the	KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Bluegrass Bill	BG 1	
			Committee: se 2
Sponsors: Marley Smith, Raylee Riggs, Caroline Baker, Charlie Hurd		Action o	n the Bill
School: Echo Trail Middle School		House	Senate
City: Louisville		Passed Defeated	□ Passed □ Defeated

An Act Relating To State Assessment for Multilingual Students **Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky**

 Section 1. A new section of KRS chapter 158 is created to read as follows: All multilingual students are required to pass their summative English Language Proficiency Assessment before being required to take state assessments.

Section 2. There are significant educational gaps in Kentucky in regards to multilingual students. At this time, multilingual students receive a one-year exemption from state testing; after that, they are required to participate.

Section 3. Postponing state testing for multilingual learners would result in better scores and understanding the test more.

Section 4. This act will be overseen and administered by the Kentucky Department of Education.

Section 5. This bill will take effect at the beginning of the 2025–2026 school year for the state of Kentucky.

* KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION	BG 2	
the KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Bluegrass Bill	Referred to Sena	Committee: te 1
Sponsors : Adamy Bryan, Kaleah Thomspon, Patrick Rohde, Karissa McWherter	Action o	n the Bill
School: Echo Trail Middle School	House	Senate
City: Louisville	□ Passed □ Defeated	Defeated

An Act Relating To Paid Maternity Leave Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

SECTION 1. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 337 IS CREATED TO READ AS FOLLOWS: All employers are mandated to compensate individuals who take maternity leave.

SECTION 2: Employers would be required to pay the employee their weekly salary as usual for the first nine weeks. After that, the employee must be paid at least 65% of their annual salary, per week, for the remainder of the leave, up to 12 full weeks. The payments will follow the employees salary schedule.

SECTION 3: A company who fails to meet this mandate, will be charged with a Class C misdemeanor, and fined each week until met.

SECTION 4: This bill will go into effect March 1st, 2025.

the	KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Bluegrass Bill	BG 3	
		Referred to Hou s	Committee: se 1
Sponsors: Oliver clear, Luke Sells, Caden Calulot, Jake Clark		Action o	n the Bill
School: Edythe J. Hayes MS		House	Senate
City: Lexington		□ Passed □ Defeated	□ Passed

An Act Relating To Reducing the Use of Plastics in Kentucky Schools **Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky**

SECTION 1: A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 160 IS CREATED TO READ AS FOLLOWS: Beginning in the school year 2025–2026, all Kentucky school districts will transition away from single use plastic eating utensils in cafeterias to promote environmental sustainability and reducing waste.

SECTION 2: This bill aims to reduce plastic waste in Kentucky public schools by phasing out single-use plastics and promoting sustainable alternatives. Schools are encouraged to transition to sustainable alternatives such as utensils made from metals, bamboo, or other certified compostable materials.

SECTION 3: The Kentucky Energy and Environment Cabinet (EEC) will start a special fund to help schools buy eco-friendly utensils. The will also set up a grant program where schools can apply for financial assistance to cover the costs of purchasing sustainable utensils. This approach makes sure that all schools, particularly those in economically disadvantaged areas, have access to necessary funds without straining their individual budgets. Additionally, the money that schools save on purchasing plastic utensils will be repurposed for investing in more sustainable materials, such as metal or bamboo. Estimated initial cost of this transition is approximately \$1.9 million dollars, which is less than 1% of the Kentucky Department of Education's \$6.4 billion annual budget.

SECTION 4: The Kentucky Department of Education as well as Kentucky Energy and Environment Cabinet shall oversee the implementation of this policy, providing guidelines for schools on the effective transition from single-use plastic to sustainable alternatives. Schools will be in full compliance by 2027.

the	KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Bluegrass Bill	BG 4	
		Referred to Sena	Committee: te 1
Sponsors: Hadley Passage, Abe Taylor, Faith Spence, Luke Kite		Action o	n the Bill
School: Edythe J. Hayes MS		House	Senate
City: Lexington		□ Passed □ Defeated	□ Passed □ Defeated

An Act Relating To Term Limits for Kentucky Legislators Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

 SECTION 1: A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 6 IS CREATED TO READ AS FOLLOWS: This law introduces term limits for members of the Kentucky General Assembly to ensure new ideas and leadership are continually brought into our government in an effort to improve our great state.

