might crash. There is a law for		
10	drivers to have seatbelts on but not the passengers. Sources prove that school buses are already		
11	considered safe but seatbelts would make them 50% safer.		
12			
13	Section 3: This bill will be for all school buses in Kentucky, preschool through high school.		
14			
15	Section 4: The funding would come from state taxes.		
16			
17	Section 5: This bill will take effect at the beginning of the 2020-2021 school year.		
18			
19	Section 6: The board of education will enforce this bill.		

Chever with the second	Red   BG 19	
	Referred to Committee: House 4	
School: Crosby MS	House Senate	
City: Middletown	Passed  Passed  Passed  Defeated  Defeated	

1	An Act Relating To
2	
3	Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky
4	
5	Section 1: Under the currrent laws in Kentucky, it is illegal for a woman to get an abortion. If a woman were to get
6	raped, it would be illegal for her to have an abortion. That would mean she would be forced to have a child
7	unwillingly. The mother and child could possibly live in poor conditions, or not have enough money for the child. Not
8	only do babies add extra responsibilities, they also add extra expenses to a family. Due to these circumstances, the
9	baby would most likely not have a very good life because the circumstances of the mother would prohibit her from
10 11	being able to properly provide for the child.
12	Section 2: In 1997, 862,320 abortions were completed in the U.S. All of those abortions happened in very
13	few states, including Kentucky. The abortion procedure has a 93–96% success rate. Abortion is prohibited
14	in 43 states, except when necessary to protect the woman's life or health, after a specified point in
15	pregnancy.
16	F3
17	Section 3: A way to resolve the current conflict of whether abortion should or should not be legal, is to
18	create boundaries. Abortion should be legal to assist girls and women who are unable to care for a child in
19	their current living state. Women who want abortions due to reasons unrelated to health or rape will not be
20	allowed to have an abortion. Many laws in the state of Kentucky hinder a woman's ability to get an
21	abortion, which is a disservice to the women of the state.
22	
23	Section 4: To perform an abortion, it costs \$1,000 at most. That is only if you don't have insurance.
24	Usually, it will cost much less. There is currently a Women's Clinic in Louisville. This will remain open in

- Jefferson County and will then expand to other areas of the state.

Section 5: This bill is to be put in place as soon as possible.

	KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION	Blue   BG 20	
the	KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Bluegrass Bill		<b>Committee:</b> ate 4
Sponsors: Will Turr	ner, John Honaker, Piper Vowels, Mallory Littrel	Action o	n the Bill
School: David T. Wi	lson ES	House	Senate
City: Brandenburg			Passed Defeated

1 2	An Act Relating To Creating a Container Deposit in Kentucky
2 3 4	Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky
5 6 7 8 9 10	Section 1: In Kentucky, many residents drink beverages from recyclable cans yet do not recycle or dispose of them properly. We would like to start a system where residents pay a small deposit that is refunded to them upon return. If the cans are not returned the state and distributor would share the unclaimed deposit. The deposit would encourage residents to return the bottles thereby reducing the amount of litter and garbage in landfills, as well as provide a new source of revenue for the state of Kentucky.
11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	Section 2: Kentucky spends between four and five million dollars and 200,000 hours a year cleaning up roadside litter. This is all paid for by the Kentucky taxpayer. 75% of the garbage that Kentuckians throw away every day can be recycled, but instead is put into landfills. By charging a small deposit fee, Kentucky consumers will be encouraged to return their cans to a designated recycling facility instead of throwing them away or worse yet, contributing the Kentucky's litter problem. States such as Michigan and New York have proven that a can and bottle deposit system can provide millions in additional revenue each year for the state, making this idea self-sustaining and economically beneficial for Kentucky.
19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27	Section 3: The state of Kentucky could follow the profitable path already set out by many other states. The bottling company would charge a retailer a \$0.05 deposit on every can or bottle that they sell. The retailer would then pass this fee onto the consumer, who could return the container to the store for a full refund of the deposit. The retailer would return all recyclable bottles to the bottling company, and thereby receive their deposit back, as well as \$0.03 incentive per can for participating in this program. This incentive would pay the retailer for their help in the system. Private companies would be allowed to start up redemption centers funded entirely on the \$0.03 per can payment from the bottling company, thereby creating new jobs in the state of Kentucky. Unclaimed deposits would be split between the bottling company and the state, thereby earning both parties additional revenue.
28 29 30 31 32 33	Section 4: The state will allow a select number of private individuals to start privatized redemption centers. These will be locations where consumers can return their containers for a full refund of their deposit. These new companies will receive the additional \$0.03 per can as income, thereby creating new jobs in the Commonwealth. There will be no penalty for consumers who do not return their bottles, rather the state will take this additional revenue as an income source to combat the ever-increasing litter problem in Kentucky.

Section 5: This bill will not cost the state of Kentucky any money, but rather will provide a new source or revenue, additional jobs, and decreased greenhouse emissions in the Commonwealth. Studies have proven, as well as success in other states, that an incentivised recycling system is effective and lucrative for the state that is enforcing it.

- Section 6: This bill will go into effect in the Spring of 2020.

	Blue   BG 21	
the KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Bluegrass Bill	<b>Referred to (</b> Hous	
Sponsors: Ella Clanton, Mia Creech, Luke Miller, Aidan Ausbrooks	Action or	n the Bill
School: David T. Wilson ES	House	Senate
City: Brandenburg		Passed Defeated

1 2 3

4

An Act Relating To Teaching Personal Finance 101 to Students Before Graduating High School.

## Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

5 Section 1: Many students graduate high school and then college without the knowledge of how to pay bills, get car 6 loans, save money or keep a basic bank balance. We would like to propose a bill that states that all schools in 7 Kentucky should require a financial literacy course as part of their graduation requirements. Students need to learn 8 how to manage their money regardless of their future career path. Some students will go on to college and some 9 will enter the workforce right away. In either circumstance everyone needs to learn how to manage and control their 10 personal finance. Understanding finance is a critical skill needed as an adult, yet it is not a mandatory high school 11 course in most states, including Kentucky. We would like for the Education Department of Kentucky to require at 12 least one semester of a personal finance class for all high school students.

13

14 Section 2: Young adults graduating from school do not have any experience with paying bills, paying taxes, 15 getting loans, paying mortgages, or how to save for the future. If the state required all students to 16 complete a personal finance class they would learn the basics of money management: budgeting, saving, 17 debt, and investing in stocks. A lot of the money problems people face today could be avoided if personal 18 financial classes were taught before students graduate from high school. According to the Financial 19 Educators Council: when personal finance lessons are taught in high school classrooms, students build a 20 solid knowledge base about how money works, establish good financial habits early on, and enter 21 adulthood with confidence about how to manage their money.

22

Section 3: In order to graduate, high school students must earn credits just like they would for an English,
 Geometry, Algebra, or Government Civics class. Each high school will add a Personal Finance class to the
 curriculum and hire teachers that specialize in financial literacy. The Kentucky Department of Education will
 create the standards that would be implemented at all high schools in Kentucky.

27

Section 4: The Education Department of Kentucky will be responsible for requiring all high schools in Kentucky to add a certified Personal Finance 101 class to the curriculum and to the Kentucky State graduation requirements. There will not be a penalty because the class will be part of the graduation requirements.

- 32
- 33 Section 5: This bill will go into effect the following fiscal school year after passage.

	Blue   BG 22	
the KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Bluegrass Bill	<b>Referred to Committee:</b> House 1	
Sponsors: Annie Archibald, Aliza Melchor, Addy Brine, Leanne Pringle	Action on the Bill	
School: Flaherty ES	House Senate	
City: Ekron	Passed Passed Defeated Defeated	

1	An act to ban hydraulic fracturing in the production of oil and natural gas in Kentucky and replace it with the
2	use of nitrogen gas.
3	
4	Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky
5	
6	Section 1: Hydraulic fracturing, the use of water, is a technique that allows the production of natural gas and oil
7	from layers deep within the earth that were unable to be extracted by previous methods. In the process, dangerous
8	chemicals, used along with the water, are unable to be removed from the waste-water and therefore are a serious
9	health hazard.
10	
11	Section 2: The inability to successfully remove the chemicals from the waste water has created many health
12	and environmental concerns.
13	
14	Section 3: This method of fracking (hydraulic fracturing) will be replaced with the use of nitrogen gas
15	instead of large volumes of water.
16	
17	Section 4: Nitrogen gas is environmentally friendly and will greatly reduce the volumes of chemically
18	contaminated water that requires disposal.
19	
20	Section 5: This method change will cost nothing to the state. In accordance with the new law, oil and gas
21	companies will continue to pay the cost for the switch over if they desire to drill for oil.
22	
23	Section 6: This bill will go into effect on July 1, 2020, at the beginning of the fiscal year.

	Blue   BG 23	
the KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Bluegrass Bill	<b>Referred to Committee:</b> Senate 2	
Sponsors: Branson Sipes, Xzavier Santos, Ella Hopkins, Lilah Lopez	Action on the Bill	
School: Flaherty ES	House Senate	
City: Ekron	Passed  Passed  Passed  Defeated  Defeated	

1	An act to reduce food insecurity among the homeless in Kentucky by using food trucks to provide meals in
2	major cities throughout the Commonwealth.
3	
4	Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky
5	
6	Section 1: This bill will provide homeless individuals in Kentucky with weekly meals.
7	
8	Section 2: The Kentucky Cabinet for Health and Family Services will determine which locations receive
9	"Food Truck" services based on homeless population and needs.
10	
11	Section 3: The schedules for delivery will also be determined by the Kentucky Cabinet for Health and Family
12	Services.
13	
14	Section 4: The state will request bids from local food truck providers in order to determine which trucks
15	will be hired to carry out the mission.
16	
17	Section 5: Funding will be provided by the Kentucky State budget through the Kentucky Cabinet of Health
18	and Family Services. HUD may also help with funding.
19	
20	Section 6: This bill will go into effect on July 1, 2020, at the beginning of the fiscal year.

	Blue   BG 24	
the KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Bluegrass Bill	<b>Referred to Committee:</b> Senate 4	
Sponsors: Bella Robertson, Kacy Barnes, Jack Coker, Hazel Bilyeu	Action on the Bill	
School: Franklin-Simpson MS	House Senate	
City: Franklin	Defeated Defeated	

1	An Act Related To Ensuring At Least One Mental Health Lesson For Students Per Year.
2	
3	Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky
4	
5	Section 1: This bill is to ensure public schools have a class/lesson led by the guidance counselor at least once a
6	year about mental health. This bill will be included in KRS 158 relating to Schools.
7 8	Castian 2 Assauding to the Manufam Webster Distinguistic definition of montal health is "the sensual
° 9	Section 2: According to the Merriam - Webster Dictionary, the definition of mental health is "the general condition of one's mental and emotional state". The mental health lesson would include but is not limited to
10	Suicide prevention, depression, depression prevention, anxiety remedies, ADHD/ADD, mood disorders,
11	borderline personality disorder, how to detect those conditions, and facts about them.
12	
13	Section 3: Mental health disorders are the most common diseases of childhood. Of the 74.5 million children
14	in the United States, an estimated 17.1 million have or have had mental health issues - That is more than
15	the number of children with cancer, diabetes, and AIDS combined. 3.2% of children aged 3 - 17 years old
16	approximately 1.9 million kids have diagnosed depression. There have been more than 3 million US cases
17	per year of borderline personality disorder. A lot of people are uneducated about these problems and our
18	future starts with our schools. If we educate our young people, more people will know about mental health,
19	possibly letting kids get help earlier than they would otherwise.
20	
21	Section 4: This bill will not need any funding since the classes will be provided by guidance counselors in
22 23	the school.
24	Section 5: The Kentucky Department of Education will enforce this law.
25	Section 5. The Kentucky Department of Education will emore this law.
26	Section 6: All laws or parts of laws in conflict with this bill will be hereby repealed.
27	
28	Section 7: This bill will go into effect on January 1, 2020.

	Blue   BG 25
the KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Bluegrass Bill	<b>Referred to Committee:</b> Senate 3
Sponsors: Bekah Bowen, Kirstin Johnson, Payton Nelson	Action on the Bill
School: Franklin-Simpson MS	House Senate
City: Franklin	Passed     Passed       Defeated     Defeated

1	An Act Related To Raising The Funding For Gifted And Talented Education.
2	
3	Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky
4	
5	Section 1: This bill will raise gifted education funding from \$6.2 million to \$20 million in the state of Kentucky. This
6	money will be used to properly educate gifted students and ensure proper gifted teachers in each district. This bill
7	will be added to the state budget and will include a section in KRS 158 relating to Gifted and Talented Education.
8	
9	Section 2: This bill will provide proper opportunities, teachers, and classes for gifted education. Funding for
10	gifted and talented education has essentially not changed since 1990, nearly 30 years. Not many things
11	have stayed the same price over the past 30 years and teachers and students are having to do more and
12	more with the same budget.
13	
14	Section 3: The funding will be distributed among the school districts based on their populations and needs
15	of the school district.
16	
17	Section 4: This bill will be funded through the general fund of the Commonwealth of Kentucky.
18	
19	Section 5: This bill will be enforced by the Kentucky State Government.
20	
21	Section 6: All laws or parts of laws in conflict with this bill will be hereby repealed.
22	
23	Section 7: This law will go into effect on July 1, 2020.

Section 7: This law will go into effect on July 1, 2020.

	Blue   BG 26
the KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Bluegrass Bill	<b>Referred to Committee:</b> House 3
Sponsors: Maggie Schlosser, Aubrey Sams	Action on the Bill
School: Franklin-Simpson MS	House Senate
City: Franklin	Image: Passed     Image: Passed       Image: Passed     I

1	An Act Related To The Size of School Auditoriums In Kentucky.
2	
3	Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky
4	
5	Section 1: To provide the option for schools to have an auditorium that will seat their entire school population.
6 7	This bill will amend 702 KAR 4:170 which is set up by KRS 162.
8	Section 2: This bill will allow schools to build auditoriums that will have a capacity of 100 more than their
9	school population of students. The extra 100 seats are taking into account staff and the fact that the total
10	number of students fluctuates from year to year.
11	
12	Section 3: The formula for seating capacity as found in 702 KAR 4:170 is as follows: For 500 students
13	enrolled the auditorium could have a capacity of 300 seats. For 750 students enrolled the auditorium could
14	have a capacity of 350 seat. This formula continues at this rate with every additional 250 students being
15	enrolled an extra 50 seats could be added to the seating capacity.
16	
17	Section 4: Funding for school buildings will continue in the same way through a portion coming from the
18	state and the local communities.
19	
20	Section 5: This bill will be enforced by the Kentucky Department of Education's Division of Facilities
21	Management.
22	Section 6. All lows or parts of lows in conflict with this bill will be berefy repealed
23 24	Section 6: All laws or parts of laws in conflict with this bill will be hereby repealed.
24	Section 7. This law will go into offect on January 1, 2020
2 J	Section 7: This law will go into effect on January 1, 2020.

the sector with a sociation         KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION         KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY         Bluegrass Bill	Red   Referred to Sena	Committee:
Sponsors: Abby Luking, Molly Rupinen, Evelynn Gordley	Action o	n the Bill
School: Good Shepherd ES	House	Senate
City: Frankfort		Passed Defeated

1	An Act Relating To Educating Students in Kentucky About Bullying and Teen Suicide
2	
3	Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky
4	
5	Section 1: This act would require all students in the state of Kentucky to take part in Bullying seminars at the
6	Elementary, Middle School and High School level. The classes would focus on identifying bullying behavior,
7	recognizing where students can report and seek help and support students that have been victims of bullying.
8	
9	Section 2: Schools will offer bullying seminars as part of Health and Physical Education classes in grades 5,
10	8 and 10. Classes would address areas of recognition, prevention and support. Each school will have
11	trained personnel on site to deal with support and reporting of incidents as well as the teachers in the
12	classrooms. Training for the teachers and councilors will be part of their regular yearly professional
13	development (PD).
14	
15	Section 3: The Kentucky Department of Education (KDE) and Kentucky State Department of Behavioral
16	Health(KDBH) will be in charge of regulating and monitoring the program. Funding will come from existing
17	budgets of the KDE and KDBH and training will be part of teachers' required yearly PD.
18	

19 Section 4: This bill will go into effect on August 1, 2020.

	Blue   BG 28
the KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Bluegrass Bill	<b>Referred to Committee:</b> Senate 1
Sponsors: Alex Lancaster, Kate Langlinais, Marcella Simpson, Sophia Hamilton	Action on the Bill
School: Highlands MS	House Senate
City: Ft. Thomas	□ Passed □ Passed □ Defeated □ Defeated

1	An Act Relating To Animal Abuse and Cruelty Laws
2	
3	Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky
4	
5	Section 1: In Kentucky, a person convicted of cruelty or neglect of an animal, other than a horse, is not restricted
6	from owning an animal in the future. This is true, even if the cruelty or neglect results in the conviction as a felony
7	or a serious misdemeanor. Furthermore, anyone convicted of animal cruelty or neglect receives no instruction on
8	how to properly care for an animal in order to try and reduce the chances of repeating the offending conduct. Due
9	to this, and other reasons, Kentucky has been ranked by the Animal Legal Defense Fund, a nationally known legal
10	advocacy group, as having the worst state animal welfare laws in the United States.
11	
12	Section 2: Subject to section 3 below, any person convicted of animal cruelty or neglect shall be prevented
13	from owning an animal in the Commonwealth of Kentucky for three years after the date of conviction.
14	
15	Section 3: Within two years after the date of enactment of this bill, the Secretary of Agriculture shall, in
16	coordination with the Kentucky Veterinary Medical Association, develop an 8-hour online class that
17	instructs a student in the basic, proper care and treatment of commonly-owned household or farm animals.
18	The class shall include a final exam, and such quizzes as the Secretary deems appropriate, all of which must
19	be completed with an average passing grade of 75%. The Secretary will create a mechanism to collect a
20	100-dollar fee from any registrant to offset the cost of development of the class.
21	
22	Section 4: The costs of the development of the class established under Section 5 shall be paid for from the
23	annual funds appropriated to the Department of Agriculture.
24	
25	Section 5: This bill shall take effect 90 days after passage.

the KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Bluegrass Bill	Referred to	BG 39 Committee: ate 2
Sponsors: Jack Duthie, Vera Kelly, Vincent Rink	Action o	n the Bill
School: Holy Spirit ES	House	Senate
City: Louisville		🗆 Passed 🗆 Defeated

1	An Act Relating To the Legalization of Sports Betting in Kentucky
2	
3	Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky
4	
5	Section 1: With the legalization of gambling in Indiana, it has been seen that a lot of money produced by these
6	institutions is coming from Kentucky. By legalizing gambling in Kentucky, we would keep a lot more money that is
7	being spent in Indiana in Kentucky. That money could be used in Kentucky to fund teacher pensions in Kentucky
8	which are already the worst-funded in the nation. This bill would require no funds to put into action because it will
9	rely on existing gambling organizations expanding into Kentucky, as it will be a large business opportunity for them
10	to become one of the first gambling institutions in the Commonwealth.
11	
12	Section 2: This bill would help fund teachers pension system, and it would also bring in more tourists to
13	our state, bringing in even more money.
14	
15	Section 3: Each facility wishing to allow gambling must have a gambling licence and send employees to
16	proper training necessary to run the facility. Each license holder will be required to donate 5% of profits to
17	programs helping gambling addicts. There will be a no tolerance policy for anyone not obtaining a license.
18	Anyone that does not have a valid license found to be running gambling through their facility will be
19	imprisoned for a minimum of 6 months and a maximum \$10,000 fine. This will be determined by a judge or
20	other official.
21	

22 Section 4: This bill will go into effect on September 1, 2020.

	Red   BG 30	
the KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Bluegrass Bill	Referred to Committee House 1	3:
Sponsors: Ava Raye Arnett, Kadyn Bickett, Sydney Peak, Paige Steward	Action on the Bill	
School: John Paul II Catholic School	House Senate	
City: Morganfield	🗆 Passed 🗆 Passed Defeated Defeated	

1	An Act Relating To require all insurance companies to comply with KRS326.8 before insuring homeowners
2	with in-ground swimming pools.
3	
4	Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky
5	
6	Section 1: The purpose of this bill is to improve enforcement of an existing law KRS326.8.
7	
8	Section 2: KRS326.8 requires all residential outdoor in-ground swimming pools to be surrounded by a four
9	foot fence and a self-closing door with a self-latching device.
10	
11	Section 3: The current law can provide protection against potential drowning and near-drownings by
12	restricting access to swimming pools if the law is being enforced.
13	
14	Section 4: Unfortunately, there are approximately fifteen state building inspectors assigned to 120
15	counties to enforce the current law. The law is not being enforced in rural counties.
16	
17	Section 5: According to the U.S. Consumer Product Safety Commission, from 2015-2017, 74% of fatal pool
18	accidents occurred at residential locations.
19	
20	Section 6: Some insurers will not cover a homeowner with a pool unless a four foot fence has been
21	installed, but this bill will require all insurance companies to follow state requirements for pool safety
22	under KRS326.8.
23	
24	Section 7: Kentucky Department of Housing and Buildings and Construction will enforce this bill.
25	
26	Section 8: Homeowners will have 30 days to comply and show proof of insurance. After 30 days, insurance
27	coverage will be dropped.
28	
29	Section 9: This bill will go into effect June 1, 2020.

KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION	Blue   BG 31
the KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Bluegrass Bill	<b>Referred to Committee:</b> House 2
Sponsors: Madison Martin, Lily Dean, Brylee Truesdell	Action on the Bill
School: Mason Co. MS	House Senate
City: Maysville	Passed  Passed  Passed  Defeated  Defeated

1	An Act Relating To Mandating a Dead Wagon in All Kentucky Counties
2	
3	Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky
4	
5	Section 1: in order to decrease the amount of animal carcasses left in fields to decay and decompose, thereby
6	polluting the environment through the air, water, and soil.
7	
8	Section 2: This bill will provide for a dead wagon to be available in all KY Counties.
9	
10	Section 3: This bill will be funded by using funds from a current program which pays farmers to remove the
11	dead carcasses (using the honor system) and therefore would not cost anything to enforce.
12	
13	Section 4: Individuals who fail to report a dead animal will be fined \$100 for their first offense, second will
14	be \$150, and third offense will be \$200 plus 30 days community service, above third offense will be \$500
15	fine and 30 days jail time.
16	
17	Section 5: This will go into effect January 1, 2020, in order to allow all counties to hire personnel.

	Red   BG 32
the KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY	
Bluegrass Bill	<b>Referred to Committee:</b> Senate 3
Sponsors: Quintin Jordan, Addie Gee	Action on the Bill
School: Muhlenberg South MS	House Senate
City: Greenville	□ Passed □ Passed □ Passed □ Defeated □ Defeated

1	An Act Related to Increased Awareness of Communication Impediments to Aid Law Enforcement in Traffic
2	Stops.
3	
4	Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky
5	
6	Section 1: A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 186 IS CREATED TO READ AS FOLLOWS: Citizens who have been
7	medically diagnosed with a condition that may lead to miscommunication with law enforcement during traffic stops
8	shall obtain a color coded tag to place on their license plate. This tag would signify to officers that someone in the
9	vehicle may have a communication impediment.
10	
11	Section 2: There are a variety of medical challenges that could impede communication. Law Enforcement
12	Officers would benefit from knowing of these communication difficulties prior to interacting with a driver.
13	These conditions may include, but are not limited to: diabetes, autism spectrum disorders, epilepsy, hearing
14	loss, and neurological disorders.
15	
16	Section 3: Color-coded tags shall be made available at local County Clerk's offices as a service to those
17	who present medical documentation of a communication impediment. Tag usage is voluntary. A public
18	awareness campaign will be utilized by the Kentucky County Clerk's Association.
19	
20	Section 4: This law will be enforced by the Kentucky Department of Transportation to ensure funding for
21	public awareness.
22	

23 Section 5: This law shall go into effect on January 1, 2020.

	Blue   BG 33	
the KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY		
Bluegrass Bill	Referred to Sena	
Sponsors: Kaycee Pedigo	Action on the Bill	
School: Munfordville ES	House	Senate
City: Munfordville	Passed  Defeated	Defeated

1	An Act Relating To Allowing Veterinarians To Report Suspected Animal Abuse, Neglect, and Cruelty
2	
3	Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky
4	
5	Section 1: It is the purpose of this bill to allow veterinarians to report suspected animal abuse, neglect, and cruelty
6	to the proper authorities within their county. These authorities would include, but not be limited to, the local
7	sheriffs office, the local humane society, and the animal care and control unit.
8	
9	Section 2: In 2018, for the 11th year in a row, Kentucky was ranked as the worst of all 50 states for
10	animal protection laws. Kentucky is the only state that prohibits veterinarians from reporting any
11	suspected animal abuse to authorities. Veterinarians who encounter animal abuse should be able to report
12	concerns to local authorities. Animal abuse/cruelty is defined as the crime of inflicting physical pain,
13	suffering, or death on an animal beyond necessity for normal discipline. Animal neglect is defined as not
14	providing adequate care for an animal.
15	
16	Section 3: The following KRS sections are repealed: 321.185 (3) (a-e) - Veterinarian-client-patient
17	relationship. These sections prohibit veterinarians from violating the confidential relationship between the
18	veterinarian and the veterinarian's client and prohibit the release of information concerning the care of a
19	client's animal without the client's consent.
20	

21 Section 4: This bill will go into effect upon passage.

	Blue   BG 34	
the KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Bluegrass Bill	<b>Referred to</b> Hous	
Sponsors: Ava Claire Flota, Matthew Ashlock, Kobe Watson, Tatum Faulkner	Action or	n the Bill
School: Murray MS	House	Senate
City: Murray		Passed Defeated

1	An Act Relating To Funding Veterans Benefits
2	
3	Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky
4	
5	Section 1: A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 40 IS CREATED TO READ AS FOLLOWS: (1) An optional monetary
6	roundup system shall be initiated by licensed businesses in Kentucky to fund veteran affairs. (2) Consumers will
7	have the option to roundup to the nearest whole dollar when paying at licensed businesses. (3) Funds generated
8	through the roundup system shall be directed to the Kentucky Veterans Program Trust Fund. (4) The board of
9	directors of the Kentucky Veterans Program Trust Fund shall be responsible for the disbursement of funds.
10	
11	Section 2: Any statute contrary to this Act shall be amended or repealed.

	Blue   BG 35	
the KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Bluegrass Bill	<b>Referred to Committee:</b> House 5	
Sponsors: Colin Hamilton, Ezekiel Fain, Addy White, Brilie Bussell	Action on the Bill	
School: Rockcastle Co. MS	House Senate	
City: Mt. Vernon	Passed  Passed  Passed  Defeated  Defeated	

1	An Act Relating To placing metal detectors in all school buildings.
2	
3	Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky
4	
5	Section 1: This bill will require that all school buildings in the state of Kentucky have a metal detector on their main
6	entrance doors to ensure the safety for their students.
7	
8	Section 2: This bill will provide more precautions and safety for the students in the school buildings.
9	
10	Section 3: We would like to raise the tax on alcohol and tobacco by 6% to provide the funding for the metal
11	detectors.
12	
13	Section 4: The metal detectors recommended for schools range from \$4,000 to \$5,000.
14	
15	Section 5: The schools will have 5 years from the passing of this bill to install the metal detectors in their
16	buildings. By the start of the 6th year if the metal detector is not in place there will be fines applied to the
17	schools.
18 19	Southing E. At the start of the 5th year if the metal detector is not installed the school will be fixed $E 000$
20	Section 6: At the start of the 6th year if the metal detector is not installed the school will be fined \$5,000.
20	Each year after that they will be fined an additional \$5,000 with a max penalty of \$20,000.
22	Section 7: This bill will go into effect August 1, 2020.
~ ~	Section 7. This bin win go into effect August 1, 2020.

	KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION	Blue   BG 36	
I'MCd	Bluegrass Bill		<b>Committee:</b> ate 3
Sponsors: Kamryn Green, Leigha Caskey		Action on the Bill	
School: Rowan Co. MS		House	Senate
City: Morehead		Passed Defeated	Passed Defeated

1	A bill to allow educators in the Commonwealth of Kentucky to adopt children in the foster program for free.
2	
3	Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky
4	
5	Section 1: The purpose of this bill is to decrease the amount of children in permanent foster care as well as to
6	eliminate the fees associated for adopting children for teachers.
7	
8	Section 2: Currently there are over 10,000 children in permanent foster care. Most often individuals
9	express the inability to cover the expenses associated with adopting a child as a reason for not doing so.
10	This will open it up for more qualified individuals to adopt children needing permanent homes.

	Red   BG 37	
the KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Bluegrass Bill	<b>Referred to Committee:</b> Senate 4	
Sponsors: Marc Said, Reeves McCullough, Gracie Ogunbayo	Action on the Bill	
School: Seton Catholic School	House Senate	
City: Lexington	Passed  Passed  Passed  Defeated  Defeated	

1	An act to limit the alcohol served to DUI offenders to two drinks by accessing the DUI database through the
2	barcode on the reverse side of the license.
3	
4	Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky
5	
6	Section 1: The offenders DUI database will be linked to the barcode on the reverse side of the license.
7	
8	Section 2: Establishments who serve alcohol will be required to check each license at the point of sale and
9	limit the sale of alcoholic drinks to two to anyone who has been charged within the last ten years.
10	
11	Section 3: It will be up to each establishment to determine the procedure that best suits their model of
12	business to determine how they will regulate the sale of each drink.
13	
14	Section 4: The implementation of this bill will not need any additional funds than what are already allotted
15	for updating the police database and the DMV for registering licences.
16	
17	Section 5: Penalties for establishments if they knowingly serve an offender more than two drinks. a. 1st
18	offense-\$250 fine b. 2nd offense-\$500 fine c. 3rd offense-\$1,000 fine d. 4th offense-suspension of
19	alcohol sales
20	
21	Section 6: This bill will be enforced by the Alcoholic Beverage Control
22	
23	Section 7: This bill will be implemented July 1, 2020 to allow for public DUI records to be connected to the
24	barcode.

	Red   BG 38	
the KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Bluegrass Bill	Referred to Hou	
Sponsors: James Barnett, Sam Grimm, Claire Poole, Hannah Razor	Action o	n the Bill
School: Seton Catholic School	House	Senate
City: Lexington	Passed Defeated	Passed Defeated

1	An act to require all Kentucky animal shelters to donate, free of charge, animals eligible for euthenazia to
2	certified dog training companies.
3	
4	Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky
5 6	Castion 1. Des training companies aligible for denotion free of fees include sertified companies training for bealth
0 7	Section 1: Dog training companies eligible for donation free of fees include certified companies training for health purposes and law enforcement.
8	
9	Section 2: Animals should be offered for adoption, free of charge, to all training companies in their county
10	and surrounding counties.
11	5
12	Section 3: The companies have the option to turn down the donation for any reason.
13	
14	Section 4: The animal shelters will notify each company and allow a ten day period for response before the
15	animal will be euthanized.
16	Continue C. If the entire Line dented before the community of the shellow measure the sight to eller for
17 18	Section 5: If the animal is adopted before the company responds, the shelter reserves the right to allow for the adoption to proceed.
19	
20	Section 6: Each shelter will need to keep a record of all written correspondences between the companies
21	for all euthanized animals.
22	
23	Section 7: There is no additional cost associated with this bill.
24	
25	Section 8: Penalties for animal shelters who do not follow the guidelines of this bill: a. 1st Offense-\$250
26	fine b. 2nd Offense-\$500 fine c. 3rd Offense-\$750 fine d. 4th and every other offense-\$1,000 fine
27	
28	Section 9: This bill will be implemented January 1, 2020.

	Blue   BG 39	
the KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Bluegrass Bill	Referred to Hou	
Sponsors: Natalie Preston, Maria Abordo, Roman Cheney	Action o	n the Bill
School: St. Agatha Academy	House	Senate
City: Winchester		Passed Defeated

1	An Act Relating to choosing a custodial guardian, by children 12 (twelve) an older, in the event of a divorce.
2 3	Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky
4	
5	Section 1: Currently, the Commonwealth of Kentucky does not have a law stating at which age a child can choose a
6	guardian in the case of a divorce. The child's choice is not to be the final decision, although it is considered. Children
7	twelve years of age and older will be given the opportunity to choose their custodial guardian in the event of
8	divorce. Children ages eight to eleven will be given at least a 50% probability of attaining their choice.
9	
10	Section 2: Children twelve to eighteen are usually mature enough to choose their guardian in the event of
11	divorce and know more of the circumstances of the divorce than the judge. If children are given the
12	opportunity to choose their guardian, it could possibly prevent mental trauma such as depression or
13	suicidal thoughts in children, as well as prevent possible child abuse. Children should also have a say in
14	visitation scheduling.
15	
16	Section 3: If neither parent is fit to care for the child, he/she will be placed with another trusted relative or
17	in foster care.
18	
19	Section 4: This bill does not require any additional cost.
20	
21	Section 5: Judges presiding over child custody will monitor this bill.
22	
23	Section 6: This bill will go into effect two months after being passed.

	Red   BG 40	
the KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Bluegrass Bill	<b>Referred to Committee:</b> House 3	
Sponsors: Agnes Boyer, Anthony Passafiume, Maggie Young, Will Jeziorski	Action on the Bill	
School: St. Agnes School	House Senate	
City: Louisville	□         Passed          □         Passed            □         Defeated          □         Defeated	

1	An Act Relating To Idling of a Vehicle in Pickup Zones
2	
3	Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky
4	
5	Section 1: A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 189 IS CREATED TO READ AS FOLLOWS: Idling will not be permitted
6	in pickup zones except when the temperature is lower than 33°F or when the heat index is higher than 90°F.
7	
8	Section 2: Currently, Kentucky allows cars to idle while someone is present in the car. This statute shall be
9	amended or repealed.
10	
11	Section 3: A pickup zone is a place where someone or something is being loaded or unloaded. All pickup
12	zones are required to have at least one no idling sign.
13	
14	Section 4: This bill will be enforced by the Department of Transportation.
15	
16	Section 5: This bill will come into effect on January 1, 2020.

°	KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION	Red   BG	BG 41
the	KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Bluegrass Bill	Referred to Sena	<b>Committee:</b> ate 1
Sponsors: Klaire W	/arrell, A.J. Garris, Chayse Thompson	Action o	n the Bill
School: St. James Catholic Regional School		House	Senate
City: Elizabethtown			Passed Defeated

1	An Act that all schools have a child psychologist on staff
2	
3	Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky
4	
5	Section 1: Each year, students struggle with stress and mental health issues. Having a child psychologist on staff
6	would benefit their mental state. Additionally, each child would have to see them at least once a year, but could see
7	them regularly if needed. A parent would sign a consent form at the beginning of the school year.
8	
9	Section 2: The school would employ and pay for the child psychologist.
10	
11	Section 3: This would be enforced by the Department of Education.
12	
13	Section 4: If a school does not hire a child psychologist, they will be fined \$2000 each month until they are
14	hired.
15	
16	Section 5: This bill will go into effect next school year, 2020-2021.

	Red   I	BG 42
the KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Bluegrass Bill	Referred to Sena	
Sponsors: Kyleigh Elmore, Ian Hoppenrath, Abby Moore	Action or	n the Bill
School: St. James Catholic Regional School	House	Senate
City: Elizabethtown	🗆 Passed 🗆 Defeated	Passed Defeated

1	An Act to implement a 311 system
2	
3	Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky
4	
5	Section 1: A 311 system is a secondary call system for non-life threatening emergencies. This includes: down
6	power lines, smells of gasoline, locked keys in cars, trapped pets, broken stop lights, etc.
7	
8	Section 2: If someone calls 911 with these emergencies, they will be forwarded to the 311 system.
9	
10	Section 3: This will be enforced by the Federal Communications Commission (FCC)
11	
12	Section 4: This bill will go into effect January 1, 2020.