SECTION 2: No legislator will serve more than eight years in total in the Kentucky General Assembly, whether in the House of Representatives or the Senate. Representatives can only serve four terms (8 years total). Senators can only serve two terms (8 years total).

SECTION 3: This term limit law will apply to all members of the General Assembly who are up for re-election. If a member has already served the maximum time allowed when this law begins, they will be ineligible to run for re-election.

SECTION 4: The Kentucky Secretary of State will ensure that this new law is followed and will ensure that candidates meet the requirements before they run for office again.

SECTION 5: This bill will take effect with any statewide elections beginning in the year 2025.

the	KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Bluegrass Bill	BG 5	
			Committee: se 1
Sponsors: Kaylee Marlin, Hester Blanckenberg, ,		Action o	on the Bill
School: Franklin-Simpson MS		House	Senate
		□ Passed	□ Passed
City: Franklin		Defeated	Defeated

An Act Relating To Enforcing Vape Detectors In All Middle and High Schools **Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky**

Section 1: This bill will require all middle and high schools in Kentucky to install vape detectors in bathrooms and locker rooms. The locker rooms must be connected to the main school building, not located in separate external buildings.

Section 2: The vape detectors will notify school administrators when smoke or vapor is detected in the area. Notifications will be sent through text and/or email, giving administrators the chance to identify who was vaping. The presence of these detectors will discourage students from attempting to vape in restrooms.

Section 3: This is important for Kentucky because many young people are vaping and trying to avoid detection by using bathrooms. These detectors will stop students from vaping in those spaces once they know they are being monitored. Vaping at a young age can lead to respiratory problems and reduce physical activity, making it harder for students to participate in sports or stay healthy. It can also negatively affect learning and the school environment. This is why it's illegal to buy or sell vapes to anyone under the age of 21.

Section 4: Thanks to the increase in funding from the 2024 Kentucky budget, school districts will be responsible for paying for the vape detectors in all middle and high schools using the additional funds provided to them.

Section 5: Penalties for schools that don't comply with this law: First Offense: Warning Second Offense: \$1,000 fine Third Offense: \$5,000 fine, with continued fines until vape detectors are installed.

Section 6: The Kentucky Department of Education will be responsible for enforcing this bill.

Section 7: Any laws that conflict with this bill will be repealed.

Section 8: This law will take effect on January 1, 2026.

the	KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Bluegrass Bill	BG 6	
			Committee:
Sponsors: Owenn Wilhite, Sadie Konow, Kenidee Estep,		Action o	n the Bill
School: Franklin-Simp	son MS	House	Senate
		□ Passed	□ Passed
City: Franklin		Defeated	L Defeated

An Act Relating To Metal Detectors In All Public Middle And High Schools In Kentucky

Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: This law will require metal detectors to be placed in all middle and high schools to reduce the chances of students bringing in prohibited items.

Section 2: These metal detectors will detect weapons, vapes, and other harmful items. When triggered, they will alert school staff to check for any dangerous or unwanted items students may have brought into the building.

Section 3: The goal of this bill is to keep schools safe by preventing prohibited items from entering the building. It can sometimes be difficult to notice when a student is carrying a weapon or other harmful objects, but metal detectors can stop these items from entering the school.

Section 4: The funding for these metal detectors will come from the budget passed during the 2024 General Assembly. This funding is part of House Bill 6, which focuses on school safety.

Section 5: The penalties for schools that do not follow this law are as follows: First Offense: Warning to the school district Second Offense: \$1,000 fine for each month the metal detectors are not in place

Section 6: This law will be enforced by the Kentucky Department of Education and the Kentucky Center for School Safety.

Section 7: Any laws that conflict with this bill will be repealed.

Section 8: This law will take effect on July 1, 2025.

the	KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Bluegrass Bill	BG 7	
			Committee: se 2
Sponsors: Carter Johns	on, Owen Sharer, Grady Hodges, Charlz McCutchen	Action o	n the Bill
School: Franklin-Simpso	on MS	House	Senate
City: Franklin		Passed Defeated	□ Passed □ Defeated

An Act Relating To Prohibiting The Use Of Hand-Held Cellular Devices While Driving In Kentucky

Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: This bill will place restrictions on the use of cellular devices while driving on Kentucky roads. Cellular devices include phones, iPads, computers, and similar electronic devices.

Section 2: This bill does not completely ban the use of devices while driving. Drivers can still use their devices if they are connected to the car's system, or through hands-free options like earbuds, AirPods, or portable speakers.

Section 3: The main goal of this bill is to reduce distractions caused by cell phones while driving, helping to prevent car accidents and save lives. By keeping drivers' attention on the road, the number of car crashes is expected to decrease by about 38% each year.

Section 4: This bill will not require any funding from the Commonwealth of Kentucky.

Section 5: The penalties for breaking this law are: First Offense: A warning Second Offense: A ticket Repeated violations will result in more tickets and could lead to points being added to the driver's license or other penalties.

Section 6: This bill will be enforced by local and state law enforcement agencies throughout the Commonwealth of Kentucky.

Section 7: Any laws that conflict with this bill will be repealed.

Section 8: This law will take effect on January 1, 2026.

the	KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Bluegrass Bill	BG 8	
			Committee: se 2
Sponsors: Bryce Strode, John Carson Vergara, ,		Action o	n the Bill
School: Hopkinsville MS		House	Senate
City: Hopkinsville		□ Passed □ Defeated	□ Passed □ Defeated

An Act Relating To Implementing A Mandatory Recycling Plan For All Commercial Businesses And Institutions
Of Learning In Kentucky.

Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: Kentucky is one of the 27 states across the United States that currently has at least one mandatory recycling law in place. Our current law addresses state agencies and institutions of higher education, but there is so much more we could be doing as a state. With Kentucky generating 712.4 million pounds of garbage annually, we could do more as a state to ensure the future of Kentucky through mandated recycling programs.

Section 2: Our bill would require every commercial business and institution of learning in Kentucky to have a plan in place for recycling in their building. This plan will include how they will collect recycling and how they will transport those items to the recycling center. These plans will be posted so they can be accessible to all workers and employees. Kentucky currently has a law requiring state agencies and institutions of higher learning to have recycling plans, but no one else.

Section 3: If a business or educational institution does not have a recycling plan in place by January 1, 2026, they will be fined \$100 for the first offense, \$500 for the second offense and \$1000 for the third offense. After this, a business will close until a plan is developed. This will be monitored by the Kentucky Department of Environmental Protection (D.E.P.).

Section 4: There is no cost to implement this bill to the state because each individual business will create their own plan.

Section 5: This bill will go into effect January 1, 2026.

the	KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Bluegrass Bill	BG 9	
			Committee: se 2
Sponsors : Bentley Pennington, Brantley Pennington, Corbin Shepherd, Isaiah Blanton		Action o	n the Bill
School: James D. Adam	s MS	House	Senate
		□ Passed	□ Passed
City: Prestonsburg		Defeated	Defeated

An Act Relating To a stricter policy in schools on vaping and smoking. Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

 Section 1: A stricter policy is necessary for all schools in Kentucky, as vaping and smoking are prohibited by law.

Section 2: All schools in the state of Kentucky elementary through high school must enforce a policy where if a student is caught vaping/smoking they will be punished immediately. 1st offense- parents will be notified and after school detention with information given about the dangers of smoking tobacco and vaping. 2nd offense parents notified, in or after school suspension and mandatory smoking cessation class. 3rd offense-out of school and 15 hours of community service. 4th and continuous offenses- out-of-school suspension plus file beyond school control.