	Red	BG 43
the KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Bluegrass Bill	<b>Referred to</b> Hous	
Sponsors: Paul Thomas Minor, Julia Hobbs, Gabi Murga	Action o	n the Bill
School: St. James Catholic Regional School	House	Senate
City: Elizabethtown	Passed Defeated	Passed Defeated

1	An Act to put a step-stool in all public restrooms
2	
3	Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky
4	
5	Section 1: This bill would ensure that all public restrooms in the state of Kentucky have a step-stool. Step-stools
6	will be purchased by the business or restaurant. Each stool would cost between \$20-\$50. The business or
7	restaurant would decide which to purchase.
8	
9	Section 2: This bill will be enforced by the Kentucky Public health Inspector. In their normal assessment,
10	they would add the stool as one of the categories to check and make sure it is there. They would be docked
11	points if this was missing on their overall inspection score.
12	
13	Section 3: This bill will go into effect on January 1, 2020.

	KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION	Red	BG 44
the	KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY		<b>.</b>
MIC	Bluegrass Bill	Referred to Sena	
Sponsors: Abby Lo	gsdon, Bailey Roby, Lily Jackson	Action o	n the Bill
School: St. Joseph l	ES	House	Senate
City: Shepherdsville		□ Passed □ Defeated	

1	An Act Relating To the Proper Vaccination of Children Who Attend School
2	
3	Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky
4	
5	Section 1: To require all students to have updated vaccinations before attending school. Kentucky needs this law
6 7	to ensure the proper health needs for their students.
7 8	Section 2: A vaccine is a substance to provide immunity against one or several diseases. According to
8 9	https://www.cdc.gov, or (Centers for Disease Control) getting vaccinated is an important step in staying
10	healthy. Vaccines can be given at a local doctor's office. They are usually in the form of a shot. According
11	to the Cabinet for Health and Family Services, vaccines begin when you are born and can be given
12	throughout childhood and through adulthood. According to https://vaccines.procon.org state laws in North
13	Carolina, Ohio, and New York allow the public school system to suspend children who are not vaccinated.
14	Approximately 2,000 seventh- to twelfth-grade children not vaccinated against pertussis were banned
15	from attending classes in San Francisco in 2011. Some legal experts believe that parents who do not
16	vaccinate their children should be subject to criminal prosecution.
17	
18 19	Section 3: Vaccines are added to well visit exams and vary in cost. Many times the cost will be covered by
20	insurance. Without insurance coverage, the average cost of a vaccine is about one hundred thirty six- dollars (\$136) according to, https://www.nytimes.com.
20	
22	Section 4: The schools, Kentucky Department of Education, or (KDE) and the doctor's office will enforce this
23	law.
24	
25	Section 5: Children will not be allowed to attend public schools until their vaccinations are updated. The
26	school will receive vaccination forms to prove the child has been given the proper vaccinations. If you fail
27	to get your child their proper vaccinations and they do not attend school, then the parent or guardian will
28	receive a Class B misdemeanor.
29	
30	Section 6: This bill will go into effect next school year.

	KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION	Red	BG 45
	KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY		<b>C</b>
Lines.	Bluegrass Bill	Referred to Hou	
Sponsors: Finn O'Dar	niel, Eli Stein, Garrett Lanham	Action o	n the Bill
School: St. Joseph ES		House	Senate
City: Shepherdsville		Passed Defeated	

1	An Act Relating To the Safety of Pets in Motorized Vehicles
2	
3	Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky
4	
5	Section 1: An act to require all pets to ride in the back seat of a motorized vehicle and be safely harnessed and
6	secured. Kentucky needs this law because according to Orvis News distractions behind the wheel contribute to
7	thousands of accidents per year. Including texting, adjusting radio dials, and eating, a loose pet in a vehicle can be a
8	dangerous distraction. Additionally, an unsecured dog can become a projectile in the event of an accident or sudden
9	stop, which can cause serious injury or death to the pet and passengers in the car, not including the distraction to
10 11	fellow drivers.
12	Section 2: This bill will apply to all pets riding in a motorized vehicle. The pet will be required to ride in the
13	back seat and be securely harnessed, in the event, there is no back seat the pet will still be required to be
14	harnessed or ride in a carrier. Different types of harnesses include: training harnesses, step-in harnesses,
15	and no pull pet harnesses. Different types of crates include: plastic portable carriers, folding wire crates,
16	soft-sided crates, heavy-duty crates, and furniture crates. According to Pet Life Today, there are
17	harnesses that secures around your pet's chest and sternum, much like a regular walking harness, but
18	specially designed to withstand the force of a collision and help prevent injury to your pet.
19	
20	Section 3: The harness for your pet will cost between ten (10) to twenty (20) dollars depending on the size
21	of your safety harness and a pet carrier will cost you about twenty (20) to one-hundred (100) dollars.
22	
23	Section 4: The police department will enforce this law.
24	
25	Section 5: The consequences for this bill will be: First Offense: A fifty (50) dollar fine and a warning will be
26	given to the driver by the police. Second Offense: A two-hundred (200) dollar fine will be given to the drive
27	by the police. Third Offense: A three-hundred dollar fine will be iven to the driver by the police and this will
28 29	continue until they obey the law.
30	Section 6: This bill will go into effect ninety (90) days after passage.
50	section of this bill will go into creet innery (50) days after passage.

	Blue   BG 46
the KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Bluegrass Bill	<b>Referred to Committee:</b> Senate 5
Sponsors: Ravi Gaba, Sammy Cowan, Wade Clark	Action on the Bill
School: St. Joseph Interparochial School	House Senate
City: Bowling Green	Passed  Passed  Passed  Defeated  Defeated

1	An Act Relating To reducing greenhouse gas emissions by building electric charging stations
2	
3	Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky
4	
5	Section 1: SECTION 1. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 174 IS CREATED TO READ AS FOLLOWS: (1) Electric
6	charging stations will be built, distributed, and implemented in Kentucky counties that do not have them. (2)
7	\$50,000 should be allocated to the necessary counties by the Congestion Mitigation and Air Quality Improvement
8	Program (CMAQ). (3) Completion dates for the charging stations will follow an ordered schedule. (4) Stations will be
9	put by the interstate. (5) Contractors who do not meet the agreed upon timetable, will earn a fine.
10	
11	Section 2: Section 2. Any statute contrary to this Act shall be amended or repealed.
12	
13	Section 3: Section 3. This Act takes effect March 1, 2020.

	Blue   BG 47
the KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Bluegrass Bill	<b>Referred to Committee:</b> House 4
Sponsors: Luke Palmer, Reece Short, Alexa Reyes-Baez, Nathan Coen	Action on the Bill
School: Sts. Peter and Paul School – Lexington	House Senate
City: Lexington	□ Passed □ Passed □ Passed □ Defeated □ Defeated

1	An Act Relating To Establish a Mental Health Class in Elementary Schools.
2	
3	Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky
4	
5	Section 1: A new section of KRS Chapter 158 is created to read as follows: All elementary schools in Kentucky shall
6	provide mental health education relating to Bullying in schools.
7	
8	Section 2: Funds are appropriated to the Department of Education and to public schools in the state
9	budget that include professional development for faculty.
10	
11	Section 3: Penalties for non-compliance are as follows: One year without complying: Warning, and a 1 star
12	deduction Two years without complying: another 1 star deduction Three Years Without complying: another
13	1 star deduction
14	
15	Section 4: This bill will go into effect at the beginning of the 2021-2022 school year.

	Blue	BG 48
the KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Bluegrass Bill	Referred to Sena	
Sponsors: Conner Lineberry, Dax Noe, Aven Blair, Wilson Rice	Action o	n the Bill
School: Sts. Peter and Paul School – Lexington	House	Senate
City: Lexington	Passed Defeated	Passed Defeated

1	An Act Relating To Physical Fitness time in schools
2	
3	Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky
4	
5	Section 1: A new section of KRS Chapter 158 is created to read as follows: All public schools in Kentucky shall
6	provide 15 minutes of physical activity for all grades, K-12, every school day.
7	
8	Section 2: Funds are appropriated through the Kentucky State budget and public school budgets.
9	
10	Section 3: Failure to implement this law will result in the following: 1st time offense- written warning to
11	school 2nd time offense- mandatory professional development on the benefits of physical activity for
12	students for all faculty 3rd time offense- the school ranking will drop by 1 star on the 5 stary system.
13	
14	Section 4: This law shall go into effect January 1, 2021.

KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION	Red   BG 49
the KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Bluegrass Bill	<b>Referred to Committee:</b> Senate 5
Sponsors: Ksenia Miller	Action on the Bill
School: Villa Madonna Academy ES	House Senate
City: Villa Hills	Passed Passed Passed  Defeated Defeated

1	An Act Relating To Prohibit Smoking In All Public Places
2	
3	Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky
4	
5	Section 1: No form of smoking will be allowed in a public space indoors or outdoors.
6	
7	Section 2: Smoking is allowed in private residences, on private property, and in privately owned vehicles.
8	
9	Section 3: Law enforcement will enforce the law.
10	
11	Section 4: A first offense will be a fine of \$100. A second offense will be \$250. For three or more offenses
12	the fine will be \$500.
13	
14	Section 5: This bill will go into effect upon passing.

the KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY	Blue   B	
Bluegrass Bill	<b>Referred to C</b> House	
Sponsors: Blythe Bowlin, Kate Huneycutt, Ella Shearer, Olivia Sams	Action on	the Bill
School: Walton-Verona MS	House	Senate
City: Walton	Passed Defeated	Passed Defeated

1	An Act Relating To ensuring school stability for children in the foster care system
2	
3	Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky
4	
5	Section 1: Students in the foster care system need more support in our public schools in order to succeed.
6	
7	Section 2: Students enrolled in the foster care system would benefit by having an educational advocate in
8	order to provide extra support and/or a better relationship between child welfare and educational staff.
9	
10	Section 3: Students enrolled in public schools who are in the foster care system would benefit by
11	experiencing fewer school changes, reducing delays in school enrollment, and more consistency in the
12	sharing of personal and educational information between schools.
13	
14	Section 4: Our bill would take effect during the 2021-2022 school year.

	Red   CW 1
the KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Commonwealth Bill	<b>Referred to Committee:</b> Senate 3
Sponsors: Hannah Hallman, Ann Elyse Boortz, Caroline Timmons, Lilly Robey	Action on the Bill
School: Adairville ES	House Senate
City: Adairville	Passed Passed Passed Defeated Defeated

1	An Act Relating To Middle School students getting KEES money for taking High School Classes.
2	
3	Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky
4	
5	Section 1: This bill proposes that if you are a 7th or 8th grader you should get KEES money for taking high school
6	classes.
7	
8	Section 2: This funding is going to come from students who go out of state for degrees that are offered in
9	Kentucky. The money also comes from students who do not go to college. We're only allowed to use their
10	money after their four years have passedfour years after high school graduation.
11	
12	Section 3: If you GPA is over a 3.5 then you get \$50 for every advance class (high school class) you take
13	each semester.
14	
15	Section 4: If the school (Kentucky schools) refuses to give you your KEES money they will be fined \$500,
16	first offense; \$1000, second offense; \$1500 third offense. Any following offenses will be increased by
17	\$500. If the school refuses to pay the fine, the police will get involved.
18	

19 Section 5: This bill will go into effect the school year of 2020-21.

	Red	CW 2
the KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Commonwealth Bill	Referred to Hou	
Sponsors: Elizabeth Goodman, Jada Reynolds, Abby Bell, Brayleigh Darnell	Action o	n the Bill
School: Allen ES	House	Senate
City: Allen	Passed Defeated	Passed Defeated

1	An Act Relating To require that all schools have a series of mandatory lock down codes.
2	
3	Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky
4	
5	Section 1: Mandatory lock down codes shall be in every school in Kentucky. Children and teachers, alike, have
6	additional stress to them once the terrifying words, "Lock down!" are declared. The code system shall be used to
7	reduce stress and inform the teachers and students of the situation.
8	
9	Section 2: Every teacher and administrator will be required to have the codes published in their rooms. The
10	school will also be required to have a code that only teachers and administrators know to be able to lift the
11	lock down. This code (to lift the lock down) shall be changed every month or whenever a lock down code
12	was last declared.
13	
14	Section 3: It will be the responsibility of the superintendent of the school district to ensure that every
15	school has a series of codes. If they object, the superintendent's certificate shall be suspended until found
16	to be in compliance.
17	

18 Section 4: This bill shall go into effect at the beginning of the 2020-2021 school year.

the <b>KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION</b>	Red	CW 3
Commonwealth Bill	Referred to Sena	
Sponsors: Isabella Short, Mandeep Kaur, Milei Baker, Miriam Howard	Action o	n the Bill
School: Ashland MS	House	Senate
City: Ashland	Passed Defeated	

1	An Act Relating To Mental Health of Children in Foster Care
2	
3	Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky
4	
5	Section 1: A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 210 IS CREATED TO READ AS FOLLOWS: Children in foster care must
6	have a mandatory mental health assessment once every six months completed by a state employee.
7	
8	Section 2: The mental health evaluation will consist of an assessment designed by state employed mental
9	health professionals. This assessment will include but is not limited to the following: emotional well-being,
10	relationships, and stability. A state employee will evaluate the results and determine whether or not the
11	child will need further care by a mental health professional.
12	
13	Section 3: If treatment is deemed necessary, then a state employee will create a treatment plan for that
14	child following guidelines created by a mental health professional.
15	
16	Section 4: Whereas the State already employs social workers and mental health professionals, and children
17	in foster care already get free medical care through K-CHIP, this bill will require no funding.
18	
10	

19 Section 5: This bill will go into effect for the 2020-2021 school year.

	Red	CW 4
the KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Commonwealth Bill	<b>Referred to</b> Sena	
Sponsors: Dylan Todd, Sam Hicks, Nick Parker, Walker Conley	Action o	n the Bill
School: Ashland MS	House	Senate
City: Ashland		Passed Defeated

1	An Act Relating To Removing the Religious Exemption from Vaccination Requirements
2	
3	Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky
4	
5	Section 1: KRS 214.036 is amended to read as follows: all children will be required to have medical immunization
6	against disease, except in cases where the health of the child is at risk.
7	
8	Section 2: This bill will remove the provision that allows religious exemption in requiring that a child is
9	vaccinated before attending public school.
10	
11	Section 3: The bill will be enacted in the 2020-2021 school year.
12	
13	Section 4: Parents who choose not to get their child vaccinated will be eligible to enroll their child in free
14	public online education, private education, or homeschool them.
15	
16	Section 5: Online public schooling in Kentucky is free, so the bill will not cost any money for the State or
17	for individual families

for individual families.

<b>KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION</b>	Blue   CW 5	
the KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Commonwealth Bill	<b>Referred to Committee:</b> House 3	
Sponsors: Jimmy Anderson, Holden Stratton, Kayley Hurt, Braden Rogers	Action on the Bill	
School: Auburn ES	House Senate	
City: Auburn	□ Passed □ Passed □ Defeated □ Defeated	

1	An Act Relating to Allow Veterinarians to Report Animal Abuse.
2	
3	Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky
4	
5	Section 1: Add an amendment to KRS Senate Bill Chapter 258 to allow Veterinarians to report animal abuse.
6	
7	Section 2. This hill will go into offect lung 1, 2020

Section 2: This bill will go into effect June 1, 2020. /

	Red   CW 6
the KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Commonwealth Bill	<b>Referred to Committee:</b> House 5
Sponsors: Trinity Hoover, K Jones, Drew Jordan, Gillian Krejsa	Action on the Bill
School: B. Michael Caudill MS	House Senate
City: Richmond	Passed  Passed  Passed  Defeated  Defeated

1	An Act to Levy a Tax on Electronic Cigarettes
2	
3	Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky
4	
5	Section 1: Cigarettes are a concerning dilemma in the United States, but so are electronic cigarette (e-cigarette)
6	products and now they are affecting our youth. Research shows about 26 percent of high schoolers said they were
7	regular e-cigarette users. An alarming 7 in 10 in high schoolers and 20.3 percent of middle schoolers have reported
8	sampling e-cigarette products. Among middle school students, current e-cigarette use increased from 0.6% in 2011
9	to 4.9% in 2018. During 2017–2018 alone, e-cigarette use currently reported by middle schoolers increased from
10	3.3% to 4.9% a 48% increase. Research suggests that e-cigarettes are not taxed the same way cigarettes are;
11	only thirteen states in the United States have any kind of tax on e-cigarette products. Kentucky is not one of them.
12	
13	Section 2: This bill is to enact an excise tax on e-cigarette products because there are too many young
14	users. This bill aims to enact a tax of 45% of the wholesale price on any e-cigarette products. This bill
15 16	should deter young consumers from using e-cigarette products.
17	Section 3: This bill will be enacted by the Kentucky Department of Revenue.
18	Section 5: This bill will be enacted by the Kentucky Department of Revenue.
19	Section 4: The government will incur a minimal administrative cost due to this bill. All taxes collected from
20	this bill will go to anti-drug programs.
21	
22	Section 5: This bill will be effective as of January 1, 2020the start of the new tax year.
23	
24	Section 6: All issues of non-compliance with this tax will be subject to the regulations of the Kentucky
25	Department of Revenue.

	Blue   CW 7
the KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Commonwealth Bill	<b>Referred to Committee:</b> Senate 4
Sponsors: Kena Justice, CJ Hackney, Dakota Chapman, Lara Tackett	Action on the Bill
School: Belfry MS	House Senate
City: Belfry	□ Passed □ Passed □ Defeated □ Defeated □ Defeated

1	An Act Relating To Driving Under Intoxication
2	
3	Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky
4	
5	Section 1: A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 189A.1 IS CREATED TO READ AS FOLLOWS: This bill will add that an
6	offender of the DUI laws has multiple DUI's he/she is required to carry a breathalyzer in his/her motor vehicle for a
7	minimum of 6 months.
8	
9	Section 2: This bill will be enforced by the local and state police departments. If caught without the
10	breathalyzer the defendant will have 3 offenses: • 1st offense: \$450 fine • 2nd offense: \$600 fine • 3rd
11	offense: 9 or more days in jail depending on how bad of the felony they commit.
12	
13	Section 3: We will pay for this bill by cooperating with MADD, Mothers Against Drunk Driving, to pay for
14	the breathalyzers.
15	
16	Section 4: This bill will go into effect 90 days after the close of the section and everyone 19 with two or

17 more DUIs will have 30 days to get a breathalyzer in his/her motor vehicle.