Section 3: In the state of Kentucky 26.1% of students in high school are vaping, while 10.0% of students are smoking. The purpose of this bill is to have a stricter policy and punishment if students are caught vaping or smoking.

Section 4: School Systems will have someone who follows up to ensure the rules are enforced.

Section 5: This bill will go into effect during the beginning of the 2024–2025 school year.

the	KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Bluegrass Bill	BG 10	
			Committee:
Sponsors: Scarlett Coo	ok, Luke Terry, Zoey Daniels,	Action o	n the Bill
School: James D. Adams MS		House	Senate
City: Prestonsburg		☐ Passed☐ Defeated	Defeated
enego i resconsourg			

An Act Relating To Reporting Bullying Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: Every school district in the state of Kentucky must have a local online platform for students to report bullying anonymously.

Section 2: Every school district must have assigned personnel to monitor and investigate an online platform within 24 hours of receiving report.

Section 3: KRS 158.148 to define 'bullying'; require a school board's code of acceptable behavior to prohibit bullying; require the code to include procedures for investigating and responding to reports of bullying and a method to protect a person reporting a bullying incident.

Section 4: This bill will go into effect during the 2024–2025 school term.

the	KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Bluegrass Bill	BG 11	
		Referred to	Committee: se 2
Sponsors: Wyatt Henderson, Abi Shoemaker, Peyton Claycomb, Tamryn Miller		Action o	n the Bill
School: LaRue Co. MS		House	Senate
City: Hodgenville		□ Passed □ Defeated	□ Passed □ Defeated

An Act to require metal detectors to be installed and utilized at any entrance used by students, staff, and/or the public to enter a public school building.

Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: Metal detectors are commonly used in airports, performing art centers, public government buildings, and courthouses. This bill calls for metal detectors to be installed and utilized at any entrance used by students, staff, and/or the public to enter a public school building

Section 2: This bill creates a new section of KRS Chapter 158.440 to read as follows: "The school board of each public school district has the authority to require the use of metal detectors be installed and utilized at any entrance used by students, staff, and/or the public to enter a public school building to prevent pupils from bringing dangerous instruments, deadly weapons or any other contraband into the schools. School boards exercising their authority under this section shall create clear rules about how the metal detectors will be used and which entrance(s) will be used to enter the school building."

Section 3: This bill will be funded by state funds allocated for school safety, federal grants aimed at improving school security, local school district budgets, and/or private donations or partnerships.

Section 4: This bill will be enforced by the Kentucky Department of Education through each local school board of education.

Section 5: This bill will be implemented during the 2025 – 2026 academic school year.

the	KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Bluegrass Bill	BG 12	
		Referred to Sena	Committee: te 1
Sponsors: Piper Troutman, Zan Hutchins, ,		Action o	n the Bill
School: LaRue Co. MS		House	Senate
City: Hodgenville		□ Passed □ Defeated	Passed Defeated

An Act Relating To the creation of an Animal Abuse Registry in Kentucky. **Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky**

Section 1: There is currently no statewide registry that lists people who have been convicted of animal abuse in Kentucky. This bill calls for the creation of an Animal Abuse Registry for Kentucky.

Section 2: This bill creates a new section of KRS Chapter 17 to read as follows: "1: The department shall develop and operate an animal abuse offender registry for offenders by January 1, 2026. 2: Once the department has developed the animal abuse registry an offender shall be required to register with the department for two (2) years for a first animal abuse offense and five (5) years for each subsequent animal abuse offense. After the offender's registration period, the department shall remove the offender's information (offender's name, age, county of residence, current photograph, a description of the crime or crimes committed) from the animal abuse offender registry. 3: Once the department has developed the animal abuse offender registry they will establish a website available to the public. The website will display offender information and will be updated at least once every thirty (30) days."

Section 3: A special fund will be created for the animal abuse registry. It will be paid for by people who are convicted of serious crimes against animals under Kentucky laws 525.125, 525.130, or 525.200.

Section 4: This bill will be enforced by the Department of Kentucky State Police.

Section 5: This bill will be implemented on July 1, 2025.

°	KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION	BG 13	
the	KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Bluegrass Bill	Referred to Hou s	Committee: se 1
Sponsors: Lyla Tipton, Kate Houlihan, ,		Action o	n the Bill
School: Seton Catholic School		House	Senate
City: Lexington		□ Passed □ Defeated	□ Passed □ Defeated

An Act Relating To eliminate food waste and address food insecurity

Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: Section 1 In Kentucky alone, 710,000 citizens face hunger on a daily basis. Of those citizens, 208,330 are children. That equals 1 in 5 children in Kentucky who face hunger every day. Kentuckians who experience low food security don't have the financial means to purchase healthy foods. Those who have very low food security can not purchase healthy foods, but also their meals are limited to ensure they can eat at least one meal daily.

Section 2 Nationally, about 30–40% of food in grocery stores is wasted due to food blemishes and inaccuracies with expiration dates. This is around 16 billion pounds of food a year; enough to essentially end hunger. Grocery stores over 10,000 square feet will be required to reduce their food waste to 10%. This will be accomplished by being more efficient when ordering food. Additionally, in order to reduce food waste grocery stores will be required to implement a system of donating excess food to local charities in accordance with the Bill Emerson Good Samaritan Food Donation Act.

Section 3 This bill will be enforced by the Cabinet for Health and Family Services.

Section 4 There will be no cost for the government to enact this bill.

Section 5 1st offense–Four week probation with reevaluation. 2nd offense–\$1,000 fine 3rd offense–\$5,000 fine 4th offense–Permit suspended until the store is in compliance.

Section 6 This bill will go into effect May 1, 2025.

· ·	KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION	BG 14	
the	KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Bluegrass Bill		Committee:
Sponsors: Elle Hauser, haddie Bender, Lily Lowery, Reagan McNulty		Action c	n the Bill
School: Seton Catholic School		House	Senate
City: Lexington		□ Passed □ Defeated	□ Passed □ Defeated

An Act Relating To prevent Bisphenol in school lunches.

Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

 Section 1 Our bill presents the idea that bisphenol should be banned in the Kentucky School District school lunches. Bisphenol is a bad preservative and is very unhealthy for the human body. Preservatives like this can mess with children's health.

Section 2 This bill is so important for plenty of reasons. One of the most important is children's health. We are living in a world where child obesity is becoming more and more common. By banning bisphenol our children, grandchildren, students, and family will have a better chance of living a longer and happier life!

Section 3 The program will be administered and enforced by the Kentucky Department of Health.

Section 4 There is no extra cost to this program. Section 5 This act will go into effect on August 1. 2025

KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION	
KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Bluegrass Bill Referred to Committee House 1	ee:
Sponsors: Brady Floyd, Braden Marcum, Cason Maynard, Action on the Bill	
School: Shelby Co. East MS House Sena	ate
= · · · · · · · = · · · · · · · ·	Passed Defeated

An Act Relating To The Safety of Students and Staff in Schools 1 2 Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky 3 4 Section 1: A NEW SECTION OF THE KRS CHAPTER 158 is created to read as follows: Schools require a wall-5 mounted emergency button to alert the police during the school day in the event of a serious emergency 6 (such as an active shooter situation). 7 8 Section 2: The button on the wall will be behind a password-protected safety shield. The teacher would type 9 in the password and hit the button. Emergency services would be dispatched immediately. 10 11 Section 3: Dispatch would be able to immediately alert the police to the exact location of the wall mount 12 button. 13 14 Section 4: This bill would be enacted during the 2025–2026 school year. 15 16 Section 5: Sales tax will increase from 6% to 6.25%. 17