	Red   CW 8
the KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Commonwealth Bill	<b>Referred to Committee:</b> Senate 1
Sponsors: Ellen Crumbaugh, Kate Rush, Lilly Harville, Presley Fell	Action on the Bill
School: Bondurant MS	House Senate
City: Frankfort	□ Passed □ Passed □ Defeated □ Defeated □ Defeated

1	An Act Relating To Legalizing Sports Betting In Kentucky
2	
3	Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky
4	
5	Section 1: In Kentucky today, gambling on sporting events is illegal. There are eleven states in the United States
6	that have passed similar legislation to this proposal, legalizing sports betting in states like New York, Arkansas,
7	Nevada, Pennsylvania, and Oregon. Studies show that states with legalized sports gambling have less state debt
8	and a more stable economy than those where sports betting is illegal.
9	
10	Section 2: When this proposal is enacted, Kentuckians will have the right to bet on a sports game and cash
11	their earnings which will be taxed before the individual can receive them. All earnings will be taxed at a
12	standard rate of six percent for in-person wagering, and ten percent for mobile wagering.
13	
14	Section 3: The benefits of this bill include many positive things for the state of Kentucky and its citizens.
15	For the state this includes revenue which in turn reduces the state debt from the taxation placed on
16	betting. Increased tax revenue leads to more investment by the state of Kentucky on things like education,
17 18	the environment, and other public services. For the citizens of Kentucky this includes added entertainment and enjoyment from betting on sporting events, as well as the benefits that come with the state having
19	more tax revenue to invest.
20	more tax revenue to mvest.
20	Section 4: Due to the nature of this bill, all taxation occurs before an individual receives their earnings
22	from betting, therefore there can be no penalty on the better as they are only able to receive their earnings
23	by following the taxation policy.
24	
25	Section 5: Section 5: This bill will be enacted on January 1, 2021.

	Red   CW 9	
the KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Commonwealth Bill	Referred to ( Hous	
Sponsors: Jake Dicken, Gracie Chappell, Mahmood Ateyeh, Will Boswell	Action on	the Bill
School: Bondurant MS	House	Senate
City: Frankfort		

1	An Act Relating to require all public high school students to learn CPR during school to earn their high school
2	diploma.
3	
4	Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky
5	
6	Section 1: Kentucky students are currently required to obtain physical education and health credits to graduate.
7	Cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR) certification is a fast and effective practice. Enacting a requirement for all high
8	school students to obtain their CPR certification while enrolled in their health class will provide them with a useful
9	skill that could one day save a life.
10	
11	Section 2: The CPR certification unit in health classes will be instructed by their existing health teacher
12	over the course of 6 days. This certification will be free for all students. Health teachers are currently
13	required to be CPR certified and thus permitted to grant this certification to their students.
14	
15	Section 3: Research indicates that 90 percent of individuals who experience cardiac arrest outside of a
16	hospital die. According to recent data, nearly 45 percent of out-of-hospital cardiac arrest victims survived
17	only when CPR was administered by a bystander. In 2018, Kentucky ranked 6th in the nation for the
18	highest amount of cardiovascular deaths. It is vital for Kentucky citizens to be able to respond in life-
19	threatening situations that affect Kentucky citizens every day.
20	
21	Section 4: Students will be prohibited from graduating high school without being CPR certified.
22	
בר	Soction E. This hill will be exacted on August 1st 2021

Section 5: This bill will be enacted on August 1st, 2021. 23

	Blue   CW 10
the KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Commonwealth Bill	<b>Referred to Committee:</b> Senate 3
Sponsors: Mackenzie McCarty, Ellie Boshears, Sydney Shaffer	Action on the Bill
School: Bourbon Co. MS	House Senate
City: Paris	Passed  Passed  Passed  Defeated  Defeated

1	An Act Requiring All Public Schools to Provide Student IDs.
2	
3	Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky
4	
5	Section 1: This bill will require all public schools in KY to provide and enforce that teachers, administrators, and
6	students wear photo I.D's during school hours with the current school year listed on it
7	
8	Section 2: Student IDs will provide identification of a student, optional important medical information in
9	case of an emergency
0	
1	Section 3: Teacher ID's will indicate which medical issues they are trained/certified in to assist students
2	with in case of an emergency
3	
4	Section 4: If a school fails to provide and/or enforce that students wear identification tags during
5	operating school hours then the following will occur: First offense, a warning to the school Second offense,
6	a fee equaling double the amount of students in attendance
17	
8	Section 5: This bill will go into effect in the 2020-2021 school year.

the KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY	Blue   (	
Commonwealth Bill	Sena	
Sponsors: Kathryn Harris, Rachel Johnson, Olivia Jackson	Action or	n the Bill
School: Bowling Green Jr. HS	House	Senate
City: Bowling Green	Passed  Defeated	

1	An Act Relating To Requiring Coal Mining Companies To Set Aside 0.5 Percent Of Their Profit For Their Coal
2	Miner's Health
3	
4	Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky
5	
6 7	Section 1: This bill will take 0.5 percent of coal companies' profits and set it aside for all of their miners' health.
8	Section 2: Coal mining can cause many health issues for the miners. Some of these include:
9	Pneumoconiosis, Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease (COPD), and Black Lung.
10	
11	Section 3: Kentucky is the fifth largest coal-producing state in the United States, and there are about
12	600,000 coal miners in Kentucky. This bill would affect a large amount of coal miners.
13	
14	Section 4: After a miner has confirmed a health problem related to coal mining with his doctor, the doctor
15	will sign a document stating the miner does have a health issue. The miner will then take the document to
16	the person in charge of paying the miners, and money will be added to the miner's paycheck to help pay for
17	health expenses.
18	
19	Section 5: This bill will go into effect one year after it is passed.

	Red   CW 12	
the KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Commonwealth Bill	<b>Referred to Committee:</b> House 2	
Sponsors: Bri Barger, Olivia Dennis, Skylar Drane, Jakob Norsworthy	Action on the Bill	
School: Breckinridge Co. MS	House Senate	
City: Harned	Passed Passed Passed Defeated Defeated	

1	An Act Relating To maintain the safety of all citizens through 911 text.
2	
3	Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky
4	
5	Section 1: In dangerous situations, this bill will improve the safety of all citizens by establishing a 911 text in
6	addition to the 911 emergency calls.
7	
8	Section 2: Currently, the only way to contact 911 in Kentucky, except for Fayette, Jessamine, Garrard, and
9	Lincoln counties, is by making an emergency call. There are over 700,000 deaf or hard of hearing people
10	living in Kentucky currently that this bill would greatly affect in an emergency situation. In addition, if
11	dealing with an incident making speech nearly impossible, such as a stroke, simply texting 911 would be
12	ideal.
13	
14	Section 3: There will be no additional fees for texting 911. The ability to contact emergency services this
15	way will be included in your phone bill already, according to the National Emergency Number Association.
16	
17	Section 4: This bill will be enforced by the Federal Communications Commission.
18	
19	Section 5: First Offense - A \$250 fine per prank phone call or abuse of privilege. Second Offense - A
20	\$1000 fine for a second offense. Third Offense - Three (3) months of jail time will be required for a third
21	time of abusing 911 text privileges.
22	
23	Section 6: This bill will go into effect January 1, 2021.

	Red   CW 13	
the KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Commonwealth Bill	Referred to Hous	
Sponsors: Carson Lipe, Treyton Stucker, Kelby Maiden, Kylee Kinman	Action or	n the Bill
School: Carroll Co. MS	House	Senate
City: Carrollton		Passed Defeated

1	An Act to Make Mandatory that All Operators and Passengers are Required to Wear Protective Helmets
2	
3	Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky
4	
5	Section 1: This bill will require that all licensed street-legal motorcycle operators and passengers must wear a full-
6	face helmet while riding. Enacting this bill will help to prevent brain injuries in motorcycle wrecks, It is proven that
7	helmets are 67% effective in preventing brain injuries.
8	
9	Section 2: Current in the state of KY only bikers under 21 years of age, whether they are operators or
10	passengers on a motorcycle, are required to wear helmets. Under the current law, registered motorcycle
11	owners over 21 years old are permitted to ride without a helmet. There are thousands of deaths and
12	crashes every year in the state of Kentucky that would have been fatal without a helmet but have been
13	proven non fatal with a full-faced helmet. In 2016 alone, helmets saved an estimated 1,859 lives. Helmets
14	are approximately 67% effective in preventing brain injuries. Helmets have saved a lot of lives and need to
15	be mandatory.
16	
17	Section 3: This law will require no state funding because it will be up to the motorcyclist to buy the helmet.
18	We are requiring a full-face helmet which usually costs on average a \$100.
19	
20	Section 4: Police officers will be the ones monitoring for violations of this law. On the first offense, the
21 22	violator will receive a court-issued warning. On the second violation the person will receive a \$100 fine,
	and it will go on the permanent driving record. The third violation your motorcycle license will be
23 24	suspended for a year. On the fourth violation the motorcycle license will be completely revoked.
24	

25 Section 5: This law will go into effect January 1st, 2020.

the	KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION	Blue   CW 15	
	KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Commonwealth Bill		<b>Committee:</b> ate 3
Sponsors: Trey Rat	fter, Parker Mayo, Brooks Martin	Action o	on the Bill
School: Christ the I	King ES – Lexington	House	Senate
City: Lexington			Passed Defeated

1 2	An Act Relating To Allow Fifteen Year Olds To Attend Driving School Before Getting Their Official Driver's License.
2	LILEUSE.
4	Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky
5	
6	Section 1: In the state of Kentucky, there are about 160,000 car crashes each year. About 700 of those crashes
7	are fatalities. By allowing 15 year olds to attend driving school for a year before earning their official license, they
8	will gain more experience on the road and improve their driving. During that year they will go to driving school. This
9	will teach 15 year olds how to drive safely before getting their official driver's license.
10	
11	Section 2: In the most recent statistics, 183 people from ages 14-24 were killed or injured in a car
12	accident in Kentucky. With this bill, teenagers or young adults will have more knowledge of driving,
13	therefore less accidents will occur to these minors. There were 3,501 crashes because of over-correcting
14	or oversteering. If minors were to learn such skills to avoid mistakes under pressure, and other
15	circumstances at a younger age, they will be able to improve their driving and decrease the amount of
16	accidents.
17	
18	Section 3: As driving instructors, teachers get paid a total of 41,000 dollars by the government. They then
19	teach the students, who pay 100 dollars themselves for the lessons. Then students are taught in an
20	optimal time span of two-three months, which could be offered during the summer, as to not hinder
21 22	graduation. With the option of driving school, this will result in less fatal car accidents. It could also prevent the amount of accidents involving minors.
22	prevent the amount of accidents involving minors.
23 24	Section 4: The people who will benefit from this bill are 15 year olds, because they would be able to start
25	learning how to drive earlier. They would also be considerably more experienced at driving when they are
26	16. With additional experience, they could have the knowledge to avoid dangerous situations. These 15
27	year olds will also be more aware of how to avoid accidents. In all, this bill affects 15 year olds positively
28	because they will be able to be more safe on the road. This bill will also help every Kentuckian on the road
29	by helping make the roads safer for every driver on the road.
30	, , ,
31	Section 5: This bill will go effect on January 1, 2020.

	KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION	Blue	CW 16
the	KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY		<b>c</b>
Mica	Commonwealth Bill		Committee: se 3
Sponsors: Taylor P	rice Rogers, Madelyn Goeing, Lilly Stephens, Lillian Hosinski	Action o	n the Bill
School: Christ the k	King ES – Lexington	House	Senate
City: Lexington		Passed Defeated	Passed Defeated

1	An Act Relating To Have All Parents In Kentucky Take A Mental Illness Test Before They Bring Their Newborn
2	Child Home From The Hospital.
3	
4	Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky
5	
6 7 8	Section 1: There are 4.4 million people in Kentucky and of the 4.4 million people, 4.6% of them have a mental illness. Which is approximately 202,400 people. This bill plans to have all parents of newborn children take a mental illness test before they are discharged. If the parent(s) have a mental illness, a social worker will follow up with the parents for a period of six months. When
9 10 11	the baby goes in for their normal required checkups, the parents will be asked some questions to assess their mental status. The family doctor or pediatrician will help check for postpartum depression in the mother. Postpartum depression can cause mothers to forget about their baby or not want to take care of the baby, this can lead to SIDS or Sudden Infant Death Syndrome.
12	
13 14	Section 2: The mental illness test will be a series of questions asked by nurses in the hospital. They will ask questions like, "have you had any mood swings lately Or do you have a history of any anxiety disorders" Nurses will take a
15 16 17 18 19	seminar (a conference or meeting for a discussion or training) to be trained on how to give the mental illness test. The seminar, to train nurses, will be given by a professional from the mental health profession. The mental illness test will cost the government an additional salary of a social worker which is \$48,000 per year for how many social workers are needed.
20 21 22 23	Section 3: The cost for this bill would be the salary to pay a social worker that would go and check in every six months on the parents who fail the mental health test in the hospital. A social worker's salary is about \$23 per hour which would round out to be about \$48,000 a year. Even though \$48,000 per social worker may seem like a lot it's actually saving money because it is helping prevent future problems in the home like neglect, malnutrition, and even
24 25 26	death. This bill can even help the parents raise healthier kids. Ultimately this bill will help make the future of Kentucky better and protect future generations.
27 28	Section 4: This test will take place in the hospital within 48 hours of delivery of the baby. There will be a series of mental health questions for both parents. The test will be scored. If either parent fails the test, a social worker will
29 30	check in with them at specified intervals for six months. The parents will be referred to parenting programs in the community. If they are still suffering mental illness after this time period, then it will be recommended that they may
31 32 33	go into a mental health facility. Treatment options will differ depending on the severity of the mental illness. If they continue to struggle mentally, they will be monitored closely to ensure their safety as well as the safety of the child. Whenever the child goes in for checkups the parents will have to follow through with the same test but different
34 35	questions so as to be continually monitored.
36	Section 5: This bill will go into effect on January 1, 2020.

	Blue   CW 17	
the KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY	Defermed to Committees	
Commonwealth Bill	<b>Referred to Committee:</b> House 2	
Sponsors: Nolan Kelly, Don Montgomery, Joey Prisinzano, Jackson Blandford	Action on the Bill	
School: Christ the King ES – Lexington	House Senate	
City: Lexington	Passed  Passed  Passed  Defeated  Defeated	

1	
2	
3	

4

An Act Relating To Physical Education Requirements For High School Students.

## Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: In High School one student only needs 0.5 Physical Education (P.E.) credits over four years to graduate. Usually students only complete the basic requirement. We believe that students should participate in P.E. all four years of High School for a number of reasons. Tests have shown the more physical activity a student has the better their test scores are. More physical activity can also improve both their memory and their mood. Studies show that physical activity is also helpful to students who naturally have a lot of energy and need to burn it off. When students look at books all day they can have pent up energy that needs to be expelled. They need at least one break in the day to get rid of the extra energy, which would help them focus better.

Section 2: This bill will insure that any given student should have at least four years of physical activity in High School. As per the normal school district rules, if a child has any condition such as asthma, or other disabilities that could impact his or her physical ability, the student will be given a choice to be exempt from P.E. If a student has a temporary condition such as a broken bone, he/she will be exempt from P.E. until the student has fully recovered, or has a doctor's note. P.E. would be provided for at least 45 minutes a day for three days a week.

19

Section 3: It doesn't matter how much a student weighs; it only matters that they get physical activity.
Exercising helps aid our brains in ways that we don't even know. Even just being outside in the light can
help improve one's mood, memory, ability to excel on tests, and their mental overall mental wellness. For
years, scientists have studied why students do better in school when they perform physical activity and it
continues to be a popular topic of research.

25

26 Section 4: All public and private High Schools will require all students to take four years of P.E. The student

will fail to graduate if the student fails to complete the required four years of P.E. Students must get therequired half credit per year and cannot do it any sooner. It is in their best interests to follow the

29 recommended schedule, and this will help them in their academic career, plus make them fit.

30

31 Section 5: This bill will go into effect at the beginning of the 2020-2021 school year.

the KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Commonwealth Bill	Blue   CW 18 Referred to Committee:
	Senate 2
Sponsors: Caleb Moss, Landen Owen	Action on the Bill
School: Christian Co. MS	House Senate
City: Hopkinsville	Passed Passed Passed Defeated Defeated

1	An Act Relating To reform of foster care and adoption in Kentucky
2	
3	Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky
4	
5	Section 1: A bill to reform the laws regarding foster care, and adoption, in Kentucky. This laws seeks to
6	create stronger language to ensure children are able to be fostered by families who are in concern for the
7	child, and less for the financial gain of fostering. This bill looks to create emergency language to allow
8	emergency fosters to take in children in urgent and fast developing situations as a short term, with
9	connections to adopt in long term care situations. Adoptions should be seen as a way to help children be
10	paired with families who want to make those children part of their forever families, instead of massive
11	financial constraints full of excessive legal actions that could, and can, lead to again putting children in
12	harm's way.
13	
14	Section 2: KRS 199.462 deals with the oversight of foster families, background checks of foster families,
15	and the requirements to check in on these people. This bill seeks to require local police, sheriff, and/or
16	Kentucky State Police to aid in more frequent wellness checks of foster children. Schools will be advised of
17	foster children in their school, for those with need to know status, to make periodic and frequent checks

on those students. Foster to adoption for long term placements will be made in an expedited manner,

19 closing loopholes for last minute intrusions of the process by distant family, or non- or under-involved20 parents, or coming from abusive situations that should not settings for children.