Section 6: Any statute contrary to this Act shall be amended or repealed.

the	KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Bluegrass Bill	BG 16	
		Referred to Sen a	Committee: te 1
Sponsors: Madelyn Bradley, Briley Kurtz, Finley Benningfield,		Action o	n the Bill
School: St. Joseph-Bardstown		House	Senate
City: Shepherdsville		☐ Passed ☐ Defeated	□ Passed □ Defeated

An Act Relating To Verbal Harassment Against Sports Officials **Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky**

Section 1: Amend KRS Section 518.090 to include verbal abuse. Kentuckians need this law because according to the National Federation of State High School Associations, eighty percent (80%) of sports officials quit before their third year.

Section 2: As it stands, KRS 518.090 says A person is guilty of assault of a sports official when he intentionally causes physical injury to a sports official: (a) Who was performing sports official duties at the time the physical injury was perpetrated; or (b) If the physical injury occurs while the sports official is arriving at or departing from the athletic facility at which the athletic event occurred. This bill will add verbal abuse. According to domesticshelters.org Verbal abuse is a pattern of speaking with the intent to demean, humiliate, blame, or threaten the victim. There are many different types of verbal abuse, such as threatening somebody's property, family, or one's person, or using foul language against a sports official or other viewers. This law will be implemented for all sports officials such as umpires and referees.

Section 3: This bill will have no cost.

Section 4: The local sports administrators will enforce this law. For example, the Kentucky High School Athletic Association (KHSAA) will enforce this for high school sports.

Section 5: The penalties will be the same as they are for the current law and they are if one person commits this they will be punished with person a first offense, and be guilty of a Class A misdemeanor unless the defendant assembles with five (5) or more persons to assault a sports official, in which case it is a Class D felony. (4) A person who is guilty of assault on a sports official shall, for a second or subsequent offense, be guilty of a Class D felony.

Section 6: This bill will come into effect ninety (90) days after it is signed.

· ·	KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION	BG 17	
the	KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Bluegrass Bill	Referred to	Committee: se 1
Sponsors: Annie Ryan, Evelyn Ehringer, Amelia Filiatreau, Billie Hurst		Action o	n the Bill
School: St. Joseph-Bardstown		House	Senate
City: Shepherdsville		□ Passed □ Defeated	□ Passed □ Defeated
City: Shepherusville		belieuted	

An Act Relating To Baby Safe Boxes Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: An act to require a baby box at every county fire department in the Commonwealth of Kentucky. According to the website ScienceDirect.com, this act allows mothers to remain anonymous while keeping their infants safe.

Section 2: According to Kentucky Right to Life.org `A Baby Box is a safety device provided for under state's Safe Haven Law and legally permits a mother in crisis to safely, securely, and anonymously surrender if they are unable to care for their newborn. A Baby Box is installed in an exterior wall of a designated fire station or hospital. It has an exterior door that automatically locks upon placement of a newborn in the Baby Box, and an interior door that allows a medical staff member to secure the surrendered newborn from inside of the designated building.' According to Stateline.org `Baby boxes have saved fifty (50) babies lives in Kentucky,' All counties in Kentucky have a county fire department. After the baby is put in the baby safe box, it is then taken to the hospital for evaluation and CPS determines what to do next, and he/she usually results in foster care or adoption.

Section 3: Baby safe boxes are usually paid for through private donations and nonprofit organizations. If they are donated, government funding will be needed to pay for the box. Baby safe boxes cost about \$20,000, because the Baby box is temperature controlled, and has alarms in it to contact a trained adult. Additional funding will be needed to pay for the training of the firefighter(s).

Section 4: This law will be enforced by The Kentucky State Fire Marshal.