21

18

22 Section 3: This Act would take affect July 1, 2020.

	Blue   (	CW 19
the KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Commonwealth Bill	<b>Referred to (</b> Senat	
Sponsors: Kyree Swafford, Brice Madden, Jordan Begley, Micah Alley	Action or	the Bill
School: Clay Co. MS	House	Senate
City: Manchester		Passed Defeated

1	An Act Relating To enforce stricter supervision of monthly wages received for each foster child.
2	
З	Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky
4	
5	Section 1: The mission of Foster Care is to protect children from child abuse and neglect by parenting families, the
6	community and caregivers to deliver quality services to enhance and promote the health, safety, and well-being of
7	families across Kentucky.
8	
9	Section 2: As of September 2018, there are approximately 9,700 children in Foster Care.
10	
11	Section 3: Daily rate for the care of a child placed in foster care varies according to the age of the child,
17	however the everage basis new is $\xi \in OO$ nor month

12 however the average basic pay is \$600 per month.

the KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION	Red   CW 20	
Commonwealth Bill	<b>Referred to Committee:</b> Senate 3	
Sponsors: Mackenzee Parrigin, Chloe Pillar, Paisley Chilton, Maci Tucker	Action on the Bill	
School: Clinton Co. MS	House Senate	
City: Albany	Passed  Passed  Passed  Defeated  Defeated	

1	An Act To require a study hall period in all public schools for students in grades 6–12.
2	
3	Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky
4	
5	Section 1: An act to require all public middle schools and high schools to include a study hall period for all students
6	in grades six through twelve in the state of Kentucky.
7	
8	Section 2: This bill will require public schools to offer an extra period in the schedule for study hall. During
9	the study hall period, students will have the opportunity to work on group projects, complete research,
10	finish homework assignments, and study for tests. This period will allow students to receive help, with
11	material, from a teacher in study hall.
12	
13	Section 3: The Kentucky Board of Education will be responsible for enforcing this act. Schools found not in
14	compliance will face a warning for the first offense. The second offense schools will lose a 5% cut in
15	funding to year and 15% cut in funding for a third offense.
16	
17	Section 4: No funding will be needed to this bill.
18	
19	Section 5: This bill will go into effect August 1, 2020.

- Section 5: This bill will go into effect August 1, 2020.

	KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION	Blue	CW 21
	KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY	D.C.	<b>C</b> ; <b>1</b> , <b>_</b>
Nuc.	Commonwealth Bill		Committee: se 4
Sponsors: Emily Calve	rt, Grace Sipla	Action o	n the Bill
School: College View N	٨S	House	Senate
City: Owensboro			Passed Defeated

1	An Act to protect victims privacy in the news
2	
3	Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky
4	
5	Section 1: In Kentucky, the news has the right to name or use identifying factors of victims in the news. This causes
6	these innocent victims to avoid contacting police because they fear their identity could get out in the process. This
7	violates the forth amendment right, our right to privacy.
8	
9	Section 2: This bill proposes that news agencies should only be allowed to name the accused and the crime
10	that they are charged with. News agencies should not be allowed to use identifying factors such as names,
11	relationships, and location of victims.
12	
13	Section 3: As an alternative option, reporters could simply state the crime. For example, a kidnapping story
14	could identify the crime and use a generic identity.
15	
16	Section 4: If a news agency/reporter violates this bill, their company will be fined \$5,000 for the first
17	offence, and \$10,000 for any subsequent offences. These fines will go to the victims whose privacy was
18	violated.
19	

20 Section 5: This bill will go into effect on January 1, 2021.

	Red   CW 22	
the KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Commonwealth Bill	<b>Referred to (</b> Senat	
Sponsors: Savannah James, Barrett Keck	Action or	n the Bill
School: Corbin MS	House	Senate
City: Corbin	Passed Defeated	Passed Defeated

1	An Act Relating To Limiting the Age of Energy Drinks to 16
2	
3	Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky
4	
5	Section 1: This bill would require energy drinks to only be sold to teens at the age 16 or older.
6	
7	Section 2: Energy drinks provide a large amount of caffeine, and a large intake of caffeine at one time
8	causes elevated blood pressure and heart rate, vomiting, seizures, and sometimes death. Overconsumption
9	of caffeine can also lead to severe dehydration by causing the body to eliminate nutrients, water, salt, etc.
10	In addition to that, a lofty heart rate is a major cause for anxiety in teens and can cause panic attacks and
11	paranoia.
12	
13	Section 3: This bill will not require any additional funding.
14	Casting 4. This kills will be and an all manhate that all answers drives (auch as C. have Frances, Dad Dull
15	Section 4: This bill will be enforced at all markets that sell energy drinks (such as 5-hour Energy, Red Bull,
16	etc.) or own vending machines that sell energy drinks.
17	Castian C. This hill will as into affact by July 2020
18 19	Section 5: This bill will go into effect by July 2020.
13	

20 Section 6: This bill will be enforced by The Kentucky Health corp.

	Red   CW 23
the KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Commonwealth Bill	Referred to Committee:
	Senate 4
Sponsors: Lauren Kuprion, Olivia Dudek, Sydney Carnes, Julia Shoemaker	Action on the Bill
School: Crosby MS	House Senate
City: Middletown	Passed  Passed  Passed  Passed  Defeated  Defeated

1	An Act Relating To the Public Health and Safety Issues on Tobacco Use in Kentucky
2	
3	Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky
4	
5	Section 1: Currently under Kentucky's current laws, you must be 18 or older to buy tobacco products. Tobacco is
6 7	the single most cause of death and disease in Kentucky. No level of secondhand smoke is considered safe. This is
8	painfully clear in Kentucky where we live with the consequences of the second highest smoking rate in the country.
9	Section 2: Smoking and secondhand smoke are the main contributors to poor health in so many ways such
10	as cancer, heart disease, diabetes, asthma and other respiratory problems, preterm births and birth
11	defects, among others - lowering exposure to smoking and secondhand smoke can significantly impact the
12	health of Kentuckians. In one year alone over 2 billion dollars were spent on healthcare from smoking
13	related causes and numbers are only going higher.
14	
15	Section 3: The solution is to make the price of tobacco much more expensive. As of now, one pack of
16	cigarettes is \$5.50 and one of the lowest taxed items. Adding an additional \$4.50 on one pack of
17	cigarettes will raise the price to \$10.00 and raise the tax to 8%.
18	Casting 4. To further inclusion there also a three will be a limit on her second and her such as the
19 20	Section 4: To further implement these changes there will be a limit on how many packs can be purchased each year, with the limit of 10 packs. The number of packs purchased will be tracked to ensure the law was
20 21	not broken. This has been done with other drugs such as Sudafed, which has gone very well.
22	not broken. This has been done with other drugs such as sudared, which has gone very wen.
23	Section 5: Lastly, raising the age limit to the age of 21 and requiring stores to identify customers will
24	decrease the amount of tobacco sold. If stored didn't follow the demands, the store will lose their license
25	and be fined with the employee who sold it being fired. This will have an uplifting effect for younger
26	children when trying to buy a pack.
27	
28	Section 6: This bill will cost no money to the state government.
29	
30	Section 7: This bill will be put in place at the beginning of 2020.

	Blue   CW 24
the KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Commonwealth Bill	<b>Referred to Committee:</b> House 2
Sponsors: Kody Alexander, Jake Carter, Wade Humphrey, Carmine Cook	Action on the Bill
School: Franklin-Simpson MS	House Senate
City: Franklin	Passed Passed Passed  Passed  Defeated  Defeated

1	AN ACT proposing an amendment to Section 226 of the Constitution of Kentucky relating to casino gaming
2 3	with the proceeds going towards the Kentucky Pension System.
5 4	Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky
5	Be it enacted by the four Assembly of the commonwealth of Kentucky
6	Section 1: It is proposed that Section 226 of the Constitution of Kentucky be amended to read as follows: Casino
7	Gambling will be legalized in the Commonwealth of Kentucky with the proceeds going towards the Kentucky Pension
8	System.
9	
10	Section 2: Several forms of gambling already exist in Kentucky such as betting on horse racing and
11	charitable gaming. Legalizing casinos would attract many people and businesses into Kentucky. Currently
12	people are going across state lines to participate in casino gambling but legalizing this in Kentucky would
13	provide more income to our Commonwealth.
14 15	Section 3: The purpose of this bill is to raise revenue that could then be used to increase the pensions for
16	Kentucky workers such as teachers, first responders, and state workers. These people need to have a
17	pension that can be guaranteed to them when they retire.
18	
19	Section 4: This bill will not cost the taxpayer or the government but it will raise money that can be used to
20	pay into these pensions
21	
22	Section 5: This bill will lead to the creation of the Kentucky Gaming Commission which would be created to
23	enforce this bill.
24	
25	Section 6: All laws or parts of laws in conflict with this bill will be hereby repealed.
26 27	Section 7: This law will go into effect on January 1, 2021.
~ /	Section 7. This law will go life effect of Saluary 1, 2021.

	Blue   CW 25
the KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Commonwealth Bill	<b>Referred to Committee:</b> House 4
Sponsors: Kate Ford, Lyniah Brown, Isabelle Herndon, Sa'Nya Downey	Action on the Bill
School: Franklin-Simpson MS	House Senate
City: Franklin	Passed       Passed         Defeated       Defeated

1	An Act Relating To Banning All Flavored Tobacco.
2	
3	Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky
4	
5	Section 1: This bill will ban all flavored tobacco products from being sold in Kentucky. This bill will be added to KRS
6 7	438 relating to Tobacco Sales.
8	Section 2: Electronic cigarettes are being pitched as a safer alternative to traditional smoking and are
9	targeting primarily youth by the flavors that exist such as strawberries and cream, scooby snacks, and fruit
10	loops.
11	
12	Section 3: At the moment this bill is being written, there have been over 530 cases of illness related to
13	electronic cigarettes including 8 deaths. There had been a decline in smoking from young people but with
14 15	the creation of flavored tobacco, it is creating a whole new generation of smokers.
15 16	Section 4: Consequences for businesses not following this new law: 1st Offense: Warning 2nd Offense:
17	\$5,000 fine 3rd Offense: Business License is revoked
18	
19	Section 5: This bill will not require any funding from the Commonwealth of Kentucky.
20	
21	Section 6: The Department of Revenue will be enforcing this bill in the Commonwealth of Kentucky.
22	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
23	Section 7: All Laws or parts of laws in conflict with this bill will be here by repealed.
24	
25	Section 8: This Law will go into effect on January 1, 2020.

	Blue   CW 26
the KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Commonwealth Bill	<b>Referred to Committee:</b> House 5
Sponsors: Reece Thurmond, Macy Germanis, Zach Alford	Action on the Bill
School: Franklin-Simpson MS	House Senate
City: Franklin	Passed  Passed  Passed  Defeated  Defeated

1	An Act Relating To Providing Income Tax Incentives for Renewable Energy Businesses in Eastern Kentucky.
2	
3 4	Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky
5	Section 1: A tax break will be applied to renewable energy businesses when they move to Eastern Kentucky. This
6 7 8	will bring jobs into areas that are in need of businesses especially those in renewable energy to replace the jobs that exist in coal. This bill will be added to KRS 438 relating to Taxing Businesses.
9 10 11 12 13 14	Section 2: The current tax rate for Kentucky businesses is between 4% and 6% percent, depending on there tax bracket. Through this bill, the tax rate would drop to 4.5% if the business was normally taxed at 6%, 3.5% if the business was normally taxed at 5%, and 2.5% if the business was normally taxed at 4%. This tax break will be applied to the business for 3 years, and after those 3 years have elapsed, their taxes will return to their original rate.
15 16 17 18 19	Section 3: This bill will introduce jobs to Eastern Kentucky, which is poverty ridden. There is huge demand for jobs in Eastern Kentucky, so these businesses will not lose employment. If these jobs move to Eastern Kentucky coal miners can find jobs there. This gives them jobs outside of the coal industry, but still working with energy. This also helps the environment because it expands the market for renewable energy.
20 21 22 23 24	Section 4: There is no lost money. If a renewable energy business were to move over to Eastern Kentucky and take the tax break, Kentucky would not receive as much money as it would without this bill. But these new businesses will expand the local economies of this region and thus will bring more money into the Commonwealth of Kentucky.
25 26	Section 5: This bill will be enforced by the Kentucky Department of Revenue.
27 28	Section 6: All laws or parts of laws in conflict with this bill will be hereby repealed.
29	Section 7: This law will go into effect on January 1, 2020.

	Blue   CW 27
the KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Commonwealth Bill	<b>Referred to Committee:</b> Senate 5
Sponsors: Neely Clark, Macey Cook, Grace Fairman, Mya Douglas	Action on the Bill
School: Franklin-Simpson MS	House Senate
City: Franklin	Passed       Passed         Defeated       Defeated

1	An Act Relating To Teachers Being Certified in CPR and First Aid Training
2	
3	Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky
4	
5	Section 1: This bill will require teachers in public K–12 schools to be certified in CPR and First Aid training each
6	year. This will create teachers who are better equipped to serve their students in case of an emergency by creating
7	requirements to KRS 158 relating to teacher training.
8	
9	Section 2: This yearly training will include both CPR and First Aid training and must be completed in person
10	and not online. The training will be a two hour course provided by school nurses or the local health
11	department.
12	
13	Section 3: CPR training for teachers is currently mandatory in 18 other states and is crucial for the well-
14	being of students. The human brain expires in 6 minutes due to lack of oxygen and the sooner a certified
15	individual can start CPR, the more likely the person will survive.
16	
17	Section 4: In most districts, there are already certified personnel or partnerships with local health
18	departments that can provide these trainings at no cost to the school or district.
19	Castian C. The level school districts clarge, with the Kentucky Department for Dublic Health will enforce this
20	Section 5: The local school districts along with the Kentucky Department for Public Health will enforce this
21 22	law.
23	Section 6: All laws or parts of laws in conflict with this bill will be hereby repealed.
24	Section 6: An laws of parts of laws in connect with this bin win be hereby repeated.
25	Section 7: This law will go into effect on July 1st, 2020.

	Red	CW 28
the KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY	Defermed to	Committee
<b>Commonwealth Bill</b>		Committee: se 5
Sponsors: Destini Sims, Marae Mallard	Action o	n the Bill
School: Good Shepherd ES	House	Senate
City: Frankfort	Passed  Defeated	Passed Defeated

1	An Act Relating To making CASA program a required service of foster care system in Kentucky
2	
3	Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky
4	
5	Section 1: This act would provide all persons entering the foster care system to be given a Court Appointed Special
6	Advocate or CASA agent to monitor the foster home, foster parents and any other issues that might impact the
7	child placed in foster care. This program would begin when the child enters the foster care system until they are
8	reunified with parents or adopted.
9	
10	Section 2: This bill would be monitored and enforced by the Kentucky Adoptive Caregiver Exchange System.
11	The training and education of volunteers is provided by the Kentucky CASA Network (KCN).
12	
13	Section 3: CASA is a non-profit organization that already receives funding from the Kentucky Legislature in
14	the amount of \$1.4 million in 2018/2019. The estimate to make CASA a statewide program is \$5 million.
15	The additional funding for the program would come from fines from child abuse cases and a fee attached
16	in-state adoptions.
17	
18	Section 4: This bill will go into effect on January 1, 2021.

	Blue	CW 29
the KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Commonwealth Bill	Referred to Hou	
Sponsors: Owen Borden, Brayden Taft, Ravi Bassett, Lily Scowby	Action o	n the Bill
School: Highlands MS	House	Senate
City: Ft. Thomas		Passed Defeated

1	An Act Relating To Animal Abuse and Cruelty
2	
3	Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky
4	
5	Section 1: For the past 11 years, Kentucky has been ranked as having the worst animal welfare laws in the United
6	States by the Animal Legal Defense Fund, a nationally known legal advocacy group. Two issues that the ALDF have
7	pointed out as problems within the Commonwealth are (1) a prohibition on the reporting of animal neglect and
8	cruelty by any veterinarian practicing in Kentucky, and (2) a lack of legal protection for good Samaritans that assist
9 10	animals locked in hot or dangerous vehicles.
11	Section 2: (a) Under current law, veterinarians are not allowed to report suspected animal abuse to the
12	proper authorities for investigation. (b) Upon the effective date of this bill, veterinarians in the
13	Commonwealth shall be permitted to report suspected animal neglect and cruelty to the proper authorities,
14	such as the police or local animal control officers.
15	
16	Section 3: (a) Under current law, a good Samaritan who attempts to rescue an animal trapped in an
17	overheated or otherwise dangerous situation in a vehicle can face civil or criminal liability for the damage
18	to the vehicle and trespass. (b) Upon the effective date of this bill, a good Samaritan who, in good faith,
19	attempts to rescue an animal in an overheated or otherwise dangerous situation in a vehicle shall not be
20	liable for any civil damages and criminal penalties. ( c) For purposes of this bill, a person shall show good
21	faith if they have contacted police, animal control, or other authorized public officers to assist the animal,
22	but help has not arrived within 30 minutes of the initial contact, or the person has not received
23 24	instructions on what actions to take from the public officer.
24 25	Section 4. For nurneses of this act "animal" shall be defined as it is under the Kontusky Animal Walfare
25 26	Section 4: For purposes of this act, "animal" shall be defined as it is under the Kentucky Animal Welfare Act.
27	

28 Section 5: This law shall take effect 90 days after the date of enactment.

	Blue	CW 30
the KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Commonwealth Bill		Committee: se 2
Sponsors: Tiana Babineaux, Natalie Mount, Daryl Turner, Selena Kays	Action o	n the Bill
School: Holmes MS	House	Senate
City: Covington	Defeated	Passed Defeated

1	An Act Relating To Passing A Drug Test Prior To Receive Or Retain A Driver's License.
2	
3	Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky
4	
5	Section 1: In the interest of public safety, this bill will require a drug test prior to an individual being able gain a
6	Drivers License or before their license can be renewed.
7	
8	Section 2: There has been an increasing number of accidents caused by drivers under the influence of
9 10	various drugs, with 44% of them including fatally injured. For example, more than half the drivers tested
11	positive for either marijuana or opioids.
12	Section 3: By making drug tests a requirement for receiving a driver's license, the Commonwealth will be a
13	much safer place to drive by reducing the number of incidents, injuries, and untimely deaths across the
14	state. These drug tests are already a requirement for CDLs (Commercial Driver's License) which means the
15	process of implementing them will not be hard to achieve.
16	
17	Section 4: As Kentucky laws changes over time, it seems only fitting that these drug tests will check for
18	any and all drugs that are deemed illegal for recreational use, at the time of being tested. Furthermore, an
19	individual will be able to provide documentation from a doctor of any medication they have been prescribed
20	with, may result in a failed drug test. Therefore allowing them to still obtain a Drivers License.
21	
22	Section 5: The cost of these drug tests will not affect taxpayers, but will be paid by the individual getting
23	or renewing their Driver's License. The approximate cost will be \$15-\$30 in addition to the cost of the
24	License.
25	
26 27	Section 6: This bill will go into effect on January 1st 2020. Any statue to the contrary shall be amended or repealed.