Section 5: Fire Stations will have up to six (6) years to install the boxes after passage.

the	KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Bluegrass Bill	BG 18	
			Committee:
Sponsors: Allie Greenwell, Sydney Chesser, Madeline Pis,		Action o	n the Bill
School: St. Joseph-Bardstown		House	Senate
City, Shanbardsvilla		☐ Passed☐ Defeated	□ Passed □ Defeated
City: Shepherdsville		L Deleated	Deleated

An Act Relating To Surveying New Land Purchases Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: To require a survey before the purchase of five (5) acres or more of land in the Commonwealth of Kentucky. Kentucky needs this law because according to https://www.forbesadvisor.com/ knowing your precise property lines can prevent potential disputes with your neighbors in many scenarios. You may also want to know these details before embarking on a significant project. This will reduce land problems over property lines in Kentucky.

Section 2: A property survey is an assessment of a piece of property that gives an official record of its size, location, and features. A house or land purchase is the act of acquiring ownership or possession of a piece of land by paying a certain price for it. Five (5) acres were chosen because according to https://www.attomdata.com, a leading provider of nationwide forty-one thousand four hundred eighty (41,480) houses were sold last year, therefor five (5) acre lots would only be a fraction of those sells not delaying the home buying process. Surveying land is beneficial to Kentucky because according to https://www.chase.com, a mortgage company, land surveys legally document and help demystify the boundaries and physical features of a plot of land. There are several reasons you may want a deeper understanding of these features, from determining property value for your mortgage lender to assessing the land ahead of building a new construction. According to Better Homes and Gardens, the knowledge gained from this survey is helpful to home buyers and developers to assess risks and potentially higher costs. If a survey has been recorded on the property in the last five (5) years a new survey would not have to be completed before purchase.

Section 3: The new home/landowner will have to pay for the cost of the survey. This cost can vary but an average survey of five (5) acres is from one thousand (1,000) to three thousand (3,000) dollars.

Section 4: The Kentucky Real Estate Authority (KREA) and the Kentucky Real Estate Commission (KREC) will enforce this law because they are two organizations that regulate real estate professionals in Kentucky.

Section 5: Homeowners would not be able to move forward with the purchasing of the property until the survey was completed and filed at the County/City Clerk's Office. Real estate agents will submit the survey with mortgage and homeownership documents during closing. No other penalties will be given.

Section 6: This bill will go into effect in ninety (90) days.

•	KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION	BG 19	
the	KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Bluegrass Bill		Committee:
Sponsors: Abby Miley, Ella Neeley, Emily Darnall, Natalie Mellenkamp		Action o	n the Bill
School: St. Patrick School		House	Senate
City: Maysville		□ Passed □ Defeated	□ Passed □ Defeated

An Act relating to adopting the Orton-Gillingham Approach to treat dyslexia

Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 158 IS CREATED TO READ AS FOLLOWS: Definitions: 'Orton-Gillingham Approach' means a direct, explicit, multisensory, structured, sequential, diagnostic, and prescriptive way to teach literacy when reading, writing, and spelling does not come easily to individuals, such as those with dyslexia; 'Dyslexia' has the same meaning as in KRS 158.307: "Dyslexia" means a specific learning disability that is neurological in origin. It is characterized by difficulties with accurate or fluent word recognition and by poor spelling and decoding abilities. These difficulties typically result from a deficit in the phonological component of language that is often unexpected in relation to other cognitive abilities and the provision of effective classroom instruction. Secondary consequences may include problems in reading comprehension and reduced reading experience that can impede the growth of vocabulary and background knowledge. Each superintendent or public charter school board shall adopt the Orton-Gillingham Approach for students in kindergarten through grade three (3) who have been identified as having dyslexia. All teachers of students in kindergarten through grade three (3), including public charter school teachers, shall be trained on the Orton-Gillingham Approach.

Section 2. This bill will be funded by the Kentucky Read to Achieve: Reading Diagnostic and Intervention Grant, and enforced by the Kentucky Department of Education will enforce this policy.

Section 3. Any statute contrary to this Act shall be amended or repealed.