	Red	CW 31
the KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Commonwealth Bill		<b>Committee:</b> ate 5
Sponsors: Bo Brumleve, Andy Harris, Lindsey Spalding, Ella Widman	Action o	n the Bill
School: Holy Spirit ES	House	Senate
City: Louisville		

1	An Act Relating To All Public Schools to Install Vape Detectors in all Restrooms in Middle Schools and High
2	Schools
3	
4	Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky
5	
6	Section 1: According to a Vaping and Lung Injury Clinician Alert posted by the Kentucky Board of Medical Licensure
7	215 cases of pulmonary disease in 25 states and 6 deaths. The majority of these cases have come from
8	adolescents and young adults. Studies show that smoking one vape pod is equivalent to smoking 20 cigarettes of
9	nicotine. According to the University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill, the vaping had a bigger effect on genes
10	related to the immune system than smoking does.
11	
12	Section 2: Our bill's goal is to install vape detectors in public school bathrooms to reduce the use of
13	electronic cigarettes in adolescents and to minimize the damage that they cause.
14	
15	Section 3: Each of these vape detectors cost \$750 a piece.
16	
17	Section 4: This bill will go into effect by the beginning of the 2020-2021 school year.

	Red   CW 32
the KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Commonwealth Bill	<b>Referred to Committee:</b> House 1
Sponsors: Katherine James, Sarah Kempf, Jackson Price, Charlotte Robinson	Action on the Bill
School: Holy Spirit ES	House Senate
City: Louisville	Defeated Defeated

1	An Act Relating To Banning the Sale of Flavored E-Cigarettes in the State of Kentucky.
2	
3	Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky
4	
5	Section 1: In the United States, about seventeen people have lost their lives due to e-cigarettes. Often the reason
6	for e-cigarette deaths are due to addiction. About one in six current cigarette smokers and nearly one in four
7	former cigarette smokers currently use e-cigarettes. A study showed that students who had used e-cigarettes by
8	the time they started 9th grade were more likely than others to start smoking cigarettes and other smokable
9	tobacco products within the next year. There have been about 450 lung illnesses associated with the use of e-
10	cigarettes.
11	
12	Section 2: One Juul pod contains 20 cigarettes worth of nicotine. There are 12 milligrams of nicotine per
13	cigarette, and there are 240 milligrams per Juul pod. There are many harmful outcomes due to e-cigarette
14	smoking. One outcome is popcorn-lung, which is when small holes start to form in your lungs. One
15	extremely harmful aspect of e-cigarettes is the nicotine in them. Nicotine is highly addictive and it can
16	affect developing brains, especially teens' and young adults' brains.
17	
18	Section 3: This law will states that any business selling flavored e-cigarettes will be cited twice. The first
19	offense will be a \$1000 fine. The second offense will be a loss of the license used to sell e-cigarettes and a

- 20 \$2,000 fine.
- 21
- 22 Section 4: This bill will go into effect in 90 days.

	Red   CW 33
the KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Commonwealth Bill	<b>Referred to Committee:</b> Senate 1
Sponsors: Abby Jones, Dayden Beaven, Rhagan Thomas, Sydnie Vessels	Action on the Bill
School: John Paul II Catholic School	House Senate
City: Morganfield	Passed       Passed         Defeated       Defeated

Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky
Section 1: The purpose of this bill is to protect a minor from secondhand smoke and vapor that can cause health
problems. Secondhand smoke contains more than 7,000 chemicals; over a hundred are toxic and seventy can cause
cancer. Health problems in children include frequent and severe asthma attacks, respiratory infections, ear infections, and sudden infant death syndrome. Secondhand vapor contains nicotine, heavy metals, aldehyde and
glycerine. Children who are still developing vital organs are ingesting toxic vapors.
grycenne. ennaren who are still developing vital organs are ingesting toxic vapors.
Section 2: Since the 1964 Surgeon General's Report, secondhand smoke is especially harmful to young
children. Secondhand smoke is responsible for between 150,000 and 300,000 lower respiratory tract
infections in infants and children under 18 months of age, resulting in between 7,500 and 15,000
hospitalizations each year.
Section 3: This bill will include cigars, cigarettes, pipes, and electronic smoking devices.
Section 4: Secondhand smoke is smoke from burning tobacco products, such as cigarettes, cigars, or pipes.
Secondhand vapor is an aerosol of nicotine and other toxins. Vaping is the action or practice of inhaling
and exhaling the vapor produced by an electronic cigarette.
Section 5: A minor is a person under the age of 18 years old.
Section 3. A million is a person ander the age of the years old.
Section 6: This bill will require no additional funding.
Section 7: Law enforcement will enforce this bill and issue warnings or citations.
Section 8: The individual smoking or vaping in a vehicle will receive a penalty for noncompliance. First
Offense: a written warning. Second Offense: \$100 fine will be issued. Each additional offense will be
sentenced to 12 hours of community service.
Section 9: This bill will go into effect June 1, 2020.

	Blue	CW 34
the KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Commonwealth Bill	<b>Referred to</b> Sena	
Sponsors: Lainie Forsythe, Tori Lavinder	Action o	n the Bill
School: Mason Co. MS	House	Senate
City: Maysville	Passed  Defeated	Passed Defeated

1	An act relating to create a law dealing with the security at all Kentucky Schools
2	
3	Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky
4	
5	Section 1: Terrible incidents such as the shooting at Marshall County High School have re-emphasized just how
6	important the security of our students are. Now we must decide how we can take action to prevent anything like
7	this tragedy from happening again. Kentucky was only ranked 41st in safety, but this just cannot do. We, as the
8	citizens of the Commonwealth must take action, not only to show others, but to reassure our students, staff, and
9	families that Kentucky Schools are safe places.
10	
11	Section 2: As of now, Kentucky hasn't made police presence mandatory in schools, but with this law in
12	place it would be mandatory to have at least 1 trained officer at each school at any given time. That way if
13	there happens to be an active shooter, reinforcements can be there immediately. Also, with the passing of
14	this bill it will be required to have 1 concealed firearm (preferably a Glock 19) kept in a locked safe in the
15	office or a student restricted area of the school's choice at all times. This will make it easier if anyone ever
16	needs to protect themselves at any time.
17	
18	Section 3: The officers will be given a 3% raise, averaging anywhere from \$2,450-\$2,850 depending on
19	their normal salary. This, plus the pricing for guns and ammunition will be covered by a 1% raise in
20	property taxes, which means it will take about 1 year to break even.
21	

22 Section 4: This will go into effect by the end of the 2019–20 school year (June 26th).

	Red   CW 35
the KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY	
<b>Commonwealth Bill</b>	<b>Referred to Committee:</b> House 2
Sponsors: Keyona Collins, Madison Woodall	Action on the Bill
School: Muhlenberg South MS	House Senate
City: Greenville	Passed Passed Passed

1	An Act Related to the Requirement of Cardiopulmonary Resuscitation and Heimlich Maneuver Training for All
2	School Personnel.
3	
4	Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky
5	
6	Section 1: A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 158 IS CREATED TO READ AS FOLLOWS: All certified and classified
7	school employees shall be required to receive training in CPR and Heimlich Maneuver procedures.
8	
9	Section 2: Statistics indicate that 9 in 10 people who experience cardiac arrest outside of the hospital die.
10	CPR can improve these odds greatly. If CPR is performed within the first few minutes of cardiac arrest, a
11	person's chance of survival often doubles or triples.
12	
13	Section 3: The fourth leading cause of unintentional injury death is choking among young children. When a
14	person is choking, their airways become obstructed blocking oxygen flow to their lungs and in turn limiting
15	oxygen to the brain. Without oxygen, brain damage can occur in as little as 4 to 6 minutes. Rapid first aid,
16	such as the Heimlich Maneuver, can save a person's life.
17	Castian 4. The CDD and Haimlich Managements initian will be unwided to all school as more than the
18	Section 4: The CPR and Heimlich Maneuver trainings will be provided to all school personnel by volunteer
19 20	certified instructors. These trainings are mandatory and will be provided by the school district within the
20	first quarter of each school year.

2 Section 5: This bill will go into effect for the 2020-2021 academic year.

	Blue   (	CW 36
the KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Commonwealth Bill	<b>Referred to (</b> Hous	
Sponsors: Kyle Rutledge, Logan Boone	Action or	n the Bill
School: Munfordville ES	House	Senate
City: Munfordville	Defeated	Passed Defeated

1	An Act To require every school district to hire a school social worker.
2	
3	Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky
4	
5	Section 1: This bill will require every school district in Kentucky to hire a social worker. In Kentucky many students
6	have unmet needs that interfere with their ability to learn and adjust in school.
7	
8	Section 2: Social workers are trained mental health professions. Having a school social worker will help
9	students to enhance their emotional well-being and improve their academic performance. Social workers
10	are needed because students today are increasingly victims of negative forces such as abuse, neglect, or
11	unmet needs in the home.
12	
13	Section 3: A social worker would cost approximately \$30,000 per year. There are grants available to help
14	school districts with the cost of employing a social worker.
15	
16	Section 4: This bill will go into effect for the 2020-2021 school year.

	Blue   CW 37
the KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Commonwealth Bill	<b>Referred to Committee:</b> Senate 4
Sponsors: Canyon Bourque, Ewin Porter, Jack Podrovitz, Cejay Riley	Action on the Bill
School: Murray MS	House Senate
City: Murray	Passed  Passed  Passed  Defeated  Defeated

1	An Act Relating To An Elective Course On World Religions
2	
3	Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky
4	
5	Section 1: KRS 158.197 is amended to read as follows: Amend title to read as follows, "Elective course on world
6 7	religions."
8	Section 2: KRS 158.197 is amended to read as follows: Delete (1)(b) or Amend (1)(c) to read as follows, "An
9	elective social studies course on the Hebrew Scriptures and the New Testament of the Bible; "or" Insert
10	(1)(d) An elective social studies survey course on world religions. Insert (1)(d)1. to read "For purposes of
11	this section `world religions survey course' shall be defined as a comprehensive education course that
12	teaches the world's major religions including, but not limited to: Christianity, Islam, Hinduism, and
13	Buddhism."
14	
15	Section 3: KRS 158.197 is amended to read as follows: Delete (2)(a) "biblical" content and insert "religious
16 17	scripture" in its place. Amend (2)(b)1 to read as follows, "The contents of the Hebrew Scriptures or New Testament; the Koran; the Vedas and the Upanishads; and the Tripitaka or Pali Canon." Amend (2)(b)2 to
18	read as follows, "The history of the Hebrew Scriptures or New Testament; the Koran; the Vedas and the
19	Upanishads; and the Tripitaka or Pali Canon." Amend (2)(b)3 to read as follows, "The literary style and
20	structure of the Hebrew Scriptures or New Testament; the Koran; the Vedas and the Upanishads; and the
21	Tripitaka or Pali Canon." Amend (2)(b)4 to read as follows "The influence of the Hebrew Scriptures or New
22	Testament; the Koran; the Vedas and the Upanishads; and the Tripitaka or Pali Canon on law, history,
23	government, literature, art, music, customs, morals, values, and culture."
24	
25	Section 4: KRS 158.197 is amended to read as follows: Amend (3) to read as follows, "A student shall not
26	be required to use a specific translation as the sole text of any religious scripture and may use as a basic
27 28	textbook a different translation from that chosen by the school council."
29	Section 5: The act takes effect for the 2020-2021 school year.

	Blue   CW 38
the KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Commonwealth Bill	<b>Referred to Committee:</b> House 1
Sponsors: Emma Alexander, John Outland, Eve Stark, Reese Hampton	Action on the Bill
School: Murray MS	House Senate
City: Murray	Defeated Defeated

1	An Act Relating To Building Lockdown Procedures' Common Area Practice
2	
3	Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky
4	
5	Section 1: KRS 158.164 is amended to read as follows: Amend (2) to read as follows, "Each local board of
6	education shall require the school resource officer (SRO), the school council, or, if neither exists, the principal in
7	each public school building in its jurisdiction"
8	
9	Section 2: KRS 158.164 is amended to read as follows: Amend (3) to read as follows, "Students, certified
10	staff, classified staff, and parents shall be informed annually of building lockdown procedures."
11	
12	Section 3: KRS158.164 is amended to read as follows: Amend (4) to read as follows, "A building lockdown
13	practice shall be held quarterly during a school year, with at least (1) practice being held in a classroom
14	environment within the first thirty (30) instructional days, and one (1) practice held during common area
15	times in the subsequent quarters." Insert (4)(a) to read "For purposes of this section, 'common area' shall
16	be defined as a school entryway, cafeteria, gymnasium, media center, hallway, auditorium, or other common
17	area where students are likely to congregate before, during, or after the school day." Insert (4)(b) to read
18	"The first classroom lockdown procedure practice shall include verbal instruction on the common area
19	lockdown procedures." Insert (4)(c) to read "The three (3) common area lockdown procedural practices shall
20	be held in three (3) different common areas."
21	

22 Section 4: This act takes effect the 2020-21 school year.

	Blue   CW 39
the KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Commonwealth Bill	<b>Referred to Committee:</b> Senate 4
Sponsors: Katie Smithern, Ella Bussell, Corey Coleman, Destiny Bullen	Action on the Bill
School: Rockcastle Co. MS	House Senate
City: Mt. Vernon	Passed Passed Passed

1	An Act Relating the banning of the sale of electronic smoking and vaping devices along with vape and e-juice
2	in the state of Kentucky.
3	
4	Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky
5	
6	Section 1: Section 1: Beginning in January 2020 all sales of electronic smoking and vaping devices will be banned in
7	the state of Kentucky.
8	
9	Section 2: Section 2: Law enforcement will regulate if businesses are complying with this bill.
10	
11	Section 3: Section 3: If businesses do not comply with this bill there will be penalties applied. 1st offense:
12	Fined \$500 and a warning. 2nd offense: Fined \$1,000 with a year in jail. 3rd offense: Fined \$2,500 with 3
13	years in jail.

	Blue	CW 40
the KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Commonwealth Bill	<b>Referred to</b> Sena	
Sponsors: Abby Burdette, Joseph Elam, Lincoln Rader, Lila Holt	Action o	n the Bill
School: Rockcastle Co. MS	House	Senate
City: Mt. Vernon	Passed Defeated	Passed  Defeated

1	An Act Relating To allowing the use of Polygraph exams in the Kentucky court system
2	
3	Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky
4	
5	Section 1: Polygraphs are currently not admissible in criminal cases in court in the state of Kentucky. We would like
6	to amend saying that the Polygraph can be used in court as a secondary piece of evidence.
7	
8	Section 2: Although the Polygraph is not always 100% accurate, it is still a very useful resource. The
9	Polygraph will not be the primary evidence in a case.
10	
11	Section 3: A Polygraph conducted by certified professionals typically costs \$200-\$2,000. The length of the
12	test plays a factor with price, with all-day tests on the high end of the range. Typical two-hour, single-
13	issue polygraph exams are \$200-\$800.
14	
15	Section 4: The funding for this bill will come by raising taxes on vaping devices and their cartridges.
16	
17	Section 5: This bill will go into effect on January 1, 2020.

	Blue   CW 41
the KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Commonwealth Bill	<b>Referred to Committee:</b> Senate 2
Sponsors: Leyla Greene, Rachel Whelan, Allyson Ingles	Action on the Bill
School: Rowan Co. MS	House Senate
City: Morehead	Passed Passed  Passed  Defeated  Defeated

1	A bill to grant a \$150,000 tax credit for 5 years to any private company that transforms any "non-powered
2	dam" into a powered dam in the Commonwealth of Kentucky.
3	
4	Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky
5	
6	Section 1: The purpose of this bill increase the use of hydroelectric power in the Commonwealth of Kentucky and
7	to reduce the carbon emissions.
8	
9	Section 2: Currently there is significant potential to increase the hydroelectric power created in Kentucky.
10	There are, to date, 33 dams in the state of Kentucky that do not have hydroelectric facilities. Adding
11	turbines and generators to be turned by water flowing through these dams could quadruple the
12	hydroelectric production in Kentucky.
13	
14	Section 3: Private companies will submit an application to convert a "non-powered dam" into a powered
15	dam. The private company will be responsible for conducting the research related to the conversion. The
16	company will be required to maintain and fund insurance coverage for the project.
17	
18	Section 4: The funding needed for this bill will come from the tax revenue. However, private companies will
19	be covering the cost of the construction of the "powered dam".
20	
21	Section 5: This bill will go into effect January 1 2020.

KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION	Blue   CW 42	
the KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Commonwealth Bill	Referred to Committee:	
	House 5	
Sponsors: Mia Carver, McKinsey Utterback	Action on the Bill	
School: Rowan Co. MS	House Senate	
City: Morehead	Passed Passed Passed Defeated Defeated	

- 1 An act to push back the age limit to acquire e-cigarettes to 21 years within the state of Kentucky. 2 3 Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky 4 5 Section 1: The purpose of this bill is to increase the age to purchase e-cigarettes to 21 years old. Currently within 6 the state of Kentucky the age to purchase e-cigarettes (vapor products) is 18 years old. Our bill seeks to increase 7 this age limit due to the significant harm associated with these products. In 2013, there was a surge in children 8 who were poisoned or who had harmful effects due to the use of e-cigarettes. Within the state of KY, 380 9 confirmed and probable cases of lung disease were in fact matched to the use of these harmful products. In 2015 10 one in four high school students and one in seven 8th grade students vaped while at school. 11 12 Section 2: With the passage of our bill, young adults across the Commonwealth will be positively impacted 13 and lives will be saved. Upon the enactment within state legislatures, Kentuckians will no longer be 14 exposed to chemical induced substances at young age. 15
- 16 Section 3: There will be no funding for this bill to go into effect.

	Blue   CW 43
the KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY	
<b>Commonwealth Bill</b>	<b>Referred to Committee:</b> Senate 2
Sponsors: Angel Coyle, Halle Burton	Action on the Bill
School: Russell Co. MS	House Senate
City: Russell Springs	Passed Passed Passed Defeated Defeated

1 2	An act relating to adding a \$0.01 sales tax per dollar on pet food to fund and provide animal shelters with their needs.
	their needs.
3	
4	Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky
5	
6	Section 1: Each year in the state of Kentucky, thousands of animals are born because of uncontrolled breeding and
7	irresponsible pet owners. This results in many animals being abandoned, without a home, or in putrid living
8	conditions where basic needs such as food, immunizations, and necessary medical treatments are not met.
9	Thankfully, animal shelters exist around our state that look out for the well being of some of these needy animals.
10	
11	Section 2: Out of the 90 Kentucky animal shelters only 12% are able to provide acceptable care to animals
12	due to a lack of funding. Because of this alarming statistic, it is crucial for us to act immediately to ensure
13	animal shelters have necessary funding to improve facilities, provide the basic needs of animals, and funds
14	to spay and neuter the animals. Many shelters are overcrowded, do not have room to bath the animals, or
15	isolate sick ones. The Kentucky Humane Shelter Act, which was passed in 2004, requires these needs to be
16	met. However, money is needed to ensure this occurs. This \$0.01 tax per dollar would go directly towards
17	correcting these issues.
18	
19	Section 3: The tax on pet food will be collected from pet distribution companies through the Kentucky
20	Department of Revenue, and will be transferred to the General Fund. Funds from the General Fund will be
21	transferred to the Kentucky Humane Society, and the Department of Revenue will oversee proper use of
22	funds.
23	
24	Section 4: The cost for this bill would only be the \$0.01 tax per dollar on pet food. There would be no
25	additional costs and would only impact folks who buy pet food.
26	
27	Section 5: This bill will go into effect on July 1st, 2020.

	Red   CW 44 Referred to Committee: Senate 2	
the KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY		
<b>Commonwealth Bill</b>		
Sponsors: Angelina Pelayo, Julia Elliott, Marie Wilson	Action o	n the Bill
School: Sacred Heart Model MS	House	Senate
City: Louisville	Passed Defeated	Passed Defeated

1	An Act Relating To the awareness of BPA Chemicals in consumer products
2	
3	Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky
4	
5	Section 1: A new law will be established that requires all retail food establishments (restaurants and groceries) in
6	Kentucky selling products sold in containers made from BPA or impacted by BPA packaging to disclose the presence
7 8	of BPA in those products.
9	Section 2: BPA is a chemical found mostly in plastic products including containers, aluminum can linings,
10	baby bottles, toddler cups with lids, and the lining of many paper products. The outcome of high exposure
11	from this chemical can lead to types of cancer, birth abnormalities, fertility issues, obesity and respiratory
12	issues. There are no laws regulating the use of BPA in products.
13	issues. There are no have regulating the use of privin products.
14	Section 3: In fast food restaurants the notice of BPA will be on the restaurant menu boards and the cash
15	registers. There will be a symbol/warning sign placed on those locations that represents there is BPA in the
16	some of the container products used. The cash register signs will include a QR code that sends consumers
17	to a website that offers more information about BPA.
18	
19	Section 4: In grocery facilities the notice of BPA will be on shelves and by the cash registers. There will be a
20	symbol/warning sign placed on those locations that represents there is BPA in the some of the containers
21	displayed. The cash register signs will include a QR code that sends consumers to a website that offers
22	more information about BPA.
23	
24	Section 5: The program will be administered by the Kentucky Department of Public Health with local Health
25	Departments checking annually to ensure proper postings are in place.
26	
27	Section 6: This awareness program will be implemented in all retail food establishments no later than
28	December 2020.

KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION	Red   CW 45		
the	KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Commonwealth Bill		<b>Committee:</b> ate 4
Sponsors: Juliana H	Howell, Will Taylor, Ellie Ruppe	Action o	on the Bill
School: Sacred Hea	rt Model MS	House	Senate
City: Louisville		─ □ Passed □ Defeated	Passed Defeated

1 2	An Act Relating To the ban of flavors in e-cigarettes along with implementation of a state-wide e-cigarette educational unit for Kentucky Schools
3	
4	Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky
5	
6	Section 1: A new law will be established to ban flavors of e-cigarettes in Kentucky due to flavors being the primary
7	cause of underage vaping and addiction, which can lead to death.
8	
9	Section 2: Banning flavors will influence children and adults to stop vaping, due the fact that flavors will be
10	no longer available. People are drawn to vaping because of the taste.
11	
12	Section 3: In addition, every Kentucky school must offer a one week unit on the topic of vaping that will be
13	presented through the I Just Didn't Know Program established by the Foundation for a Healthy Kentucky.
14	According to studies, 63% of people between the ages of 15-24 do not realize that their devices contain
15	nicotine, therefore it is necessary for students to learn about these products. This program will educate
16 17	teens about the false rumors and the effects vaping has on young adult bodies.
18	Section 4: This law will decrease young teens interest in vaping and therefore will lead to less addiction to
19	e-cigarettes overall.
20	
21	Section 5: This law will apply to all brands and types of e-cigarettes, and will prohibit any making or selling
22	of flavored vaping devices in Kentucky.
23	
24	Section 6: This law will not require funding but will rely on a partnership between the Foundation for a
25	Healthy Kentucky and the Kentucky Department of Education to allow for the usage of the I Just Didn't
26	Know Program.
27	
28	Section 7: The ban on flavors will take effect immediately upon passage of this law; the education
29	component will be implemented in the 2020-2021 school year.

the KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY	Red   CW 46 Referred to Committee:	
<b>Commonwealth Bill</b>	Referred to Hous	
Sponsors: Allie Anliker, Brooks Barnum, John Oliver	Action or	n the Bill
School: Sacred Heart Model MS	House	Senate
City: Louisville		

1	An Act Relating To the education of human trafficking in Kentucky Schools
2	
3	Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky
4	
5	Section 1: KRS 156.095 will be amended as follows: All schools in Kentucky must provide courses on the signs and
6	dangers of human trafficking. This program is for all students in grades 6–12 and must be incorporated twice each
7	year.
8 9	Casting 2. Educational company sill and ideated with information on home to fficting including that
9 10	Section 2: Educational courses will provide students with information on human trafficking, including what it is, how it occurs, who is targeted, how to spot it and how to avoid it.
11	it is, now it occurs, who is targeted, now to spot it and now to avoid it.
12	Section 3: Also included in this amendment is the provision that will require mandatory training for all
13	school staff, faculty and administration on human trafficking and the areas noted in Section 2. The training
14	program materials will be chosen by the Kentucky Department of Education.
15	
16	Section 4: The information will be made available on all school websites for parents to access along with
17	other websites and contacts for additional questions on human trafficking.
18	
19	Section 5: The school programs will be conducted by certified trained professionals. School administrators
20 21	will be certified based on the mandatory training programs they must complete. The course content will be modified to be age appropriate for the grade level as students in 6 <sup>th</sup> -12 <sup>th</sup> grade will be included.
22	modified to be age appropriate for the grade level as students in 0 <sup>sh</sup> 12 <sup>sh</sup> grade will be included.
23	Section 6: The expenses to incorporate this program in the schools will be added to the budget that is
24	already in place for the suicide prevention programs.
25	,
26	Section 7: This bill will be enacted in the 2020-2021 school year.

	Red   CW 47	
the KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Commonwealth Bill	<b>Referred to Co</b> House	
Sponsors: Dylan Alphenaar, Jane Hochman, Sydney Webb, Keller Mobley	Action on t	he Bill
School: Sacred Heart Model MS	House	Senate
City: Louisville		🗆 Passed 🗆 Defeated

1	An Act Relating To the Quality of Healthcare in Kentucky Public Schools		
2			
3	Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky		
4			
5	Section 1: A proposal to implement a new law requiring every public school/school district in Kentucky to have one		
6	Licensed Practical Nurse (LPN) for every 500 students at the start of the school year and one Registered Nurse		
7	(RN) for every 10 schools in a district. For districts with less than 10 schools only one RN will be required to		
8	oversee the district. The number of LPNs will always be based on student number, not number of schools.		
9			
10	Section 2: Currently, there is no pending legislation or law that requires Kentucky public schools to employ		
11	a nurse; therefore, a new law will be implemented to provide opportunities to nurses with an LPN status to		
12	provide a higher quality healthcare program in Kentucky public schools.		
13			
14	Section 3: This law includes the ability for all adults who have finished nursing school and who have a		
15	minimum of an LPN status to be assigned as a school nurse, as well as a RN to each school district.		
16			
17	Section 4: By initiating this bill, LPNs and RNs will have an opportunity to secure a paid position with the		
18	schools. Additionally, by participating in this program, hired individuals will be offered a minimization of		
19	their student loan debt through a TEACH Grant, in which high need jobs are filled. Student and teachers will		
20	benefit by the presence of nurse professionals to assist with allergies, injuries, illnesses and other health		
21	conditions.		
22			
23	Section 5: The Kentucky Department of Education along with local school administrators will be responsible		
24	for identifying the number of nurses needed in each district.		
25			
26	Section 6: This law will be initiated in the 2020-2021 school year, and the entire law should be fully		
27	implemented with staffing requirements met by the 2021-22 school year.		

<b>KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION</b>	Red   CW 48	
the KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY		
<b>Commonwealth Bill</b>	<b>Referred to Committee:</b> Senate 5	
Sponsors: Hannah King, Emily Gravatte, James Monroe	Action on the Bill	
School: Seton Catholic School	House Senate	
City: Lexington	Passed Passed  Passed  Defeated  Defeated	

1	An act to require all major companies in Kentucky to provide 6 weeks of paid paternity and 12 weeks of paid
2	maternity leave for all full-time employees.
3	
4	Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky
5	
6	Section 1: Major companies employee 251+ employees.
7	
8	Section 2: Employees will be paid 60% of their salary while on paternity leave.
9	
10	Section 3: If an employee chooses not to take the entire leave, they will not be reimbursed for the time
11	they have remaining.
12	
13	Section 4: The employer does not reserve the right to replace the employee during the leave but may hire a
14	temporary replacement during the leave
15	
16	Section 5: This bill will be monitored by the KY Labor Cabinet and will go into effect January 2021.

KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION	Red   CW 49
the KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Commonwealth Bill	<b>Referred to Committee:</b> House 5
Sponsors: Brody Bortz, Jack Reeves, Jacob Whitney, Luke Wilkerson	Action on the Bill
School: Seton Catholic School	House Senate
City: Lexington	Passed  Passed  Passed  Defeated  Defeated

1	An act to require netting that catches garbage to be attached to the end of all storm drainage openings
2	leading into the Ohio River.
3	
4	Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky
5	
6	Section 1: Nets will catch the garbage before it is deposited into the Ohio River affecting the wildlife and eco-
7	system as well as the drinking water for approximately 865,000 Kentucky residents.
8	
9	Section 2: Nets will be cleaned and trash will be removed by The Kentucky Division of Water.
10	
11	Section 3: The cost of the implementation of this bill will be approximately \$1,000,000. This upfront cost
12	of this bill will eventually be offset by the decreased cost in the clean-up of the river. Maintenance of this
13	bill will be budgeted into the tasks of The Kentucky Division of Water.
14	
15	Section 4: This bill will be enacted July 1, 2020 in order to allow for the development and installation of
16	the nets.

	Blue   CW 50
the KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Commonwealth Bill	<b>Referred to Committee:</b> Senate 2
Sponsors: Natalie Shultz, Itzahy Lopez, Yuri Lopez, Charles Steppe	Action on the Bill
School: St. Agatha Academy	House Senate
City: Winchester	Passed     Passed       Defeated     Defeated

1	An Act Relating to Placing a Rehabilitation Center in every Local Jail and State Prison in Kentucky
2	
3	Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky
4	
5	Section 1: Drug addiction is a major problem in Kentucky. Because inmates would have to complete a rehabilitation
6	program, this bill would decrease repeated incarceration for drug-related charges. Sixty-eight percent of inmates in
7	state jails are incarcerated for drug-related charges; that is more than half of the inmates in local jails and state
8	prisons.
9	
10	Section 2: This bill requires education about the disease of addition. Inmates are required to attend
11	individual and peer support therapy for at least three hours a day for 1/3 of their sentence.
12	
13	Section 3: This bill will be funded by the Kentucky Department of Corrections (DOC).
14	
15	Section 4: This bill will be monitored by the Department of Corrections and the Substance Abuse Counselor
16	assigned to each inmate.
17	
18	Section 5: The program must be completed during incarceration with follow-ups after release. The judge
19	and the attending Substance Abuse Counselor will determine the length of monitoring after release.
20	
21	Section 6: This bill will go into effect on January 1, 2020.

	Red   CW 51	
the KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Commonwealth Bill	<b>Referred to (</b> Senat	
Sponsors: Anna Burzynski, Ava Miller, Lucy Klein, Luke Jeziorski	Action on	the Bill
School: St. Agnes School	House	Senate
City: Louisville	Passed	

1	An Act Relating To Feminine Hygiene Products As Essential Items
2	
3	Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky
4	
5	Section 1: A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 139 IS CREATED TO READ AS FOLLOWS: Feminine hygiene products
6	are essential items.
7	
8	Section 2: Currently in Kentucky, feminine hygiene products are considered non-essential items. These
9	products are taxed.
10	
11	Section 3: An essential item is a physical item required by a consumer in order to sustain health or life.
12	Essential items are not taxed.
13	
14	Section 4: A company that violates this law will be charged with a \$1,000 fine for the first offense, and a
15	\$2,000 fine for the second offense. This will be enforced by the Kentucky Department of Revenue.
16	
17	Section 5: Any statute contrary to this Act shall be amended or repealed.
18	
19	Section 6: This bill would go into effect on January 1, 2021

<b>KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION</b>	Red   CW 52
the KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Commonwealth Bill	<b>Referred to Committee:</b> Senate 4
Sponsors: Abby Crady, John Riley Kaufman, Clara Frye, Sophie Donohue	Action on the Bill
School: St. Agnes School	House Senate
City: Louisville	Passed  Passed  Passed  Defeated  Defeated

1	An Act Relating To State Required Boating Safety and Training Test
2	
3	Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky
4	
5	Section 1: A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 235 IS CREATED TO READ AS FOLLOWS: [1] All boat operators over
6	17 years of age are required to pass The Official Kentucky Boating Safety Course to receive a boating certification.
7	[2] Boat operators must have the certification on hand every time they drive a boat.
8	
9	Section 2: Currently in the Commonwealth of Kentucky, only those between 12 and 17 years of age are
10	required to take and pass the test in order to operate a boat. While driving, if you are 12-17 years old you
11	must be accompanied by an adult who has also taken the course. However, if you are 18 years of age or
12	older you are not required to have a certificate to operate a boat.
13	
14	Section 3: This bill will be enforced by the Kentucky Department of Fish and Wildlife Resources. There will
15	be a \$100 fine for the first time getting caught driving a boat without the certificate. It is a \$500 fine
16	every time after.
17	
18	Section 4: Any statute contrary to this Act shall be amended or repealed.
19	
20	Section 5: This bill will go into effect January 1, 2020.

	Red   CW	53
the KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Commonwealth Bill	<b>Referred to Con</b> House 1	
Sponsors: Sam Jemley, Carter Jury, Brody Boone, Jake McIntyre	Action on th	ne Bill
School: St. Agnes School	House	Senate
City: Louisville	Passed Defeated	_  Passed _  Defeated

1	An Act Relating To The Distance of Smoke Shops from Schools and Hospitals
2	
3	Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky
4	
5	Section 1: A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 438 IS CREATED TO READ AS FOLLOWS: The distance between smoke
6	shops can be no less than 3.5 miles from a school or hospital.
7	
8	Section 2: A smoke shop is defined as a business that 75% of their income comes from nicotine products.
9	
10	Section 3: All businesses that are within 3.5 miles of a school or hospital will be given a 2 year waiting
11	period to either close their doors or relocate. If they don't relocate within 2 years, they will be forced to
12	close their doors. This will be enforced by the Planning and Zoning Commission in each county of Kentucky.
13	
14	Section 4: Any statute contrary to this Act shall be amended or repealed.
15	
16	Section 5: This bill will go into effect on February 1, 2020.

the KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Commonwealth Bill	Red   CW 54 Referred to Committee: House 2
Sponsors: Nora Kubat, Trevi Woommavovah	Action on the Bill
School: St. James Catholic Regional School	House Senate
City: Elizabethtown	Passed  Passed  Passed  Defeated  Defeated

1	An Act that all dog breeders must have a license	
2		
3	Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky	
4		
5	Section 1: In the state of Kentucky, all commercial dog breeders have to have a license in order to breed and sell	
6	puppies. Currently, you do not have to have a license to breed and sell. The license will cost \$15.	
7		
8	Section 2: When you receive the license, the breeder is agreeing to annual checks of the business and test	
9	to verify their qualification to be a breeder.	
10		
11	Section 3: This bill will be enforced by the US Department of Agriculture (USDA)	
12		
13	Section 4: If they are caught breeding and do not have a license the following fines will be implemented: -	
14	First offense: \$1500 fine -Second offense: \$3500 fine -Third offense: \$5000 fine and animals removed	
15	from the owners possession and banned from breeding for two years	
16		
17	Section 5: This bill will go into effect January 2021.	

the KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY	Red	
<b>Commonwealth Bill</b>	<b>Referred to</b> Sena	
Sponsors: Mason Baldwin, Landon Hagan	Action o	n the Bill
School: St. James Catholic Regional School	House	Senate
City: Elizabethtown	🗆 Passed 🗋 Defeated	Passed Defeated

1	An Act to ban smoking in public parks	
2		
3	Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky	
4		
5	Section 1: This bill will ban smoking in all public parks. Parks are notorious for having many child and infants, which	
6	could cause them to breathe in the smoke. Second-hand smoke can harm these non-fully developed children.	
7		
8	Section 2: There will be "No smoking" signs added in all parks across the state of Kentucky to help enforce	
9	this. These will cost between \$20- \$50 depending on the size of the sign.	
10		
11	Section 3: The local police departments and park rangers will enforce this bill.	
12		
13	Section 4: If someone is caught smoking in a park, the following will be implemented: -first offense: \$100	
14	fine -second offense: \$250 fine -third offense: \$1000 fine and reoccurring for all offenses after	
15		
16	Section 5: This bill will go into effect January 1, 2020 to give the state time to set-up the signs around the	
17	state.	

	Red   CW 56	
the KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Commonwealth Bill	<b>Referred to Committee:</b> House 3	
Sponsors: Piper Renaud, Victoria Smith, McKenna Johnson, Avery Powers	Action on the Bill	
School: St. James Catholic Regional School	House Senate	
City: Elizabethtown	🗆 Passed 🗆 Passed Defeated Defeated	

1	An Act to ban vaping in public places
2	
3	Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky
4	
5	Section 1: This bill will ban vaping in all public areas, including schools, restaurants, special event locations, etc.
6	Vaping is proven to be dangerous to the mind and heart and can cause various diseases.
7	
8	Section 2: The Kentucky Department of Health will enforce this bill.
9	
10	Section 3: If someone is caught vaping in public, the following fines will be enforced: -First offense: \$500 -
11	Second offense: \$1000 -Third offense: Charged as a misdemeanor crime
12	
13	Section 4: This bill will go into effect May 31, 2020.

	Red   (	CW 57
the KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Commonwealth Bill	<b>Referred to</b> Sena	
Sponsors: Colton Spalding, Carlee Hite, Thomas Chevalier	Action o	n the Bill
School: St. Joseph ES	House	Senate
City: Shepherdsville	Passed Defeated	Defeated

Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky           Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky           Section 1: To require schools with self-contained classrooms to have students with mental disabilities to be in mainstream classrooms at a minimum of seventy-five (75) percent of the school day. Kentuckians need this law because it provides more opportunities for mentally disabled students to succeed.           Section 2: The disorders that apply to this bill are: intellectual disorders, communication disorders, Autism Spectrum, Attention Deficit Hyper-Activity Disorder (ADHD), Attention Deficit Disorder (ADD), personality disorders, and Down Syndrome. Twelve (12) percent of children in American public schools receive special education services. According to http://faculty.knox.edu mainstreaming means nothing more than moving a child out of both special education self-contained classrooms and pull-out programs and putting him/her in a "regular" classroom - in the "mainstream" of schooling. According to http://www.ascd.org (the Association for Supervision and Curriculum Development), most educators who work in elementary schools define the self-contained classrooms as one in which a pupil is under the guidance of one teacher for most of his school-sponsored activities. Almost thirty (30) years of research has shown that teaching regular curriculum to disabled students is beneficial for disabled students, according to https://www.thinkinclusive.us. Resource teachers are to be made available for the mainstream classrooms when the disabled student(s) is/are present. Severe disorder cases will be exempt from this bill.           Section 3: No additional funding will be needed because this bill simply allows students to stay in a mainstream classroom for seventy-five (75) percent of the school day.           Secti	1	An Act Relating To Disabled Students in Mainstream Classrooms
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KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION	Red   (	CW 58
the KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Commonwealth Bill	Referred to Hous	
Sponsors: Wesley Hughes, Teagan Adams, Noah Jennings	Action or	n the Bill
School: St. Joseph ES	House	Senate
City: Shepherdsville	Passed Defeated	Passed Defeated

1	An Act Relating To Mountaintop Removal Mining
2	
3	Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky
4	
5	Section 1: To prohibit mountaintop removal mining. This law is needed in the Commonwealth of Kentucky because
6	this law will prevent major air and water pollution, cancer, and serious lung diseases, according to
7	www.appvoices.org, in areas where mountaintop removal mining is present.
8	
9	Section 2: Mountaintop removal is when coal companies first raze, or destroy an entire mountainside,
10	ripping trees from the ground and clearing brush with huge tractors. This debris is then set ablaze as deep
11	holes are dug for explosives according to earthjustice.org. Mountaintop removal mining has destroyed more
12	than 500 mountains encompassing over 1 million acres in Central and Southern Appalachia, according to
13	www.appvoices.org. More than five hundred (500) mountains have been decapitated by mountaintop
14	removal, three hundred (300) of those in Eastern Kentucky. A million acres in Kentucky have been affected,
15	and the miles of streams destroyed or severely degraded exceeds 1,400. In recent years, several peer-
16	reviewed studies have demonstrated that people living near mountaintop mining have cancer rates of
17	14.4% compared to 9.4% for people elsewhere in Appalachia, also according to kftc.org. There are other
18	ways to mine coal which are having underground mines, shaft mines, or a contour mine which are more
19	efficient and have less effect on the environment. Some of the main forms of mining are strip mining,
20	mountaintop removal, and dredging. On average, a coal company in Kentucky makes about \$126,500,000 a
21	year, according to https://www.americangeosciences.org.
22	Castian 2. No additional funding will be needed
23 24	Section 3: No additional funding will be needed.
24 25	Section 4: The Kentucky Division of Conservation (KDC) will enforce this law.
25 26	Section 4: The Kentucky Division of Conservation (KDC) will emore this law.
27	Section 5: Companies who fail to abide by this law will be punished by the following: First offense: two
28	million dollars (\$2,000,000) will be charged to the mining company. Second offense: five million dollars
29	(\$5,000,000) will be charged and the mining company will be put on probation of construction for one (1)
30	month. Third offense: ten million dollars (\$10,000,000) will be charged and the mining company will be put
31	on probation of construction for three (3) months. This penalty will continue if the companies do not abide
32	by it.
33	

34 Section 6: This bill will go into effect ninety (90) days after passage.

	Red   (	CW 59
the KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY	<b>Referred to</b>	Committee:
Commonwealth Bill	Sena	
Sponsors: Lukas Florence, Aiden Cornell, Ashlyn Miles	Action o	n the Bill
School: St. Joseph ES	House	Senate
City: Shepherdsville	Passed  Defeated	Passed Defeated

1	An Act Relating To Prescribers of Opioids
2	
3	Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky
4	
5	Section 1: To require prescribers to give a max amount of ten (10) opioid pills when prescribing to their patients.
6	Kentucky needs this law because according to https://www.drugabuse.gov/ out of 100 prescriptions 86.8% were
7	opioid prescriptions. This will help reduce the drug and overdose problem in Kentucky.
8	
9	Section 2: According to https://www.drugabuse.gov/, an opioid is a drug used to relieve moderate to severe
10	pain. An example of a pill form of opioids is legal prescriptions called Oxycodone, Hydrocodone, morphine
11	and many others. In 2017, it was reported that there were 1,160 reported opioid-involved deaths in
12	Kentucky. Opioids can also cause more serious effects that can be life-threatening like shallow breathing,
13	slow heart rate, and loss of consciousness. If the patient needs more opioids for their pain they will have
14	to consult their doctor for a refill.
15	
16	Section 3: This bill will have no additional cost.
17	
18	Section 4: The Department of Kentucky Office of Drug Control will enforce this law.
19	
20	Section 5: Prescribers who fail to abide by this law will receive a warning for their first penalty. For the
21	second penalty their prescription license will be suspended for a total of one hundred and eighty (180)
22	days. For the third penalty their prescription license will be revoked.
23	
24	Section 6: This bill will go into effect ninety (90) days after passage.

	Blue   CW 60
the KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Commonwealth Bill	<b>Referred to Committee:</b> House 4
Sponsors: Gavin Law, Ian Cottingham, Link Priest	Action on the Bill
School: St. Joseph Interparochial School	House Senate
City: Bowling Green	Passed Passed Defeated Defeated

An Act Relating To school safety requiring school resource officers to be armed throughout the Commonwealth of Kentucky
Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky
Section 1: SECTION 1. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 158 IS CREATED TO READ AS FOLLOWS: (1) All school
resource officers, currently assigned to designated schools, will carry a standard issued firearm. (2) The police force
of the county that the resource officers work in will supply the standard issued firearm. (3) School districts that do
not implement this law will be fined the cost of the standard issued firearm.
Section 2: Section 2. Any statute contrary to this Act shall be amended or repealed.
Section 3: Section 3. This Act takes effect July 1, 2020.

the <b>KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION</b>	Blue	CW 61
Commonwealth Bill	<b>Referred to</b> Hou	Committee: se 3
Sponsors: Charlotte Ingle, Clementine Connell, Max Koch, Audrey Elser	Action on the Bill	
School: Sts. Peter and Paul School – Lexington	House	Senate
City: Lexington	Defeated	Defeated

1	An act relating to physical fitness time in schools
2	
3	Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky
4	
5	Section 1: A new section of KRS Chapter 158 is created to read as follows: All public schools in Kentucky shall
6	provide 15 minutes of physical activity for all grades, K-12, every school day.
7	
8	Section 2: Funds are appropriated through the Kentucky State budget and public school budgets.
9	
10	Section 3: Failure to implement this law will result in the following: 1st time offense- written warning to
11	school 2nd time offense- mandatory professional development on the benefits of physical activity for
12	students for all faculty 3rd time offense- the school ranking will drop by 1 star on the 5 star system.
13	
14	Section 4: This law shall go into effect January 1, 2021.

the KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSOCIATION KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Commonwealth Bill	Blue   CW 62 Referred to Committee: Senate 1
Sponsors: Alexis Holmes, Caroline Akers, Louis de Wet, Ella Thiel	Action on the Bill
School: Sts. Peter and Paul School – Lexington	House Senate
City: Lexington	Passed Passed Defeated Defeated

1	An Act Relating To Educate and Help Middle School and High School Students Deal with and Prevent Anxiety
2	
3	Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky
4	
5	Section 1: A new section of KRS Chapter 158 is created to read as follows: To require all middle schools in
6	Kentucky to provide a mental health education course related to stress and anxiety.
7	
8	Section 2: Funds are appropriated through the Kentucky State budget and school board budgets.
9	
10	Section 3: Failure to implement the class will result in the following: First Offense: The ranking of the
11	school drops one star on the Kentucky new 5 star system. Second Offense: The ranking of the school drops
12	a second star, and the faculty is required to take a course on teaching the class Third Offense: The school's
13	funding will be reduced by no less than 5%, but not more than 10% for the cost of that class.
14	
15	Section 4: This law shall go into effect July 1, 2021.

the KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY	Blue   CW 63	
<b>Commonwealth Bill</b>	<b>Referred to Committee:</b> House 1	
Sponsors: Bailee Beauman, Ava Emmert, Caitlyn Kelley, Vivian Pierce	Action on the Bill	
School: Sts. Peter and Paul School – Lexington	House Senate	
City: Lexington	Passed     Passed       Defeated     Defeated	

1	An Act Relating To make 25% of playground equipment in each of Kentucky's public elementary schools
2	handicapped accessible.
3	
4	Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky
5	
6	Section 1: A new section of KRS Chapter 157 is created to read as follows: All Kentucky public elementary schools
7	must provide 25% of playground accessible equipment for handicapped students.
8	
9	Section 2: Failure to implement this law will result in the following: First year of non-compliance- written
10	warning and added to a public list of non-compliant schools Second year of non-compliance- reduction of
11	school funding Third year of non-compliance- Audit by the Department of Education
12	
13	Section 3: Funds are appropriated through school taxes and the IDEA (Individuals with Disabilities Act.)
14	
15	Section 4: This law shall go into effect July 1, 2021.

the KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Commonwealth Bill	Blue   C Referred to Co Senate	ommittee:
Sponsors: Cheyanne Goodwin, Hailey Lenderman, Lillian Hale	Action on the Bill	
School: Stuart Pepper MS	House	Senate
City: Brandenburg	Passed Defeated	🗆 Passed 🗆 Defeated

1 2	An Act to install pollution control nets on selected drainage pipes in major cities in the Commonwealth of Kentucky.
3	
4	Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky
5	be it endeted by the Fourit Assembly of the common weath of Kentucky
6	Section 1: This bill will result in installation of pollution control nets on selected drainage pipes in major cities all
7	across Kentucky. We will start with the larger cities that need it the most like Louisville, Lexington, Bowing Green,
8	and more. Pollution has become a huge problem in Kentucky. Water pollution in, Louisville, has a water pollution
9	index of 40.38%. We want to find a way to drastically reduce this and we think we have the solution by adding
10	these drainage catch nets that stop debris before it enters our waterways.
11	
12	Section 2: This net is made out of artificial polyamides like nylon, wood, or silk threading, which is safe for
13	aquatic life. It can accommodate an 18"-30" diameter pipe holding upwards of 800+ pounds of solid waste,
14	which is normally carried by storm water.
15	
16	Section 3: The funding for this project will be paid by accessing an EPA tax (Resident=\$0.50, Non
17	Resident=\$1.00) on KY Hunting and Fishing license. This tax will not be a huge fee to endure for true
18	outdoorsmen that want to preserve our state ecosystem for future use. The Kentucky Department of Fish
19	and Wildlife will have oversight making sure that these nets are installed for their intended purpose.
20	
21	Section 4: The first year of the project will be a learning period (Lessons=Learned). If proven successful and
22	the project is continued into a second year then we will extend the project out to five more major Kentucky
23	cities. More cities will be added with continued success each year. A contractor, which will be supervised by
24	the Kentucky Department of Natural Resources, could easily perform the task of minimal funding. The
25	debris will be sorted: green waste converted into mulch, recycled non-recyclable materials separated and
26	recycled as necessary.

	Blue   CW 65
the KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Commonwealth Bill	<b>Referred to Committee:</b> House 5
Sponsors: Mary Brooke Stith, Van Littrel, Grant King	Action on the Bill
School: Stuart Pepper MS	House Senate
City: Brandenburg	Passed  Passed  Passed  Passed  Defeated  Defeated

1 2	An act to require all motorcyclists and passengers to wear helmets while driving across roads in Kentucky.
2 3 4	Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky
5 6 7	Section 1: This bill will require all motorcyclists and passengers to wear helmets while driving across roads in Kentucky.
8 9 10 11	Section 2: The Department of Motor Vehicles (DMV) will notify all current licensees about this change in law with a formal written letter. The DMV will be required to advertise this to all future people seeking a license.
12 13 14 15	Section 3: There will be no funding required for this bill. This bill will be enforced by local and state law enforcements. Officers are already patrolling neighborhoods and streets so additional financial burden will be required.
16 17 18 19 20 21	Section 4: The first violation of this law and a \$75 fine will be given. A second offense will result in a fine of \$250. A third offense will result in a consequence of \$500, and every offense after will result in a fine of an additional \$150 upon the normal \$500 fine for the 3 rd offense. After the 5 th offense, the licensee will have their license suspended until they pay the fine, complete a drivers's education course, pass a written exam, and pass a vision test.
22	Section 5: This bill will take effect on January 1, 2020.

the KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Commonwealth Bill	Red   CV Referred to Co House	ommittee:
Sponsors: Allie Decima, Quinn Holtzman, Caitlyn Ingram	Action on the Bill	
School: Villa Madonna Academy ES	House	Senate
City: Villa Hills	Passed Defeated	🗆 Passed 🗆 Defeated

1	An Act Relating To Health Insurance Protections for People with Preexisting Conditions		
2			
3	Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky		
4			
5	Section 1: Repeal KRS 304.17A-220 that allows health insurance companies to exclude those with preexisting		
6	conditions, including, but not limited to, cancer, heart disease, asthma, diabetes, ADHD, and celiac disease.		
7			
8	Section 2: Reenact KRS 304.17A-230 prohibiting health insurance companies from refusing coverage for		
9	Kentuckians with preexisting conditions.		
10			
11	Section 3: This bill will go into effect upon passage.		

the <b>KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION</b>	Blue   CW 67	
Commonwealth Bill		<b>Committee:</b> ate 5
Sponsors: Max Rice, Maggie Smith, Nick Alexander	Action on the Bill	
School: Walton-Verona MS	House	Senate
City: Walton	Defeated	Passed Defeated

1 2 3

4

An act relating to nondiscrimination in access to anatomical gifts and organ transplantation

## Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

5 Section 1: (1) Kentucky residents in need of organ transplants are entitled to assurances that they will not 6 encounter discrimination on the basis of a disability. (2) An individual who is a candidate to receive an organ shall 7 not be deemed ineligible to receive an organ solely because of the individual's physical or mental disability, unless 8 the physical or mental disability has been found by a physician to be medically significant to the provision of the 9 anatomical gift. If an individual has the necessary support system to assist the individual in complying with post-10 transplant medical requirements, an individual's inability to independently comply with those requirements shall not 11 be deemed to be medically significant. 12

13 Section 2: If a covered entity violates this section, the affected individual may bring an action in the

14 appropriate district court for injunctive relief. The district court shall apply the same standards in 15

rendering a judgment in the action as would be applied in an action brought in federal court under the

16 federal Americans with Disabilities Act.

	KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION	I		
the	KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY	Referred to	Committee:	
Sponsors: , , ,		Action on the Bill		
School:		House	Senate	
City:				

2