•	KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION	BG 20	
the	KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Bluegrass Bill	Referred to Hou s	Committee: se 1
Sponsors: Alexis Coogle, Camden McMurtrey, ,		Action o	n the Bill
School: Talton K. Stone MS		House	Senate
City: Elizabethtown		□ Passed □ Defeated	□ Passed □ Defeated

An Act Requiring All Municipal Parks and Recreations Facilities To Have An AED. Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky Section 1: A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 311 IS CREATED TO READ AS FOLLOWS: All municipal parks and recreation facilities used for organized recreational sports programs are required to place one or more automated external defibrillator (AED) devices within 500 ft of all fields of play. Section 2: Local municipalities will install and maintain all AEDs at municipal parks and recreation facilities. Section 3:Visual or written instructions are required posted with all AEDs. Section 4: The Kentucky Department for Local Government (DLG) will oversee municipal compliance.

Section 5: This act takes effect on July 1, 2025.

	KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION	BG 21	
the	KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Bluegrass Bill		Committee:
Sponsors: Evelyn Holt, Anna Spears, Evelyn Shirts,		Action c	on the Bill
School: Talton K. Stone MS		House _	Senate
City: Elizabethtown		□ Passed □ Defeated	□ Passed □ Defeated

An Act Relating To Safeguards for Kentucky Students with Allergies and Staff Training

Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Section 1: A UPDATED SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 158 TO READ AS FOLLOWS: (a.) Each Kentucky public school is required to keep an injectable epinephrine device in a minimum of two (2) locations in the school, including but not limited to the school office and the school cafeteria, so that epinephrine may be administered to any student believed to be having a life-threatening allergic or anaphylactic reaction. Schools electing to keep injectable epinephrine devices shall maintain them in a secure, accessible, but unlocked location. The provisions of this paragraph shall apply to the extent that the injectable epinephrine devices are donated to a school or a school has sufficient funding to purchase the injectable epinephrine devices. (b) Each school is required to keep a bronchodilator rescue inhaler in a minimum of two (2) locations in the school, including but not limited to the school office and athletic office, so that bronchodilator rescue inhalers may be administered to any student believed to be having asthma symptoms or respiratory distress. Schools electing to keep bronchodilator rescue inhalers shall maintain them in a secure, accessible, but unlocked location. The provisions of this paragraph shall apply to the extent that the bronchodilator rescue inhalers are donated to a school or a school has sufficient funding to purchase the bronchodilator rescue inhalers. (c.) Each school is required to keep injectable epinephrine devices or bronchodilator rescue inhalers shall implement policies and procedures for managing a student's life-threatening allergic reaction, anaphylactic reaction, or asthma developed and approved by the local school board.

Section 2: In order to appropriately administer medication, all school administrators, all school nurses, and twenty-five percent (25%) of cafeteria staff (totaling at least five staff members employed by the school) are required to successfully complete Medication Administration training and maintain certification.

Section 3: The Kentucky Department of Education will oversee school participation.

Section 4: This act takes effect on July 1, 2025.

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•	KENTUCKY YMCA YOUTH ASSOCIATION	BG 22	
the	KENTUCKY YOUTH ASSEMBLY Bluegrass Bill	Referred to Sena	Committee: te 2
Sponsors: Lilly Kem, Rhyder Dowse, Scar Venable, Lane Loden		Action o	n the Bill
School: University Heights Academy MS		House	Senate
		Passed	Dassed
City: Hopkinsville		Defeated	Defeated

An Act Relating To The Installation of Surveillance Cameras in Public Parks Be it enacted by the Youth Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

SECTION 1: A NEW SECTION OF KRS 97 IS CREATED TO READ AS FOLLOWS: All public parks must install surveillance cameras in community areas and recreational facilities.

SECTION 2: Surveillance footage and equipment monitored by park or recreation board designated by the city.

SECTION 3: All surveillance footage shall be accessible to local and state law enforcement agencies.

SECTION 4: This bill shall go into effect on April 30, 2025.